

**COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY  
FOR PATENT APPLICATION**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am an original, first and sole inventor of the subject matter (an original, first and joint inventor) which is claimed and for which a utility patent is sought on the invention entitled:

**NOVEL PROTEINS AND NUCLEIC ACIDS ENCODING THE SAME**

the specification of which is attached hereto.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56.

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 119(e) or §120 of any United States application(s), or §365(c) of any PCT International application(s) designating the United States of America listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application:

<b>Application No.</b> <i>(U.S.S.N.)</i>	<b>Filing Date</b> <i>(dd/mm/yy)</i>	<b>Status</b> <i>(Patented, Pending, Abandoned)</i>
60/186,592	03/03/00	Pending
60/186,718	03/03/00	Pending
60/190,400	17/03/00	Pending
60/187,294	06/03/00	Pending
60/196,018	07/04/00	Pending
60/259,548	03/01/00	Pending
60/187,293	06/03/00	Pending

I hereby appoint the following attorneys and/or agents to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

Applicants: Vernet *et al.*  
Filed: March 5, 2001, herewith

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or patent issued thereon.

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TRADOCS.1445839.1(%ZM701'.DOC)

## NOVEL PROTEINS AND NUCLEIC ACIDS ENCODING SAME

### RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims priority from USSN 60/186,592, filed March 3, 2000; USSN 60/186,718, filed March 3, 2000; USSN 60/187,293, filed March 6, 2000; USSN 60/187,294, filed March 6, 2000; USSN 60/190,400, filed March 17, 2000; ; USSN 60/196,018, filed April 7, 2000; USSN 60/259,548, filed January 3, 2001; each of which is incorporated by reference in its entirety.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The invention relates generally to polynucleotides and polypeptides, as well as vectors, host cells, antibodies, and recombinant methods for producing these nucleic acids and polypeptides.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention is based in part upon the discovery of novel nucleic acid sequences encoding novel polypeptides. The disclosed FCTR1, FCTR2, FCTR3, FCTR4, FCTR5, FCTR6 and FCTR7 nucleic acids and polypeptides encoded therefrom, as well as derivatives, homologs, analogs and fragments thereof, will hereinafter be collectively designated as "FCTR" nucleic acid or polypeptide sequences.

In one aspect, the invention provides an isolated FCTR nucleic acid molecule encoding a FCTR polypeptide that includes a nucleic acid sequence that has identity to the nucleic acids disclosed in SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24. In some embodiments, the FCTR nucleic acid molecule will hybridize under stringent conditions to a nucleic acid sequence complementary to a nucleic acid molecule that includes a protein-coding sequence of a FCTR nucleic acid sequence. The invention also includes an isolated nucleic acid that encodes a FCTR polypeptide, or a fragment, homolog, analog or derivative thereof. For example, the nucleic acid can encode a polypeptide at least 80% identical to a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25. The nucleic acid can be, for example, a genomic DNA fragment or a cDNA molecule that

includes the nucleic acid sequence of any of SEQ ID NOS: 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24.

Also included in the invention is an oligonucleotide, *e.g.*, an oligonucleotide which includes at least 6 contiguous nucleotides of a FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleic acid (*e.g.*, SEQ ID NOS: 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24) or a complement of said oligonucleotide.

Also included in the invention are substantially purified FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptides (SEQ ID NO: 2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25). In certain embodiments, the FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptides include an amino acid sequence that is substantially identical to the amino acid sequence of a human FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide.

The invention also features antibodies that immunoselectively-binds to FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptides, or fragments, homologs, analogs or derivatives thereof.

In another aspect, the invention includes pharmaceutical compositions that include therapeutically- or prophylactically-effective amounts of a therapeutic and a pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier. The therapeutic can be, *e.g.*, a FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleic acid, a FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide, or an antibody specific for a FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide. In a further aspect, the invention includes, in one or more containers, a therapeutically- or prophylactically-effective amount of this pharmaceutical composition.

In a further aspect, the invention includes a method of producing a polypeptide by culturing a cell that includes a FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleic acid, under conditions allowing for expression of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide encoded by the DNA. If desired, the FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide can then be recovered.

In another aspect, the invention includes a method of detecting the presence of a FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide in a sample. In the method, a sample is contacted with a compound that selectively binds to the polypeptide under conditions allowing for formation of a complex between the polypeptide and the compound. The complex is detected, if present, thereby identifying the FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide within the sample.

The invention also includes methods to identify specific cell or tissue types based on their expression of a FCTR<sub>X</sub>.

Also included in the invention is a method of detecting the presence of a FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleic acid molecule in a sample by contacting the sample with a FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleic acid probe or primer, and detecting whether the nucleic acid probe or primer bound to a FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleic acid molecule in the sample.

In a further aspect, the invention provides a method for modulating the activity of a FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide by contacting a cell sample that includes the FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide with a

compound that binds to the FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide in an amount sufficient to modulate the activity of said polypeptide. The compound can be, *e.g.*, a small molecule, such as a nucleic acid, peptide, polypeptide, peptidomimetic, carbohydrate, lipid or other organic (carbon containing) or inorganic molecule, as further described herein.

Also within the scope of the invention is the use of a Therapeutic in the manufacture of a medicament for treating or preventing disorders or syndromes including, *e.g.*, Colorectal cancer, adenomatous polyposis coli, myelogenous leukemia, congenital neonatal alloimmune thrombocytopenia, multiple human solid malignancies, malignant ovarian tumours particularly at the interface between epithelia and stroma, malignant brain tumors, mammary tumors, human gliomas, astrocytomas, mixed glioma/astrocytomas, renal cells carcinoma, breast adenocarcinoma, ovarian cancer, melanomas, renal cell carcinoma, clear cell and granular cell carcinomas, autocrine/paracrine stimulation of tumor cell proliferation, autocrine/paracrine stimulation of tumor cell survival and tumor cell resistance to cytotoxic therapy, perineural and basement membrane invasion and motility of tumor cells thereby contributing to metastasis, tumor-mediated immunosuppression of T-cell mediated immune effector cells and pathways resulting in tumor escape from immune surveillance, neurological disorders, neurodegenerative disorders, nerve trauma, familial myelodysplastic syndrome, Charcot-Marie-Tooth neuropathy, demyelinating Gardner syndrome, familial myelodysplastic syndrome; mental health conditions, immunological disorders, allergy and infection, asthma, bronchial asthma, Avellino type eosinophilia, lung diseases, reproductive disorders, male infertility, female reproductive system disorders, male and female reproductive diseases, hemangioma, deafness, glycoprotein Ia deficiency, desmoid disease, Turcot syndrome, liver cirrhosis, hepatitis C, gastric disorders, pancreatic diseases like diabetes, *Schistosoma mansoni* infection, Spinocerebellar ataxia, *Plasmodium falciparum* parasitemia, Corneal dystrophy - Groenouw type I, Corneal dystrophy - lattice type I, and Reis-Bücklers corneal dystrophy. The Therapeutic can be, *e.g.*, a FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleic acid, a FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide, or a FCTR<sub>X</sub>-specific antibody, or biologically-active derivatives or fragments thereof.

The invention further includes a method for screening for a modulator of disorders or syndromes including, *e.g.*, Also within the scope of the invention is the use of a Therapeutic in the manufacture of a medicament for treating or preventing disorders or syndromes including, *e.g.*, Colorectal cancer, adenomatous polyposis coli, myelogenous leukemia, congenital neonatal alloimmune thrombocytopenia, multiple human solid malignancies, malignant ovarian tumours particularly at the interface between epithelia and stroma, malignant brain tumors, mammary tumors, human gliomas, astrocytomas, mixed glioma/astrocytomas, renal cells carcinoma, breast

adenocarcinoma, ovarian cancer, melanomas, renal cell carcinoma, clear cell and granular cell carcinomas, autocrine/paracrine stimulation of tumor cell proliferation, autocrine/paracrine stimulation of tumor cell survival and tumor cell resistance to cytotoxic therapy, paranechmal and basement membrane invasion and motility of tumor cells thereby contributing to metastasis, tumor-mediated immunosuppression of T-cell mediated immune effector cells and pathways resulting in tumor escape from immune surveillance, neurological disorders, neurodegenerative disorders, nerve trauma, familial myelodysplastic syndrome, Charcot-Marie-Tooth neuropathy, demyelinating Gardner syndrome, familial myelodysplastic syndrome; mental health conditions, immunological disorders, allergy and infection, asthma, bronchial asthma, Avellino type eosinophilia, lung diseases, reproductive disorders, male infertility, female reproductive system disorders, male and female reproductive diseases, hemangioma, deafness, glycoprotein Ia deficiency, desmoid disease, turcot syndrome, liver cirrhosis, hepatitis C, gastric disorders, pancreatic diseases like diabetes, Schistosoma mansoni infection, Spinocerebellar ataxia, Plasmodium falciparum parasitemia, Corneal dystrophy - Groenouw type I, Corneal dystrophy - lattice type I, and Reis-Bucklers corneal dystrophy. The method includes contacting a test compound with a FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide and determining if the test compound binds to said FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide. Binding of the test compound to the FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide indicates the test compound is a modulator of activity, or of latency or predisposition to the aforementioned disorders or syndromes.

Also within the scope of the invention is a method for screening for a modulator of activity, or of latency or predisposition to an disorders or syndromes including, *e.g.*, Also within the scope of the invention is the use of a Therapeutic in the manufacture of a medicament for treating or preventing disorders or syndromes including, *e.g.*, Colorectal cancer, adenomatous polyposis coli, myelogenous leukemia, congenital neonatal alloimmune thrombocytopenia, multiple human solid malignancies, malignant ovarian tumours particularly at the interface between epithelia and stroma, malignant brain tumors, mammary tumors, human gliomas, astrocytomas, mixed glioma/astrocytomas, renal cells carcinoma, breast adenocarcinoma, ovarian cancer, melanomas, renal cell carcinoma, clear cell and granular cell carcinomas, autocrine/paracrine stimulation of tumor cell proliferation, autocrine/paracrine stimulation of tumor cell survival and tumor cell resistance to cytotoxic therapy, paranechmal and basement membrane invasion and motility of tumor cells thereby contributing to metastasis, tumor-mediated immunosuppression of T-cell mediated immune effector cells and pathways resulting in tumor escape from immune surveillance, neurological disorders, neurodegenerative disorders, nerve trauma, familial myelodysplastic syndrome, Charcot-Marie-Tooth neuropathy,

demyelinating Gardner syndrome, familial myelodysplastic syndrome; mental health conditions, immunological disorders, allergy and infection, asthma, bronchial asthma, Avellino type eosinophilia, lung diseases, reproductive disorders, male infertility, female reproductive system disorders, male and female reproductive diseases, hemangioma, deafness, glycoprotein Ia deficiency, desmoid disease, turcot syndrome, liver cirrhosis, hepatitis C, gastric disorders, pancreatic diseases like diabetes, Schistosoma mansoni infection, Spinocerebellar ataxia, Plasmodium falciparum parasitemia, Corneal dystrophy - Groenouw type I, Corneal dystrophy - lattice type I, and Reis-Bucklers corneal dystrophy by administering a test compound to a test animal at increased risk for the aforementioned disorders or syndromes. The test animal expresses a recombinant polypeptide encoded by a FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleic acid. Expression or activity of FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide is then measured in the test animal, as is expression or activity of the protein in a control animal which recombinantly-expresses FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide and is not at increased risk for the disorder or syndrome. Next, the expression of FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide in both the test animal and the control animal is compared. A change in the activity of FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide in the test animal relative to the control animal indicates the test compound is a modulator of latency of the disorder or syndrome.

In yet another aspect, the invention includes a method for determining the presence of or predisposition to a disease associated with altered levels of a FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide, a FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleic acid, or both, in a subject (*e.g.*, a human subject). The method includes measuring the amount of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide in a test sample from the subject and comparing the amount of the polypeptide in the test sample to the amount of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide present in a control sample. An alteration in the level of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide in the test sample as compared to the control sample indicates the presence of or predisposition to a disease in the subject. Preferably, the predisposition includes, *e.g.*, Also within the scope of the invention is the use of a Therapeutic in the manufacture of a medicament for treating or preventing disorders or syndromes including, *e.g.*, Colorectal cancer, adenomatous polyposis coli, myelogenous leukemia, congenital neonatal alloimmune thrombocytopenia, multiple human solid malignancies, malignant ovarian tumours particularly at the interface between epithelia and stroma, malignant brain tumors, mammary tumors, human gliomas, astrocytomas, mixed glioma/astrocytomas, renal cells carcinoma, breast adenocarcinoma, ovarian cancer, melanomas, renal cell carcinoma, clear cell and granular cell carcinomas, autocrine/paracrine stimulation of tumor cell proliferation, autocrine/paracrine stimulation of tumor cell survival and tumor cell resistance to cytotoxic therapy, paraneoplastic and basement membrane invasion and motility of tumor cells thereby contributing to metastasis, tumor-mediated immunosuppression of T-cell

mediated immune effector cells and pathways resulting in tumor escape from immune surveillance, neurological disorders, neurodegenerative disorders, nerve trauma, familial myelodysplastic syndrome, Charcot-Marie-Tooth neuropathy, demyelinating Gardner syndrome, familial myelodysplastic syndrome; mental health conditions, immunological disorders, allergy and infection, asthma, bronchial asthma, Avellino type eosinophilia, lung diseases, reproductive disorders, male infertility, female reproductive system disorders, male and female reproductive diseases, hemangioma, deafness, glycoprotein Ia deficiency, desmoid disease, turcot syndrome, liver cirrhosis, hepatitis C, gastric disorders, pancreatic diseases like diabetes, Schistosoma mansoni infection, Spinocerebellar ataxia, Plasmodium falciparum parasitemia, Corneal dystrophy - Groenouw type I, Corneal dystrophy - lattice type I, and Reis-Bucklers corneal dystrophy. Also, the expression levels of the new polypeptides of the invention can be used in a method to screen for various cancers as well as to determine the stage of cancers.

In a further aspect, the invention includes a method of treating or preventing a pathological condition associated with a disorder in a mammal by administering to the subject a FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide, a FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleic acid, or a FCTR<sub>X</sub>-specific antibody to a subject (*e.g.*, a human subject), in an amount sufficient to alleviate or prevent the pathological condition. In preferred embodiments, the disorder, includes, *e.g.*, Also within the scope of the invention is the use of a Therapeutic in the manufacture of a medicament for treating or preventing disorders or syndromes including, *e.g.*, Colorectal cancer, adenomatous polyposis coli, myelogenous leukemia, congenital neonatal alloimmune thrombocytopenia, multiple human solid malignancies, malignant ovarian tumours particularly at the interface between epithelia and stroma, malignant brain tumors, mammary tumors, human gliomas, astrocytomas, mixed glioma/astrocytomas, renal cells carcinoma, breast adenocarcinoma, ovarian cancer, melanomas, renal cell carcinoma, clear cell and granular cell carcinomas, autocrine/paracrine stimulation of tumor cell proliferation, autocrine/paracrine stimulation of tumor cell survival and tumor cell resistance to cytotoxic therapy, paraneoplastic and basement membrane invasion and motility of tumor cells thereby contributing to metastasis, tumor-mediated immunosuppression of T-cell mediated immune effector cells and pathways resulting in tumor escape from immune surveillance, neurological disorders, neurodegenerative disorders, nerve trauma, familial myelodysplastic syndrome, Charcot-Marie-Tooth neuropathy, demyelinating Gardner syndrome, familial myelodysplastic syndrome; mental health conditions, immunological disorders, allergy and infection, asthma, bronchial asthma, Avellino type eosinophilia, lung diseases, reproductive disorders, male infertility, female reproductive system disorders, male and female reproductive diseases, hemangioma, deafness, glycoprotein Ia deficiency, desmoid disease, turcot syndrome,

liver cirrhosis, hepatitis C, gastric disorders, pancreatic diseases like diabetes, Schistosoma mansoni infection, Spinocerebellar ataxia, Plasmodium falciparum parasitemia, Corneal dystrophy - Groenouw type I, Corneal dystrophy - lattice type I, and Reis-Bucklers corneal dystrophy.

5 In yet another aspect, the invention can be used in a method to identify the cellular receptors and downstream effectors of the invention by any one of a number of techniques commonly employed in the art. These include but are not limited to the two-hybrid system, affinity purification, co-precipitation with antibodies or other specific-interacting molecules.

10 Unless otherwise defined, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this invention belongs. Although methods and materials similar or equivalent to those described herein can be used in the practice or testing of the present invention, suitable methods and materials are described below. All publications, patent applications, patents, and other references mentioned herein are incorporated by reference in their entirety. In the case of conflict, the present  
15 specification, including definitions, will control. In addition, the materials, methods, and examples are illustrative only and not intended to be limiting.

Other features and advantages of the invention will be apparent from the following detailed description and claims.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

20 The invention is based, in part, upon the discovery of novel nucleic acid sequences that encode novel polypeptides. The novel nucleic acids and their encoded polypeptides are referred to individually as FCTR1, FCTR2, FCTR3, FCTR4, FCTR5, FCTR6, and FCTR7. The nucleic acids, and their encoded polypeptides, are collectively designated herein as "FCTR".

The novel FCTR nucleic acids of the invention include the nucleic acids whose  
25 sequences are provided in Tables 1A, 2A, 3A, 3C, 3E, 3F, 3G, 3H, 4A, 5A, 5C, 5E, 6A, 6C, and 7A inclusive ("Tables 1A - 7A"), or a fragment, derivative, analog or homolog thereof. The novel FCTR proteins of the invention include the protein fragments whose sequences are provided in Tables 1B, 2B, 3B, 3I, 4B, 5B, 5D, 6B, 6D, and 7B inclusive ("Tables 1B - 7B"). The individual FCTR nucleic acids and proteins are described below. Within the scope of this  
30 invention is a method of using these nucleic acids and peptides in the treatment or prevention of a disorder related to cell signaling or metabolic pathway modulation.



FCTR1

Novel FCTR1 is a growth factor (“FCTR”) protein related to follistatin-like gene, and mac25. FCTR1 (also referred to by proprietary accession number 58092213.0.36) is a full-length clone of 771 nucleotides, including the entire coding sequence of a 105 amino acid protein from nucleotides 438 to 753. The clone was originally obtained from thyroid gland, kidney, fetal kidney, and spleen tissues.

The nucleotide sequence of FCTR1 as presently determined is reported in Table 1A. The start and stop codons are bolded and the 5’ and 3’ untranslated regions are underlined.

Table 1A. FCTR1 nucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO:1).

GGTCCTCACCCCCTTCTCTCTCCAGCCTCGGTGTCTGGTTACGGCTCCTCTGCTCGCATTGTGACTTTGGGCCAGGCTGGGGGA  
AATGACCCGGGAGGGTCCCATGCGGCTACATAAAATTGGCAGCCTTAGAACTAGTGGGAAGGCGGGTGC  
AGAGAGGGGGCCGAGGAGCTGCTTTCTGAATCCAAGTTCGTGGGCTCTCTCAGAAGTCCTCAGGACGGAGCAGAGGTGGCCGGCG  
GGCCCGGCTGACTGCGCCTCTGCTTTCTTTCCATAACCTFTTCTTTTCGGACTCGAATCACGGCTGCTGCGAAGGGTCTAGTTCCGG  
ACACTAGGGCCCCAGATCGTGTACATCCATATGACACTTGAATGTGACAGGGCAGGATGTGATCTTTGGCTGTGAAGTGTTCG  
CTACCCCATGGCCTCCATCGAGTGGAGGAAGGATGGCTTGGACATCCAGCTGCCAGGGGATGACCCCACTCTGTGCAGTTTA  
GGGGTGGACCCAGAGGTTTGAGGTGACTGGCTGGCTGCAGATCCAGGCTGTGCGTCCAGTGATGAGGGCACTTACCGCTGCCCTT  
GCCCGCAATGCCCTGGGTCAAGTGGAGGCCCTGCTAGCTTGACAGTGCTCACACCTGACCAGCTGAAGTCTACAGGCATCCCCA  
GCTGCGATCACTAACCTGGTTCCTGAGGAGGAGGCTGAGAGTGAAGAGAATGACGATTACTACTAGGTCCAGAGCTCTGGCC

The predicted amino acid sequence of FCTR1 protein corresponding to the foregoing nucleotide sequence is reported in Table 1B. FCTR1 was searched against other databases using SignalPep and PSort search protocols. The protein is most likely located in the cytoplasm (certainty=0.6500) and seems to have no N-terminal signal sequence. The predicted molecular weight of FCTR1 protein is 11711.8 daltons.

Table 1B. Encoded FCTR1 protein sequence (SEQ ID NO:2).

MASIEWRKDGLDIQLPGDDPHISVQFRGGPQRFVETGWLQIQAVRPSDEGTYRCLARNALGQVEAPASLTVLTPDQLNSTGIPQLR  
SLNLVPEEEAESEENDYY

FCTR1 was initially identified with a TblastN analysis of a proprietary sequence file for a follistatin-like probe or homolog which was run against the Genomic Daily Files made available by GenBank. A proprietary software program (GenScan™) was used to further predict the nucleic acid sequence and the selection of exons. The resulting sequences were further modified by means of similarities using BLAST searches. The sequences were then manually corrected for apparent inconsistencies, thereby obtaining the sequences encoding the full-length protein.

In an analysis of sequence databases, it was found, for example, that the FCTR1 nucleic acid sequence has 31/71 bases (43%) identical and 46/71 bases positively alike to a *Mus Musculus* IGFBP-like protein (TREMBL Accession Number:BAA21725) shown in Table 1C. In all BLAST alignments herein, the “E-value” or “Expect” value is a numeric indication of the probability that the aligned sequences could have achieved their similarity to the BLAST query

sequence by chance alone, within the database that was searched. For example, as shown in Table 1C, the probability that the subject ("Sbjct") retrieved from the FCTR1 BLAST analysis, in this case the *Mus Musculus* IGFBP-like protein, matched the Query FCTR1 sequence purely by chance is  $1.2 \times 10^{-11}$ .

## 5 Table 1C. BLASTP of FCTR1 against *Mus Musculus* IGFBP-like protein (SEQ ID NO:38)

PTNR:REMTREMBL-ACC:BAA21725 IGFBP-LIKE PROTEIN - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 270 AA.  
LENGTH = 270

10 SCORE = 161 (56.7 BITS), EXPECT =  $1.2 \times 10^{-11}$ , P =  $1.2 \times 10^{-11}$   
IDENTITIES = 31/71 (43%), POSITIVES = 46/71 (64%)

15 QUERY: 9 DGLDIQLPGDDPHISVQFRGGPQRFEVTGWLQIQAVRPSDEGTYRCLARNALGQVEAPAS 68  
+|||+ +||| +||| ||| | | + | + | ||| | | | ||+ + ++ +  
15 SBJCT: 191 EGLE-ELPGDHVNIQVRGGPSDHEHTSWILINPLRKEDEGVYHCHAANAIGEAQSHGT 249  
QUERY: 69 LTVLTPDQLNS 79  
+||| ++ |  
20 SBJCT: 250 VTVLDLNRYS 260

The amino acid sequence of FCTR1 also had 26/58 bases (44%) identical, and 38/58 bases (65%) positive for *Mus Musculus* Follistatin-like Protein shown in Table 1D.

## 25 Table 1D. BLASTP of FCTR1 against *Mus Musculus* Follistatin-like Protein (SEQ ID NO:39)

PTNR:SPTREMBL-ACC:Q61581 FOLLISTATIN-LIKE 2 (FOLLISTATIN-LIKE PROTEIN) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 238 AA.  
LENGTH = 238

30 SCORE = 149 (52.5 BITS), EXPECT =  $1.5 \times 10^{-10}$ , P =  $1.5 \times 10^{-10}$   
IDENTITIES = 26/58 (44%), POSITIVES = 38/58 (65%)

35 QUERY: 15 LPGDDPHISVQFRGGPQRFEVTGWLQIQAVRPSDEGTYRCLARNALGQVEAPASLTVL 72  
||| +++++ |||++ ||||+ + + | | | | | + | | | +|||+  
SBJCT: 165 LPGDRENLAIQTRGGPEKHEVTGWVLVSPLSKEDAGEYECHASNSQGQASAAAKITVV 222

40 The amino acid sequence of FCTR1 also had 26/58 bases (44%) identical, and 38/58 bases (65%) positive for *Homo sapiens* MAC25 protein shown in Table 1E.

## 45 Table 1E. BLASTP of FCTR1 against *Homo sapiens* MAC25 protein (SEQ ID NO:40)

PTNR:SPTREMBL-ACC:Q07822 MAC25 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 277 AA.  
LENGTH = 277

50 SCORE = 149 (52.5 BITS), EXPECT =  $3.2 \times 10^{-10}$ , P =  $3.2 \times 10^{-10}$   
IDENTITIES = 26/58 (44%), POSITIVES = 38/58 (65%)

QUERY: 15 LPGDDPHISVQFRGGPQRFEVTGWLQIQAVRPSDEGTYRCLARNALGQVEAPASLTVL 72  
||| +++++ |||++ ||||+ + + | | | | | + | | | +|||+  
SBJCT: 209 LPGDRDNLAIQTRGGPEKHEVTGWVLVSPLSKEDAGEYECHASNSQGQASASAKITVV 266



The amino acid sequence of FCTR1 also had 32/83 bases (38%) identical, and 45/83 bases (54%) positive to bases 55-137, and 24/68 bases (35%) identical, and 37/68 bases (54%) positive to bases 166-225 of *Homo sapiens* PTPsigma-(Brain) Precursor shown in Table 1I.

**Table 1I. BLASTP of FCTR1 against *Homo sapiens* PTPsigma-(Brain) Precursor (SEQ ID NO:44)**

PTNR:TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD09360 PTPSIGMA-(BRAIN) PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1502 AA.

LENGTH = 1502

SCORE = 109 (38.4 BITS), EXPECT = 0.00010, P = 0.00010  
IDENTITIES = 32/83 (38%), POSITIVES = 45/83 (54%)

QUERY: 14 QLPGDD-PHISVQFRG---GPQRFVETGW-----LQIQAVR-PSDEGTYRCLARNALG 61  
| | | | ++ + | | | | + | + | | | | + | + | + | + |  
SBJCT: 55 QATGDPKPRVTWNKKGKKVNSQRFETIEFDESAGAVLRQPLRTPRDENVYECVAQNSVG 114

QUERY: 62 QVEAPASLTVLTPDQLNSTGIPQL 85  
++ | | | | | | | +  
SBJCT: 115 EITVHAKLTVLREDQLPS-GFPNI 137

SCORE = 77 (27.1 BITS), EXPECT = 0.25, P = 0.22  
IDENTITIES = 24/68 (35%), POSITIVES = 37/68 (54%)

QUERY: 4 IEWRKDGLDIQLPGDDPHISVQFRGGPQRFVETGWLQIQAVRPSDEGTYRCLARNALG-Q 62  
| | | | + | | | | ++ + | | | ++ + | + | | + | + | +  
SBJCT: 166 ITWFKDFLPV-----DPSAS---NGRIKQLR-SGALQIESSEETDQKGYECVATNSAGVR 216

QUERY: 63 VEAPASLTV 71  
+ | | + | |  
SBJCT: 217 YSSPANLYV 225

The amino acid sequence of FCTR1 also had 32/83 bases (38%) identical, and 45/83 bases (54%) positive for amino acids 55-137 and 26/69 bases (37%) identical, and 38/69 (54%) positive for amino acids 166-234 of *Homo sapiens* Protein-Tyrosine Phosphatase Sigma shown in Table 1J.

**Table 1J. BLASTP of FCTR1 against *Homo sapiens* PTPsigma-(Brain) Precursor (SEQ ID NO:45)**

PTNR:SPTREMBL-ACC:Q13332 PROTEIN-TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE, RECEPTOR-TYPE, S PRECURSOR (EC 3.1.3.48) (PROTEIN-TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE SIGMA) (R-PTP-SIGMA) (PTPRS) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1948 AA.  
LENGTH = 1948

SCORE = 109 (38.4 BITS), EXPECT = 0.00013, P = 0.00013  
IDENTITIES = 32/83 (38%), POSITIVES = 45/83 (54%)

QUERY: 14 QLPGDD-PHISVQFRG---GPQRFVETGW-----LQIQAVR-PSDEGTYRCLARNALG 61  
| | | | ++ + | | | | + | + | | | | + | + | + | + |  
SBJCT: 55 QATGDPKPRVTWNKKGKKVNSQRFETIEFDESAGAVLRQPLRTPRDENVYECVAQNSVG 114

QUERY: 62 QVEAPASLTVLTPDQLNSTGIPQL 85  
++ | | | | | | | +  
SBJCT: 115 EITVHAKLTVLREDQLPS-GFPNI 137

SCORE = 88 (31.0 BITS), EXPECT = 0.023, P = 0.022  
IDENTITIES = 26/69 (37%), POSITIVES = 38/69 (55%)

```

QUERY:      4 IEWRKDGLDIQLPGDDPHISVQFRGGPQRFVET---GWLQIQAVRPSDEGTYRCLARNAL 60
      | | | | +      + | | | + | | | | | | | ++  + | + | | | + | +
SBJCT:    166 ITWFKDFLPVDPDSASNGRIK-QLRS--ETFESTPIRGALQIESSEETDQGKYECVATNSA 222

QUERY:     61 G-QVEAPASLTV 71
      | +  + | | + | |
SBJCT:    223 GVMRYSSPANLYV 234

```

A ClustalW analysis comparing the protein of the invention with related protein sequences is given in Table 1K, with FCTR1 shown on line 2. In the ClustalW alignment of the FCTR1 protein, as well as all other ClustalW analyses herein, the black outlined amino acid residues indicate regions of conserved sequence (*i.e.*, regions that may be required to preserve structural or functional properties), whereas non-highlighted amino acid residues are less conserved and can potentially be mutated to a much broader extent without altering protein structure or function.

**Table 1K. ClustalW Analysis of FCTR1**

- 1) Q07822 MAC25 PROTEIN. (SEQ ID NO:40)  
2) Q16270 PROSTACYCLIN-STIMULATING FACTOR. (SEQ ID NO:42)  
3) Q61581\_FOLLISTATIN-LIKE 2: FOLLISTATIN-LIKE 2 (FOLLISTATIN-LIKE PROTEIN) (SEQ ID NO:39)  
4) BAA21725 IGFBP-LIKE PROTEIN (SEQ ID NO:38)  
5) FCTR1 (SEQ ID NO:2)  
6) B40098 COLORECTAL CANCER SUPPRESSOR DCC - RAT (FRAGMENTS) (SEQ ID NO:43)

Q07822 MERASLRALLFGPAGLLLLLLPLSSSSSSSDTCGPCEPASCPPLPPLGCLLGETRDACGCC  
Q16270 MERPSLRALLGAAGLLLLLLPLSSSSSSSDTCGPCEPASCPPLPPLGCLLGETRDACGCC  
Q61581\_MERP PRALLLGAAGLLLLLLPLSSSSSSDACGR  
BAA21725 MPRLPULLLLLLPSLARGLGRLDAG RRHPCSPCQQDRCPAPSPCPAPWISARDECGCC  
FCTR1  
B40098

Q07822 PMCAARGEGEP CGGGCAGRGYCAPGMECVKSRKRRRGKAGAAAGGPGVSGVCVCKSRVPVC  
Q16270 PMCAARGEGEP CGGGCAGRGYCAPGMECVKSRKRRRGKAGAAAGGPGVSGVCVCKSRYPVC  
Q61581\_ RGHCAAPGMECVKSRKRRRGKAGAAAGGPGATLVVCVCKSRYPVC  
BAA21725 ARCLGAEGASCG GPVGSRCGPGIVCA SR ASCTAPEG T CLICVCAQRGAVC  
FCTR1  
B40098 PERFLSQTESIT

Q07822 GSDGTTYPSCGQLRAASQRAESRGEKA ITQVSKGTCEQGPSIVTPPKDIWNVTGAQV  
Q16270 GSDGTTYPSCGQLRAASQRAESRGEKA ITQVSKGTCEQGPSIVTPPKDIWNVTGAQV  
Q61581\_ GSDGTTYPSCGQLRAASLRAESRGEKP ITQVSKGTCEQGPSIVTPPKDIWNVTGAQV  
BAA21725 GSDGRSYSSICALRLRARHAPRAHHGH IHKARDGPCCEFAPVVLMPPEIDHNVTCITQV  
FCTR1  
B40098 AFMGDTVLLKCEYIGDPMPTIHWQKNQODLTNPNGDSRVVPELWFNINHESNLMAYESMDI

Q07822 YLSCEVIGIPTPVLWNKVKRGHYGVQRTPELLPGDRDLNLAIQTRGGPEKHEVTGWVLVSP  
Q16270 YLSCEVIGIPTPVLWNKVKRGHYGVQRTPELLPGDRDLNLAIQTRGGPEKHEVTGWVLVSP  
Q61581\_ YLSCEVIGIPTPVLWNKVKRDHSGVQRTPELLPGDRDLNLAIQTRGGPEKHEVTGWVLVSP  
BAA21725 YLSCEVKAMPPTPVITWKKVKHSPEGTEGLEELPGDHVNTAVQVRGGPSDHEITTSWILINP  
FCTR1 MASLEWRKDLGLDIO.....LPGDDPHLSVQFRGGQRFEVTGWLQIQ  
B40098 EFECAMSGKPVPTVNMKNGDVVV.....ISDYQIVCGSN.....RLIG

Q07822    LSKEDAGEYECHASNSQGOASAKITVVDALHEIAS ..... EKR  
Q16270    LSKEDAGEYECHASNSQGOASAKITVVDALHEIPV ..... KKGCAT  
Q61581\_    LSKEDAGEYECHASNSQGOASAKITVVDALHEIPT ..... KKGCAT  
BAA21725    LRKEDGVYHCHANAIGEAQSHGTITVVDLNRYSK ..... YSSVPGD  
FCTR1    VRPSDECTYROLARNALGOVEASTVLTPTDQLNSTGIPQLRSLNLVPEEEAESEND  
B40098    VVKSDEGVYOCVENEAGNAQSSAOLIVPKP ..... 285

Q07822  
Q16270  
Q61581  
BAA21725  
FCTR1

IL.  
IL.  
ILL  
YY

5

IGFBP is expressed in neurostem cell and developing central nervous system. MAC-25, a follistatin like protein is a growth suppressor of osteosarcoma cells, and meningiomas. DCC is expressed in most normal tissues especially in colonic mucosa, but is deleted in colorectal cancers.

10

Since FCTR1 has similarity to these proteins (shown in BlastP, Tables 1C-1J, and in clustalW, Table 1K) it is likely that it has similar function. Therefore FCTR1 could function as on or more of the following: a tumor suppressor gene or regulator of neurological system development.

15

Based on the protein similarity and tissue expression, FCTR1 may be useful in the following diseases and uses:

- (i) Tissue regeneration in vitro and in vivo
- (ii) Neurological disorders, neurodegenerative disorders, nerve trauma
- (iii) Reproductive health
- (iv) Immunological disorders, allergy and infection
- (v) In cancer as a diagnostic and prognostic marker, as well as a protein therapeutic

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## FCTR2

FCTR2 (alternatively referred to herein as AC012614\_1.0.123), is a growth factor bearing sequence similarity to human KIAA1061 protein and to genes involved in neuronal development and reproductive physiology (e.g., cell adhesion molecules, follistatin, roundabout and frazzled). FCTR2 is a full-length clone of 5502 nucleotides, including the entire coding sequence of a 815 amino acid protein. This sequence is expressed in glioma, osteoblast, other cancer cells, lung carcinoma, small intestine (This sequence maps to Unigene Hs.123420 which is expressed in brain, breast, kidney, pancreas, pooled tissue).

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A FCTR2 ORF begins with an ATG initiation codon at nucleotides 420-422 and ends with a TGA codon at nucleotides 2865-2867. Putative untranslated regions upstream from the initiation codon and downstream from the termination codon are underlined in Table 2A, and the start and stop codons are in bold letters.

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**Table 2A. FCTR2 Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO:3).**

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CAATTTACACAGGAAACAGCTATGCCATGATTACGCAAGTTGGTACCGAGCTCGGATCCACTAGTAACGGCCGCCAGTG  
TGCTGGAATTCGGCTTACTCACTATAGGGCTCGAGCGGCTGCCCGGCAGGTCATTAAATTCATTTCTTTTAGAGTATC  
ACAGCTTCTCCTTCACTGACCACCCCTTTGCTTCCTGTGAGAAAGCCCTGGACAGAACTCTCTGTGGGATTCTGCCCATG



The predicted amino acid sequence of FCTR2 protein corresponding to the foregoing nucleotide sequence is reported in Table 2B. FCTR2 was searched against other databases using SignalPep and PSort search protocols. The protein is most likely located in the mitochondrial matrix space (certainty=0.4718) and seems to have no N-terminal signal sequence. The predicted molecular weight is 90346.9 Daltons.

Table 2B. FCTR2 Protein Sequence (SEQ ID NO:4).

MQCDVGDGRLFRLSIKRALSSCPDLFGLSSRNELLASCGKKFCSRGSRVLSRKTGEPECQCLEACRPSYVPCGSDGRFYENHCK  
LHRAACLLGKRITVIHSKDCFLKGDCTCTMAGYARLKNVLLALQTRLQPLQEGDSRQDPASQKRLLVESLFRDLADGNHLSSEL  
AQHVLKKQDLDEDLGCSPGDLLRFDDYNSDSLTLREFYMAFQVVQLSLAPEDRVSVTTVTVGLSTVLTCAVHGDLRPPIIWKRN  
GLTLNFDLEDINDFGEDDSLYITKVTTIHMGNYTCHASGHEQLFQTHVLQVNVPPVIRVYPESQAQEPGVAASLRCHAEGIPMPR  
ITWLKNGVDVSTQMSKQLSLLANGSELHISSVRYEDTGAYTCIAKNEVGVEDISSLFIEDSARKTLANILWREEGLSVGNMFYVF  
SDDGIIVIHVPDCEIQRHLKPTKEIFMSYEEICPQREKNATQPCQWVS AVNVRNRYIYVAPALSRVLVVDIQAQKVLQSIGVDPL  
PAKLSYDKSHDQVWVLSWGDVHKSRLSLQVITEASTGQSQHLIRTPFAGVDDFFIPPTNLIINHIFGFI FNKSDPAVHKVDLETM  
MPLKTIGLHHHGCVPMAMATHLGGYFFIQCQDQSPASARQLLVDSVTDVSLGPNGDVTGTPTSPDGRFIVSAAADSPWLHVQE  
ITVRGEIQTLTYDLQINSGISDLAFQRSFTESNQYNIYAALHTEPDLLFLELSTGKVGMLKNLKEPPAGPAQPWGGTHRIMRDSGLF  
GQYLLTPARESFLINGRQNTLRCEVSGIKGGTTVVWVGVE

In a BLASTN search it was also found that nucleotides 784-5502 of FCTR2 nucleic acid had 4672 of 4719 bases (99%) identical to *Homo sapiens* mRNA for KIAA1061 protein, partial cds (GenBank Acc:AB028984) (Table 2C).

Table 2C. BLASTN of FCTR2 against *Homo sapiens* mRNA for KIAA1061 protein (SEQ ID NO:46)

>GI|5689458|DBJ|AB028984.1|AB028984 HOMO SAPIENS MRNA FOR KIAA1061 PROTEIN, PARTIAL  
CDS  
LENGTH = 4719  
SCORE = 9075 BITS (4578), EXPECT = 0.0  
IDENTITIES = 4672/4719 (99%)  
STRAND = PLUS / PLUS  
QUERY: 784 AGAATGTCCTTCTGGCACTCCAGACCCGTCTGCAGCCACTCCAAGAAGGAGACAGCAGAC 843  
|||  
SBJCT: 1 AGAATGTCCTTCTGGCACTCCAGACCCGTCTGCAGCCACTCCAAGAAGGAGACAGCAGAC 60  
QUERY: 844 AAGACCCCTGCCTCCAGAGCGCCTCCTGGTGAATCTCTGTTTACGGACTTAGATGCAG 903  
|||  
SBJCT: 61 AAGACCCCTGCCTCCAGAGCGCCTCCTGGTGAATCTCTGTTTACGGACTTAGATGCAG 120  
QUERY: 904 ATGGCAATGGCCACCTCAGCAGCTCCGAACCTGGCTCAGCATGTGCTGAAGAAGCAGGACC 963  
|||  
SBJCT: 121 ATGGCAATGGCCACCTCAGCAGCTCCGAACCTGGCTCAGCATGTGCTGAAGAAGCAGGACC 180  
QUERY: 964 TGGATGAAGACTTACTTGGTTGCTCACCAGGTGACCTCCTCCGATTTGACGATTACAACA 1023  
|||  
SBJCT: 181 TGGATGAAGACTTACTTGGTTGCTCACCAGGTGACCTCCTCCGATTTGACGATTACAACA 240  
QUERY: 1024 GTGACAGCTCCCTGACCCTCCGCGAGTTTACATGGCCTTCCAAGTGGTTCAGCTCAGCC 1083  
|||  
SBJCT: 241 GTGACAGCTCCCTGACCCTCCGCGAGTTTACATGGCCTTCCAAGTGGTTCAGCTCAGCC 300  
QUERY: 1084 TCGCCCCCGAGGACAGGGTCAGTGTGACCACAGTGACCGTGGGGCTGAGCACAGTGCTGA 1143  
|||  
SBJCT: 301 TCGCCCCCGAGGACAGGGTCAGTGTGACCACAGTGACCGTGGGGCTGAGCACAGTGCTGA 360



QUERY: 1144 CCTGCGCCGTCATGGAGACCTGAGGCCACCAATCATCTGGAAGCGCAACGGGCTCACCC 1203  
 SBJCT: 361 CCTGCGCCGTCATGGAGACCTGAGGCCACCAATCATCTGGAAGCGCAACGGGCTCACCC 420  
 5 QUERY: 1204 TGAAGTTCTGGACTTGAAGACATCAATGACTTTGGAGAGGATGATTCCCTGTACATCA 1263  
 SBJCT: 421 TGAAGTTCTGGACTTGAAGACATCAATGACTTTGGAGAGGATGATTCCCTGTACATCA 480  
 10 QUERY: 1264 CCAAGGTGACCACCATCCACATGGGCAATTACACCTGCCATGCTTCCGGCCACGAGCAGC 1323  
 SBJCT: 481 CCAAGGTGACCACCATCCACATGGGCAATTACACCTGCCATGCTTCCGGCCACGAGCAGC 540  
 15 QUERY: 1324 TGTTCAGACCCACGTCTGCAGGTGAATGTGCCGCCAGTCATCCGTGTCTATCCAGAGA 1383  
 SBJCT: 541 TGTTCAGACCCACGTCTGCAGGTGAATGTGCCGCCAGTCATCCGTGTCTATCCAGAGA 600  
 20 QUERY: 1384 GCCAGGCACAGGAGCCTGGAGTGGCAGCCAGCCTAAGATGCCATGCTGAGGGCATTCCCA 1443  
 SBJCT: 601 GCCAGGCACAGGAGCCTGGAGTGGCAGCCAGCCTAAGATGCCATGCTGAGGGCATTCCCA 660  
 25 QUERY: 1444 TGCCCAAGATCACTTGGCTGAAAAACGGCGTGGATGTCTCAACTCAGATGTCCAAACAGC 1503  
 SBJCT: 661 TGCCCAAGATCACTTGGCTGAAAAACGGCGTGGATGTCTCAACTCAGATGTCCAAACAGC 720  
 30 QUERY: 1504 TCTCCCTTTTAGCCAATGGGAGCGAAGTCCACATCAGCAGTGTTCGGTATGAAGACACAG 1563  
 SBJCT: 721 TCTCCCTTTTAGCCAATGGGAGCGAAGTCCACATCAGCAGTGTTCGGTATGAAGACACAG 780  
 35 QUERY: 1564 GGGCATAACCTGCATTGCCAAAAATGAAGTGGGTGTGGATGAAGATATCTCCTCGCTCT 1623  
 SBJCT: 781 GGGCATAACCTGCATTGCCAAAAATGAAGTGGGTGTGGATGAAGATATCTCCTCGCTCT 840  
 40 QUERY: 1624 TCATTGAAGACTCAGCTAGAAAGACCCCTTGCAAACATCCTGTGGCGAGAGGAAGGCCTCA 1683  
 SBJCT: 841 TCATTGAAGACTCAGCTAGAAAGACCCCTTGCAAACATCCTGTGGCGAGAGGAAGGCCTCA 900  
 45 QUERY: 1684 GCGTGGGAAACATGTTCTATGTCTTCTCCGACGACGGTATCATCGTCATCCATCCTGTGG 1743  
 SBJCT: 901 GCGTGGGAAACATGTTCTATGTCTTCTCCGACGACGGTATCATCGTCATCCATCCTGTGG 960  
 50 QUERY: 1744 ACTGTGAGATCCAGAGGCACCTCAAACCCACGGAAAAGATTTTCATGAGCTATGAAGAAA 1803  
 SBJCT: 961 ACTGTGAGATCCAGAGGCACCTCAAACCCACGGAAAAGATTTTCATGAGCTATGAAGAAA 1020  
 55 QUERY: 1804 TCTGTCTCAAAGAGNNNNNNNTGCAACCCAGCCCTGCCAGTGGGTATCTGCAGTCAATG 1863  
 SBJCT: 1021 TCTGTCTCAAAGAGAAAAAATGCAACCCAGCCCTGCCAGTGGGTATCTGCAGTCAATG 1080  
 60 QUERY: 1864 TCCGGAACCGGTACATCTATGTGGCCAGCCAGCACTGAGCAGAGTCCTTGTGGTTCGACA 1923  
 SBJCT: 1081 TCCGGAACCGGTACATCTATGTGGCCAGCCAGCACTGAGCAGAGTCCTTGTGGTTCGACA 1140  
 65 QUERY: 1924 TCCAAGCCCAGAAAGTCTACAGTCCATAGGTGTGGACCCTCTGCCGGCTAAGCTGTCCT 1983  
 SBJCT: 1141 TCCAAGCCCAGAAAGTCTACAGTCCATAGGTGTGGACCCTCTGCCGGCTAAGCTGTCCT 1200  
 70 QUERY: 1984 ATGACAAGTCACATGACCAAGTGTGGGTCTGAGCTGGGGGACGTGCACAAGTCCCGAC 2043  
 SBJCT: 1201 ATGACAAGTCACATGACCAAGTGTGGGTCTGAGCTGGGGGACGTGCACAAGTCCCGAC 1260  
 QUERY: 2044 CAAGTCTCCAGGTGATCACAGAAGCCAGCACCGGCCAGAGCCAGCACCTCATCCGCACAC 2103  
 SBJCT: 1261 CAAGTCTCCAGGTGATCACAGAAGCCAGCACCGGCCAGAGCCAGCACCTCATCCGCACAC 1320  
 QUERY: 2104 CCTTTGCAGGAGTGGATGATTTCTTCATTCCCCAACAAACCTCATCATCAACCACATCA 2163  
 SBJCT: 1321 CCTTTGCAGGAGTGGATGATTTCTTCATTCCCCAACAAACCTCATCATCAACCACATCA 1380  
 QUERY: 2164 GGTTCGCTTCATCTTCAACAAGTCTGATCCTGCAGTCCACAAGGTGGACCTGGAAACAA 2223

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    SBJCT: 1381 GGTTCGCTTCATCTTCAACAAGTCTGATCCTGCAGTCCACAAGGTGGACCTGGAAACAA 1440

    QUERY: 2224 TGATGCCCCCTCAAGACCATCGGCCTGCACCACCATGGCTGCGTGCCCCAGGCCATGGCAC 2283
    |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
    SBJCT: 1441 TGATGCCCCCTCAAGACCATCGGCCTGCACCACCATGGCTGCGTGCCCCAGGCCATGGCAC 1500

    QUERY: 2284 ACACCCACCTGGGCGGCTACTTCTTCATCCAGTGCCGACAGGACAGCCCCGCCTCTGCTG 2343
    |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
    SBJCT: 1501 ACACCCACCTGGGCGGCTACTTCTTCATCCAGTGCCGACAGGACAGCCCCGCCTCTGCTG 1560

    QUERY: 2344 CCCGACAGCTGCTCGTTGACAGTGTACAGACTCTGTGCTTGGCCCCAATGGTGATGTAA 2403
    |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
    SBJCT: 1561 CCCGACAGCTGCTCGTTGACAGTGTACAGACTCTGTGCTTGGCCCCAATGGTGATGTAA 1620

    QUERY: 2404 CAGGCACCCACACACATCCCCGACGGGCGCTTCATAGTCAGTGTCAGCTGACAGCC 2463
    |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
    SBJCT: 1621 CAGGCACCCACACACATCCCCGACGGGCGCTTCATAGTCAGTGTCAGCTGACAGCC 1680

    QUERY: 2464 CCTGGCTGCACGTGCAGGAGATCACAGTGCGGGGCGAGATCCAGACCCTGTATGACCTGC 2523
    |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
    SBJCT: 1681 CCTGGCTGCACGTGCAGGAGATCACAGTGCGGGGCGAGATCCAGACCCTGTATGACCTGC 1740

    QUERY: 2524 AAATAAACTCGGGCATCTCAGACTTGGCCTTCAGCGCTCCTTCACTGAAAGCAATCAAT 2583
    |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
    SBJCT: 1741 AAATAAACTCGGGCATCTCAGACTTGGCCTTCAGCGCTCCTTCACTGAAAGCAATCAAT 1800

    QUERY: 2584 ACAACATCTACGCGGCTCTGCACACGGAGCCGGACCTGTGTTCTTGAGCTGTCCACGG 2643
    |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
    SBJCT: 1801 ACAACATCTACGCGGCTCTGCACACGGAGCCGGACCTGTGTTCTTGAGCTGTCCACGG 1860

    QUERY: 2644 GGAAGGTGGGCATGCTGAAGAACTTAAAGGAGCCACCCGAGGGCCAGCTCAGCCCTNNN 2703
    |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
    SBJCT: 1861 GGAAGGTGGGCATGCTGAAGAACTTAAAGGAGCCACCCGAGGGCCAGCTCAGCCCTGGG 1920

    QUERY: 2704 NNNNTACCCACAGAATCATGAGGGACAGTGGGCTGTTTGGACAGTACCTCCTCACACCAG 2763
    |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
    SBJCT: 1921 GGGGTACCCACAGAATCATGAGGGACAGTGGGCTGTTTGGACAGTACCTCCTCACACCAG 1980

    QUERY: 2764 CCCGAGAGTCACTGTTCTCATCAATGGGAGACAAAACACGCTGCGGTGTGAGGTGTCAG 2823
    |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
    SBJCT: 1981 CCCGAGAGTCACTGTTCTCATCAATGGGAGACAAAACACGCTGCGGTGTGAGGTGTCAG 2040

    QUERY: 2824 GTATAAANNNNNNNACCACAGTGGTGTGGGTGGGTGAGGTATGAAGGGCCAGAGCAGAG 2883
    ||||||| |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
    SBJCT: 2041 GTATAAAGGGGGGGACCACAGTGGTGTGGGTGGGTGAGGTATGAAGGGCCAGAGCAGAG 2100

    QUERY: 2884 CCCTGGGGCCAAGGAACACCCCTAGTCCTGACACTGCAGCCTCAAGCAGGTACGCTGTAC 2943
    |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
    SBJCT: 2101 CCCTGGGGCCAAGGAACACCCCTAGTCCTGACACTGCAGCCTCAAGCAGGTACGCTGTAC 2160

    QUERY: 2944 ATTTTACAGACAAAAGCAAAAACCTGTACTCGCTTTGTGGTTCAACACTGGTCTCCTTG 3003
    |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
    SBJCT: 2161 ATTTTACAGACAAAAGCAAAAACCTGTACTCGCTTTGTGGTTCAACACTGGTCTCCTTG 2220

    QUERY: 3004 CAAGTTTCCTAGTATAAGGTATGCGCTGCTACCAAGATTGGGGTTTTTTCGTTAGGAAGT 3063
    |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
    SBJCT: 2221 CAAGTTTCCTAGTATAAGGTATGCGCTGCTACCAAGATTGGGGTTTTTTCGTTAGGAAGT 2280

    QUERY: 3064 ATGATTTATGCCTTGAGCTACGATGAGAACATATGCTGCTGTGTAAAGGGATCATTTCTG 3123
    |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
    SBJCT: 2281 ATGATTTATGCCTTGAGCTACGATGAGAACATATGCTGCTGTGTAAAGGGATCATTTCTG 2340

    QUERY: 3124 TGCCAAGCTGCACACCGAGTGACCTGGGGACATCATGGAACCAAGGGATCCTGCTCTCCA 3183
    |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
    SBJCT: 2341 TGCCAAGCTGCACACCGAGTGACCTGGGGACATCATGGAACCAAGGGATCCTGCTCTCCA 2400

    QUERY: 3184 AGCAGACACCTCTGTGAGTTGCCTTCACATAGTCATTGTCCCTTACTGCCAGACCCAGCC 3243
    |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
    SBJCT: 2401 AGCAGACACCTCTGTGAGTTGCCTTCACATAGTCATTGTCCCTTACTGCCAGACCCAGCC 2460
  
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QUERY: 3244 AGACTTTGCCCTGACGGAGTGGCCCCGAAGCAGAGGCCGACCAGGAGCAGGGGCCTCCCT 3303  
 SBJCT: 2461 AGACTTTGCCCTGACGGAGTGGCCCCGAAGCAGAGGCCGACCAGGAGCAGGGGCCTCCCT 2520

5 QUERY: 3304 CCCGAAGTGAAGCCCATCCGTCCTCGCGTGGGACCGCATCTTCTCCCTCGCAGCTGCTT 3363  
 SBJCT: 2521 CCCGAAGTGAAGCCCATCCGTCCTCGCGTGGGACCGCATCTTCTCCCTCGCAGCTGCTT 2580

10 QUERY: 3364 CTTGCTTTTCTTTCCATTTGACTTGCTGTAAGCCTGAGGGAGAGCCAACAAGACTTACTG 3423  
 SBJCT: 2581 CTTGCTTTTCTTTCCATTTGACTTGCTGTAAGCCTGAGGGAGAGCCAACAAGACTTACTG 2640

15 QUERY: 3424 CATCTTGGGGGATGGGGAAATCACTCACTTTATTTTGAAATTTTGTATTNNNNNNNNNT 3483  
 SBJCT: 2641 CATCTTGGGGGATGGGGAAATCACTCACTTTATTTTGAAATTTTGTATTAAAAAAAAT 2700

20 QUERY: 3484 TTTATAATCTCAAATGCTAGTAAGCAGAAAGATGCTCTCCGAGGTCCAACATATATCCTTC 3543  
 SBJCT: 2701 TTTATAATCTCAAATGCTAGTAAGCAGAAAGATGCTCTCCGAGGTCCAACATATATCCTTC 2760

25 QUERY: 3544 CCTGCCTTAGGCCGAGTCTCGGGGGTGGTCACAACCCACATCCCACAGCCAGAAAGAAC 3603  
 SBJCT: 2761 CCTGCCTTAGGCCGAGTCTCGGGGGTGGTCACAACCCACATCCCACAGCCAGAAAGAAC 2820

30 QUERY: 3604 AATGGTCATCTGAGAATACTGGCCCTGTGACTATTGCCACCCTGCTTCTCCAAGAGCAG 3663  
 SBJCT: 2821 AATGGTCATCTGAGAATACTGGCCCTGTGACTATTGCCACCCTGCTTCTCCAAGAGCAG 2880

35 QUERY: 3664 ACCAGGCCACCTCATCCGTAAGGACTCGGTTCTGTGTTGGGACCCCAAAAACCAGAACA 3723  
 SBJCT: 2881 ACCAGGCCACCTCATCCGTAAGGACTCGGTTCTGTGTTGGGACCCCAAAAACCAGAACA 2940

40 QUERY: 3724 AGTTCTGTGTGCCTCCTTTTCAGCACAGAAGGGAGACATCTCATTAGTCAGGTCTGGTACC 3783  
 SBJCT: 2941 AGTTCTGTGTGCCTCCTTTTCAGCACAGAAGGGAGACATCTCATTAGTCAGGTCTGGTACC 3000

45 QUERY: 3784 CCAGATTAGGGCAGACTGGGCTTGCTGGCAAGGTATGGGTGGCCTCCAGGCTCAATGC 3843  
 SBJCT: 3001 CCAGATTAGGGCAGACTGGGCTTGCTGGCAAGGTATGGGTGGCCTCCAGGCTCAATGC 3060

50 QUERY: 3844 AGAAACCCCAAGGACACGAGTGGGGCCAGGTGAGTTCCTGAAGCTATACCTTTTCAAAC 3903  
 SBJCT: 3061 AGAAACCCCAAGGACACGAGTGGGGCCAGGTGAGTTCCTGAAGCTATACCTTTTCAAAC 3120

55 QUERY: 3904 AGATTTTGTTTTCTACCTGTGGCCCATCCACTCCTCTCTGGTACCCCATCCCCGCATCA 3963  
 SBJCT: 3121 AGATTTTGTTTTCTACCTGTGGCCCATCCACTCCTCTCTGGTACCCCATCCCCGCATCA 3180

60 QUERY: 3964 GCACTGCAGAGAGAACACATTTTCGGCGAGGGTTTTCTTACCCACATTTCCCAATCAATAC 4023  
 SBJCT: 3181 GCACTGCAGAGAGAACACATTTTCGGCGAGGGTTTTCTTACCCACATTTCCCAATCAATAC 3240

65 QUERY: 4024 ACACACACTGCAGAACCAGAACAGAAGGCCACAGGCTGGCACTACTGCATTCTCCTTAT 4083  
 SBJCT: 3241 ACACACACTGCAGAACCAGAACAGAAGGCCACAGGCTGGCACTACTGCATTCTCCTTAT 3300

70 QUERY: 4084 GTGTCTCAGGCTGTGGTGACTCTCACATGGGCATCGAAGAAGTACAACCCACATAGCCCT 4143  
 SBJCT: 3301 GTGTCTCAGGCTGTGGTGACTCTCACATGGGCATCGAAGAAGTACAACCCACATAGCCCT 3360

QUERY: 4144 CTGGAGACCGCCTAGATCAGAGACTCAGCAAAAACAGGCTCGCCTTCCCTCTCCACATA 4203  
 SBJCT: 3361 CTGGAGACCGCCTAGATCAGAGACTCAGCAAAAACAGGCTCGCCTTCCCTCTCCACATA 3420

QUERY: 4204 TGAGTGGAACCTACATGTGTCTGGTTTGAATGATCATTTTGCAAGCCACACGGGTTGGG 4263  
 SBJCT: 3421 TGAGTGGAACCTACATGTGTCTGGTTTGAATGATCATTTTGCAAGCCACACGGGTTGGG 3480

QUERY: 4264 AGAGGTGGTCTCACCACAGACGTCTTTGCTAATTTGGCCACCTTACCTACTGACATGAC 4323



QUERY: 5344 CTGTAGCAAGCCAGCCGGTAATCCTCCTAATGAACCCACAAGGTCAATTCACAACTGAT 5403  
 |||||  
 SBJCT: 4561 CTGTAGCAAGCCAGCCGGTAATCCTCCTAATGAACCCACAAGGTCAATTCACAACTGAT 4620  
  
 5 QUERY: 5404 ATCTTAGCTATTAAAGAAGTACTGACTTTACCAAAAGAATCATCAAGAAAGCTATTTATA 5463  
 |||||  
 SBJCT: 4621 ATCTTAGCTATTAAAGAAGTACTGACTTTACCAAAAGAATCATCAAGAAAGCTATTTATA 4680  
  
 10 QUERY: 5464 TAAACCCCTCAGTCATTTTGAAATAAAATTAATTTTAC 5502  
 |||||  
 SBJCT: 4681 TAAACCCCTCAGTCATTTTGAAATAAAATTAATTTTAC 4719

The FCTR2 amino acid sequence has 473 of 810 amino acid residues (58%) identical to,  
 and 616 of 810 residues (76%) positive with, the 850 amino acid residue proteins from *Homo*  
 15 *sapiens* KIAA1263 Protein fragment (ptnr: TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA86577) (SEQ ID NO:47)  
 (Table 2D).

**Table 2D. BLASTP of FCTR2 against *Homo sapiens* KIAA1263 Protein fragment (SEQ ID  
 NO:47)**

ptnr:TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA86577 KIAA1263 PROTEIN - Homo sapiens (Human), 850 aa  
 (fragment)  
 Length = 850  
  
 Score = 2573 (905.7 bits), Expect = 2.0e-267, P = 2.0e-267  
 Identities = 473/810 (58%), Positives = 616/810 (76%)  
  
 20 QUERY: 10 LFRLSLKRALSSCPDLFGLSSRNELLASCGKKFCSRGRSVCVLSRKTGEPECQCLEACRPS 69  
 ||| | + | ++ || |+| || ||+||+ || ++ | +  
 SBJCT: 40 LMRLRHKEKNQESSRVKGFMIQDGPFGSCENKYCGLGRHCVTSRETGQAECACMDLCKRH 99  
  
 25 QUERY: 70 YVPVCGSDGRFYENHCKLHRAACLLGKRITVIHSKDCFLKGDCTMAGYARLKNVLLALQ 129  
 ||||| |||||++||| ++||++||| ||| | +++||+|| ||  
 SBJCT: 100 YKPVCSDGEFYENHCEVHRAACLKKQKITIVHNEDCFFKGDCKTTEYSKMKNMMLDLQ 159  
  
 30 QUERY: 130 TRLQPLQEGDSRQ-DPASQKRLLVESLFRDLADGNHLSSELAQHVLKKQDLDEDLLG 188  
 + +|| ++ | |+|+||+ ++ ||| || + +|| | |++++| +||  
 SBJCT: 160 NQKYIMQENENPNNGDDISRKKLLVDQMFKYFDADSNGLVDINELTQ-VIKQEELGKDLFD 218  
  
 35 QUERY: 189 CSPGDLRLRFDDYNSDSSLTLREFYMAFQVVQLSLAPEDRVSVTTVTVGLSTVLTCAVHGD 248  
 |+ ||++||+|+| || ||| |||+||| + + || ||| ||| |+|  
 40 SBJCT: 219 CTLYVLLKYDDFNADKHLALEEFYRAFQVIQLSLPEDQKLSITAATVGQSAVLSCAIQGT 278  
  
 45 QUERY: 249 LRPPIIWKRNGLTNLNFDLEDINDFGEDDSLYITKVTTIHMGNYTCHASGHEQLFQTHVL 308  
 ||||| ||| + || ||||| |||+| ||||| |+|||+| |+||++||+|  
 SBJCT: 279 LRPPIIWKRNNIILNLDLEDINDFGDDGSLYITKVTTTHVGNYTCYADGYEQVYQTHIF 338  
  
 50 QUERY: 309 QVNVPPVIRVYPESQAQEPGVAASLRCHAEGIPMPRITWLKNGVDVSTQMSKQLSLLANG 368  
 ||||| |||||+||| ||||| ||| ++ |||||+||+ ++|||+| |||  
 SBJCT: 339 QVNVPPVIRVYPESQAREPGVTASLRCHAEGIPKQPLGWLKNGIDITPKLSKQLTLQANG 398  
  
 55 QUERY: 369 SELHISSVRYEDTGAYTCIAKNEVGVEDISSLFIEDSARKTLANILWREEGLSVGNMFY 428  
 ||+||+||| ||||| ||||| |||||+||| ||||| ||||| ||||| +|||  
 SBJCT: 399 SEVHISNVRYEDTGAYTCIAKNEAGVEDISSLFVEDSARKTLANILWREEGLGIGNMFY 458  
  
 60 QUERY: 429 VFSDDDGIIVIHVPDCEIQRHLKPTEKIFMSYEEICPREKNATQPCQWVSAVNVNRNYIY 488  
 || +||| || ++|| |||+||+||+ +|+||+ | + ||| |||||++++||  
 SBJCT: 459 VFYEDGIKVIQPIECEFQRHIKPKSEKLLGFQDEVCPKAEGDEVQRCVWASAVNVKDKFIY 518  
  
 QUERY: 489 VAQPALSRLVLVVDIQAQKVLQSIGVDPLPAKLSYDKSHDQVWVLSWGDVHKSRLPSLQVIT 548  
 |||| | |||+||+||+||+||+ ||+| || ||||| ||||| + | +|+|||  
 SBJCT: 519 VAQPTLDRVLIVDVQSQKVVQAVSTDPVPVKLHYDKSHDQVWVLSWGTLEKTSPTLQVIT 578  
  
 QUERY: 549 EASTGQSQHLIRT-----PFAGVDDFFIPPTNLIINHIFGFIFNKSDPAVHKVDLETMM 603

```

      ||      ||      |  |||||  |||  +|||  +  +  +|||
SBJCT: 579 LASGNVPHHTIHTQPVGKQFDRVDDFFIPTTLIIITHMRFGFILHKDEAALQKIDLETMS 638

5  QUERY: 604 PLKTIGLHHHGCVPQAMAHTHLGGYFFIQCRQDSPASAAARQLLVDSVTDVLGPNGDVTG 663
      +|||  |  +  |||++|||++|||  +  ||  +  +  |||  |||++|||  |||
SBJCT: 639 YIKTINLKDYKCPQSLAYTHLGGYFFIGCKPDSTGAVSPQVMVDGVTDSVIGFNSDVTG 698

      ||+  |||  ++||      +  ||  ||+|||  +|+  |  |||  |||++|||
10  SBJCT: 699 TPYVSPDGHYLVSINDVKGLVRVQYITIRGEIQEAFDIYTNLHISDLAFQPSFTEAHQYN 758

      ||  +  ||  +  ||+|||++|||  ||+|||  ||  +  ||  ++|||  |||++|||
QUERY: 724 IYAALHTEPDLLFLELSTGKVGMLKNLKEPPAGPAQPWGGTHRIMRDSGLFGQYLLTPAR 783
      ||  +  ||  +  ||+|||++|||  ||+|||  ||  +  ||  ++|||  |||++|||
15  SBJCT: 759 IYGSSTQTDVLFVELSSGKVKMIKSLKEPLKAEWPNRKNRQIQDGLFGQYLMTPSK 818

      +|||++|||  ||  ||++  ++  ||+|||+
QUERY: 784 ESLFLINGRQNTLRCEVSGIKGGTTVVWVGE 814
      +|||++|||  ||  ||++  ++  ||+|||+
20  SBJCT: 819 DSLFILDGRLNKLNCEITEVEKGNVTVIWVG 849

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Amino acids 123-815 of FCTR2 also have 693 of 693 amino acid residues (100%) identical to, the 693 amino acid residue protein fragment of KIAA1061 Protein from *Homo sapiens* (ptnr: TREMBLNEW-ACC: BAA83013) (SEQ ID NO:48) (Table 2E).

**Table 2E. BLASTP of FCTR2 against KIAA1061 Protein [Fragment] (SEQ ID NO:48)**

```

25  ptnr:TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA83013 KIAA1061 PROTEIN - Homo sapiens (Human),
    693 aa (fragment).
        Length = 693

    Score = 3623 (1275.4 bits), Expect = 0.0, P = 0.0
    Identities = 693/693 (100%), Positives = 693/693 (100%)

30  QUERY: 123 NVLLALQTRLQPLQEGDSRQDPASQKRLLVESLFRDLADGNGHLSSELAQHVLKKQDL 182
      |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||
SBJCT: 1   NVLLALQTRLQPLQEGDSRQDPASQKRLLVESLFRDLADGNGHLSSELAQHVLKKQDL 60

35  QUERY: 183 DEDLLGCSPGDLLRFDDYNSDSSLTLREFYMAFQVVQLSLAPEDRVSVTTTVGLSTVLT 242
      |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||
SBJCT: 61  DEDLLGCSPGDLLRFDDYNSDSSLTLREFYMAFQVVQLSLAPEDRVSVTTTVGLSTVLT 120

40  QUERY: 243 CAVHGDLPPIIWKRNGLTLNFDLEDINDFGEDDSLYITKVTTIHMGNYTCHASGHEQL 302
      |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||
SBJCT: 121 CAVHGDLPPIIWKRNGLTLNFDLEDINDFGEDDSLYITKVTTIHMGNYTCHASGHEQL 180

45  QUERY: 303 FQTHVLQVNVPPVIRVYPESQAQEPGVAASLRCHAEGIPMPRITWLKNGVDVSTQMSKQL 362
      |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||
SBJCT: 181 FQTHVLQVNVPPVIRVYPESQAQEPGVAASLRCHAEGIPMPRITWLKNGVDVSTQMSKQL 240

50  QUERY: 363 SLLANGSELHISSVRYEDTGAYTCIAKNEVGVEDISSLFIEDSARKTLANILWREEGLS 422
      |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||
SBJCT: 241 SLLANGSELHISSVRYEDTGAYTCIAKNEVGVEDISSLFIEDSARKTLANILWREEGLS 300

55  QUERY: 423 VGNMFYVFSDDGIIIVHPVDCEIQRHLKPTTEKIFMSYEEICPQREKNATQPCQWVSAVNV 482
      |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||
SBJCT: 301 VGNMFYVFSDDGIIIVHPVDCEIQRHLKPTTEKIFMSYEEICPQREKNATQPCQWVSAVNV 360

60  QUERY: 483 RNRIYVAQPALSRVLVVDIQAQKVLQSIGVDPLPAKLSYDKSHDQVWVLSWGDVHKSRLP 542
      |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||
SBJCT: 361 RNRIYVAQPALSRVLVVDIQAQKVLQSIGVDPLPAKLSYDKSHDQVWVLSWGDVHKSRLP 420

      |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||
QUERY: 543 SLQVITEASTGQSQHLIRTPFAGVDDFFIPPTNLIINHIFGFIFNKSDPAVHKVDLETM 602
      |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||
SBJCT: 421 SLQVITEASTGQSQHLIRTPFAGVDDFFIPPTNLIINHIFGFIFNKSDPAVHKVDLETM 480

```

QUERY: 603 MPLKTIGLHHHGCVPOAMAHTHLGGYFFIQCRQDSPASAAARQLLVDSVTDSVLGPNGDVT 662  
 SBJCT: 481 MPLKTIGLHHHGCVPOAMAHTHLGGYFFIQCRQDSPASAAARQLLVDSVTDSVLGPNGDVT 540  
 QUERY: 663 GTPHTSPDGRFIVSAAADSPWLHVQEITVRGEIQTLYDLQINSGISDLAFQRSFTESNQY 722  
 SBJCT: 541 GTPHTSPDGRFIVSAAADSPWLHVQEITVRGEIQTLYDLQINSGISDLAFQRSFTESNQY 600  
 QUERY: 723 NIYAALHTEPDLLFLELSTGKVGMLKNLKEPPAGPAQPWGGTHRIMRDSGLFGQYLLTPA 782  
 SBJCT: 601 NIYAALHTEPDLLFLELSTGKVGMLKNLKEPPAGPAQPWGGTHRIMRDSGLFGQYLLTPA 660  
 QUERY: 783 RESLFLINGRQNTLRCEVSGIKGGTTVVWVGEV 815  
 SBJCT: 661 RESLFLINGRQNTLRCEVSGIKGGTTVVWVGEV 693

The amino acid sequence of the FCTR2 protein has 451 of 772 amino acid residues  
 (58%) identical to, and 586 of 772 residues (75%) positive with, the 773 amino acid residue  
 proteins hypothetical protein DKFZp566D234.1 from *Homo sapiens* (fragments) (ptnr:  
 SPTREMBL-ACC: CAB70877.1) (SEQ ID NO:49) (Table 2F).

**Table 2F. BLASTP of FCTR2 against hypothetical protein DKFZp566D234.1 (SEQ ID NO:49)**

>GI|11360192|PIR|T46283 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN DKFZP566D234.1 - HUMAN (FRAGMENTS)  
 GI|6808053|EMBL|CAB70877.1| (AL137695) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN [HOMO SAPIENS]  
 LENGTH = 773  
 SCORE = 911 BITS (2354), EXPECT = 0.0  
 IDENTITIES = 451/772 (58%), POSITIVES = 586/772 (75%), GAPS = 7/772 (0%)  
 QUERY: 49 CVLSRKTGEPECQCLEACRPSYVPVCGSDGRFYENHCKLHRAACLLGKRITVIHSKDCFL 108  
 SBJCT: 2 CVTSRETGQAECACMDLCKRHYKPVCGSDGEFYENHCEVHRAACLKKQKITIVHNEDCF 61  
 QUERY: 109 KGDTCTMAGYARLKNVLLALQTRLQPLQEGDSRQ-DPASQKRLLVESLFRDLADGNHGL 167  
 SBJCT: 62 KGDKCKTTECSKMKMMLDLQNRQYIMQENENPNGDDISRKLLVDQMFKYFDADSNLDV 121  
 QUERY: 168 SSSELAQHVLKKQDLDEDLGCSPGDLLRFDDYNSDSSLTLREFYMAFQVVLAPEDR 227  
 SBJCT: 122 DINELTQ-VIKQEEELGKDLFDCTLYVLLKYDDFNADKHLALEEFYRAFQVIQLSLPEDQK 180  
 QUERY: 228 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXCAVHGDLRPPIIWKRNLTLNFLDLEDINDFGEDDSLYITKVTTI 287  
 SBJCT: 181 LSITAATVQSAVLSCAIQGTLRPPIIWKRNNIILNNGLEDINDFGDDGSLYITKVTTT 240  
 QUERY: 288 HMGNYTCHASGHEQLFQTHVLQVNVPPVIRVYPESQAQEPGVAASLRCHAEIPMPRITW 347  
 SBJCT: 241 HVGNYTCYADGYEQVYQTHIFQVNVPPVIRVYPESQAQEPGVTASLRCHAEIPKPKQLGW 300  
 QUERY: 348 LKNGVDVSTQMSKQLSLLANGSELHISVRYEDTGAYTCIAKNEVGVEDISSLFIEDSA 407  
 SBJCT: 301 LKNGIDITPKLSKQLTLQANGSEVHISNVRYEDTGAYTCIAKNEAGVEDISSLFVEDSA 360  
 QUERY: 408 RKTLANILWREEGLSVGNMFYVFSDDGIIVIHVPDCEIQRHLKPTEKIFMSYEEICPQRE 467  
 SBJCT: 361 RKTLANILWREEGLGIGNMFYVFYEDGIKVIQPIECEFQRHIKPSEKLLGFQDEVCPICAE 420  
 QUERY: 468 KNATQPCQWVS AVNVNRNRYIYVAQPALSRLVVDIQAQKVLQSIGVDPLPAKLSYDKSHD 527  
 SBJCT: 421 GDEVQRCVWASAVNVKDKFIYVAQPTLDRVLIVDVQSQKVVQAVSTDPVPVKLHYDKSHD 480

QUERY: 528 QVWVLSWGDVHKSRPSLQVITEASTGQSQHILRT-----PFAGVDDFFIPPTNLIINHIR 582  
 ||||| + | + ||||| || | | | | ||||| | || | + |  
 SBJCT: 481 QVWVLSWGTLEKTSPTLQVITLASGNVPHHTIHTQPVGKQFDRVDDFFIPTTTLIITHMR 540  
  
 5 QUERY: 583 FGFIFNKSDPAVHKVDLETMMPLKTIGLHHHCVPQAMAHTHLGGYFFIQCQRQDSPASAA 642  
 ||| + | + | + ||||| + || | + |||++|+|||++|+| | + || + +  
 SBJCT: 541 FGFILHKDEAALQKIDLETMSYIKTINLKDYKCVQSLAYTHLGGYFFIGCKPDSTGAVS 600  
  
 10 QUERY: 643 RQLLVDSVTDSVLGPNGDVTGTPHTSPDGRFIVSAAADSPWLHVQEITVRGEIQTLYDLQ 702  
 |++|| |||||+| | |||||+ ||| ++|| | + || |++||| |++|  
 SBJCT: 601 PQVMVDGVTDSVIGFNSDVTGTTPYVSPDGHYLVSIINDVKGLVRVQYITIRGEIQEAFDIY 660  
  
 QUERY: 703 INSGISDLAFQRSFTESNQYNIYAALHTEPDLLFLELSTGKVGMLKNLKEPPAGPAQPWG 762  
 | ||||| ||||++||| + | + |++|||+||| |++||| |  
 15 SBJCT: 661 TNLHISDLAFQPSFTEAHQYNIYSSSTQTDVLFVELSSGKVKMIKSLKEPLKAEWPWN 720  
  
 QUERY: 763 GTHRIMRDSGLFGQYLLTPARESLFLINGRQNTLRCEVSGIKGGTTVVWVGE 814  
 + | ++|||++|||+|++|||++|| | | |++ ++ | |++||+  
 20 SBJCT: 721 RKNRQIQDSGLFGQYLMTPSKDSLFIIDGRNLNKLNCEITEVEKGNTVIWVGD 772

The amino acid sequence of the FCTR2 protein has 61 of 194 amino acid residues (31%) identical to, and 90 of 194 residues (45%) positive with, the 306 amino acid residue protein Follastin-Related Protein 1 Precursor from *Rattus Norvegicus* (ptnr: GenBank Acc:Q62632) (SEQ ID NO:50) (Table 2G).

## Table 2G. BLASTP of FCTR2 against Follastatin-Related Protein 1 Precursor from *Rattus Norvegicus* (SEQ ID NO:50)

>GI|2498392|SP|Q62632|FRP\_RAT FOLLISTATIN-RELATED PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR  
 GI|1083669|PIR||S51361 FOLLISTATIN-RELATED PROTEIN PRECURSOR - RAT  
 GI|536900|GB|AAA66063.1| (U06864) FOLLISTATIN-RELATED PROTEIN PRECURSOR [RATTUS NORVEGICUS]  
 LENGTH = 306  
  
 SCORE = 86.4 BITS (213), EXPECT = 1E-15  
 IDENTITIES = 61/194 (31%), POSITIVES = 90/194 (45%), GAPS = 26/194 (13%)  
  
 35 QUERY: 38 CGKKFCSRGRSRLSRKTGEPEQCCEACRPSYVPVCGSDGRFYENHCKLHRAACLLGKR 97  
 | | | | ++ | ||| | + | + | |||||+ | | | + || | | +  
 SBJCT: 29 CANVFCGAGRECAVTEK-GEPTCLCIEQCKPHKRPVCGSNGKTYLNHCELHRDACTLGSK 87  
  
 40 QUERY: 98 ITVIHSDKDCFLKGD-----TCTMAGYARLKNVLLA-LQTRLQPLQEGDSRQDPASQK 148  
 | | + | | | | | + ++ | + + | | | |  
 SBJCT: 88 IQVDYDGHCKEKKSVSPSPVVCYQANRDELRRRIIQWLEAEIIP----DGWFSKGSNY 143  
  
 45 QUERY: 149 RLLVESLFRDLADGNHGLSSSELAQHVLK-----KQDLDEDLGCSPGDLLRF 197  
 +++ | + | + | | | | + | + | + ++ | | | +  
 SBJCT: 144 SEILDKYFKSFD-NGDSHLDSSSEFLKFVEQNETAVNITAYPNQENNKLLRGLCVDALIEL 202  
  
 QUERY: 198 DDYNSDSSLTLREF 211  
 | | + | + + ||  
 50 SBJCT: 203 SDENADWKLSFQEF 216

The amino acid sequence of the FCTR2 protein has 61 of 194 amino acid residues (31%) identical to, and 89 of 194 residues (45%) positive with, the 306 amino acid residue protein Follastin-Related Protein 1 Precursor from *Mus musculus* (GenBank Acc:Q62356) (SEQ ID NO:51) (Table 2H).



**Table 2H. BLASTP of FCTR2 against Follastatin-Related Protein 1 Precursor from *Mus musculus* (SEQ ID NO:51)**

```
>GI|6679871|REF|NP_032073.1| FOLLISTATIN-LIKE [MUS MUSCULUS]
GI|2498391|SP|Q62356|FRP MOUSE FOLLISTATIN-RELATED PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR (TGF-BETA-
INDUCIBLE PROTEIN
TSC-36)
GI|481186|PIR||S38251 FOLLISTATIN-RELATED PROTEIN - MOUSE
GI|349006|GB|AAC37633.1| (M91380) TGF-BETA-INDUCIBLE PROTEIN [MUS MUSCULUS]
LENGTH = 306

SCORE = 85.2 BITS (210), EXPECT = 3E-15
IDENTITIES = 61/194 (31%), POSITIVES = 89/194 (45%), GAPS = 26/194 (13%)

QUERY: 38 CGKKFCSRGRSVCVLSRKTGEPECQCLEACRPSYVPVCGSDGRFYENHCKLHRAACLLGKR 97
| | | | | ++ | | | | | + | + | | | | | + | | | + | | | | | +
SBJCT: 29 CANVFCGAGRECAVTEK-GEPTCLCIEQCKPHKRPVCGSNGKTYLNHCELHRDACTLGSK 87

QUERY: 98 ITVIHSKDCFLKGDT-----CTMAGYARLKNVLLA-LQTRLQPLQEGDSRQDPASQK 148
| | + | | | | | | + | + | + | + | | | |
SBJCT: 88 IQVDYDGHCKEKKSSASPSASPVVCYQANRDELRRRLIQWLEAEIIP----DGWFSKGSNY 143

QUERY: 149 RLLVESLFRDLADGNHGLSSSELAQHVLKK-----QDLDEDLLGCSPGDLLRF 197
+++ | + | + | | | | + | + | + | + | + | +
SBJCT: 144 SEILDKYFKSFD-NGDSDLDSSEFLKFVEQNETAINITYADQENNKLLRSLCVDALIEL 202

QUERY: 198 DDYNSDSSLTLREF 211
| | + | | + | |
SBJCT: 203 SDENADWKLSFQEF 216
```

The amino acid sequence of the FCTR2 protein has 63 of 193 amino acid residues (32%) identical to, and 89 of 193 residues (45%) positive with, the 299 amino acid residue protein Follastatin-Related Protein from the African Clawed Frog (GenBank Acc:JG0187) (SEQ ID NO:52) (Table 2I).

**Table 2I. BLASTP of FCTR2 against Follastatin-Related Protein from the African Clawed Frog (SEQ ID NO:52)**

```
>GI|7512162|PIR||JG0187 FOLLISTATIN-RELATED PROTEIN - AFRICAN CLAWED FROG
LENGTH = 299

SCORE = 81.8 BITS (201), EXPECT = 3E-14
IDENTITIES = 63/193 (32%), POSITIVES = 89/193 (45%), GAPS = 25/193 (12%)

QUERY: 38 CGKKFCSRGRSVCVLSRKTGEPECQCLEACRPSYVPVCGSDGRFYENHCKLHRAACLLGKR 97
| | | | | ++ | | | | | + | + | | | | | + | | | + | | | | | +
SBJCT: 28 CANVFCGAGRECAVTEK-GDPTCDCIEKCKSHKRPVCGSNGKTYLNHCELHRDACTLGSK 86

QUERY: 98 ITVIHSKDCFLK-GDT-----CTMAGYARL-KNVLLALQTRLQPLQEGDSRQDPASQK 148
| | + | | | | | | + | + | + | + | | | + | | | |
SBJCT: 87 IQVDYDGHCKEKTSDTPAAVPVACYQSDRDEMRRRVHVLQTEITP----DGWFSKGSY 142

QUERY: 149 RLLVESLFRDLADGNHGLSSSELAQHVLKKQDL-----DED----LLGCSPGDLLRF 198
+++ | + | | + | | | + | + | + | + | + | +
SBJCT: 143 SEILDYFPPKFD-DGDSLDSAEQLQSFLQSQSTNITYKDEETNRMLKSLCVEALIELS 201

QUERY: 199 DYNSSDSSLTLREF 211
| | + | | |
SBJCT: 202 DENADWKLNKNEF 214
```



of 83 residues (37%) identical to and 44 of 83 residues (52%) positive with a 248-329 amino acid fragment, both of the 1375 amino acid residue Frazzled gene protein [*Drosophila melanogaster*] (GenBankAcc:T13822) (SEQ ID NO:55) (Table 2L).

**Table 2L. BLASTP of FCTR2 against Frazzled gene protein [*Drosophila melanogaster*] (SEQ ID NO:55)**

>GI|7511861|PIR|T13822 FRAZZLED GENE PROTEIN - FRUIT FLY (DROSOPHILA MELANOGASTER)  
GI|1621115|GB|AAC47314.1| (U71001) FRAZZLED [DROSOPHILA MELANOGASTER]  
LENGTH = 1375

SCORE = 69.4 BITS (169), EXPECT = 2E-10  
IDENTITIES = 49/152 (32%), POSITIVES = 65/152 (42%), GAPS = 4/152 (2%)

QUERY: 243 CAVHGDRLRPPIIWKRNGLTNLFLEDINDFGEDDSLYITKVTTIHMGNYTCHASGH-EQ 301

SBJCT: 272 CVANGVPKPKQIKWLRNGMDLDFNDLDSRFSIVGTGSLQISSAEDIDSGNYQCRASNTVDS 331

QUERY: 302 LFQTHVLQVNVPPVIRVYPESQAQEPGVAASLRCHAEGIPMPRITWLKNGVDVSTQMSKQ 361

SBJCT: 332 LDAQATVQVQEPKPKFIKAPKDTTAHEKDEPELKCDIWKPKPVIRWLKNGDLITPNDYMQ 391

QUERY: 362 LSLLANGSELHISSVRYEDTGAYTCIAKNEVG 393

SBJCT: 392 ---LVDGHNLIKILGLNSDAGMFQCVGTNAAG 420

SCORE = 52.9 BITS (126), EXPECT = 1E-05  
IDENTITIES = 31/83 (37%), POSITIVES = 44/83 (52%), GAPS = 2/83 (2%)

QUERY: 311 NVPPVIRVYPESQAQEPGVAASLRCHAEGIPMPRITWLKNGVDVS-TQMSKQLSLLANGS 369

SBJCT: 248 SVAPSFLVGPSPKTVREGDTVTLD CVANGVPKPKQIKWLRNGMDLDFNDLDSRFSIVGTGS 307

QUERY: 370 ELHISSVRYEDTGAYTCIAKNEV 392

SBJCT: 308 -LQISSAEDIDSGNYQCRASNTV 329

The amino acid sequence of the FCTR2 protein has 53 of 177 amino acid residues (29%) identical to, and 78 of 177 residues (43%) positive with a 366-539 amino acid fragment, 51 of 170 residues (30%) identical to and 74 of 170 residues (43%) positive with a 276-438 amino acid fragment, 46 of 165 amino acid residues (27%) identical to, and 74 of 165 amino acid residues positive with a 185-341 amino acid fragment, 48 of 167 amino acid residues (28%) identical to and 70 of 167 amino acid residues (41%) positive with a 77-243 amino acid fragment, and 28 of 84 amino acid residues (33%) and 37 of 84 amino acid residues positive with a 56-139 amino acid fragment all of the protein 1395 residue Roundabout 1 protein [*Drosophila melanogaster*] (GenBankAcc:AAC38849.1) (SEQ ID NO:56) (Table 2M).

**Table 2M. BLASTP of FCTR2 against Roundabout 1 protein [*Drosophila melanogaster*] (SEQ ID NO:56)**

>GI|2804782|GB|AAC38849.1| (AF040989) ROUNDABOUT 1 [DROSOPHILA MELANOGASTER]  
LENGTH = 1395

SCORE = 69.8 BITS (170), EXPECT = 1E-10  
IDENTITIES = 53/177 (29%), POSITIVES = 78/177 (43%), GAPS = 11/177 (6%)

5  
 QUERY: 243 CAVHGDRLRPPIIWKRNL-TLNFLDLEDINDF-GEDDSLYITKVTTIHMGNYTCHA---- 296  
 | | + | + | + | + | | + | + | | | | | | |  
 SBJCT: 366 CMASGNPPPSVFWTKEGVSTLMFPNSSHGRQYVAADGTLQITDVRQEDEGGYVCSAFSVV 425

10  
 QUERY: 297 --SGHEQLFQTHVLQVNVPPVIRVYPESQAQEPGVAASLRCHAEGIPMPRITWLKNGVDV 354  
 | | + | + | + | + | | + | | | | | | | |  
 SBJCT: 426 DSSTVRVFLQVSSVDERPPPIIQIGPANQTLPGKSVATLPCRATGNPSPRIKWFHDGHAV 485

15  
 QUERY: 355 STQMSKQLSLLANGSELHISSVRYEDTGAYTCIAKNEVGVDDEDISSLFIEDSARKTL 411  
 | + | + | | + + | + | | | | | | + + | + | + |  
 SBJCT: 486 --QAGNRYII-QGSSLRVDDLQLSDSGTYTCTASGERGETSWAATLTVEKPGSTSL 539

20  
 SCORE = 56.3 BITS (135), EXPECT = 1E-06  
 IDENTITIES = 51/170 (30%), POSITIVES = 74/170 (43%), GAPS = 12/170 (7%)

25  
 QUERY: 243 CAVHGDRLRPPIIWKRNLTLNFLDLEDINDFGEDDSLYITKVTTIHMGNYTCHASGH-EQ 301  
 | + | | | + + | + + + + | + | | + | | | | + |  
 SBJCT: 276 CSVGGDPPPKVLWKKEGNIPVSRARILHD---EKSLEISNITPTDEGTYVCEAHNNVGQ 332

30  
 QUERY: 302 LFQTHVLQVNVPPVIRVYPESQAQEPGVAASLRCHAEGIPMPRITWLKNGVDVSTQM--- 358  
 + | | + | | | + + | | | | | + | | | | |  
 SBJCT: 333 ISARASLIVHAPPNFTKRPSNKKVGLNGVVQLPCMASGNPPPSVFWTKEG--VSTLMFPN 390

35  
 QUERY: 359 -SKQLSLLANGSELHISSVRYEDTGAYTCIAKNEVGVDDEDISSLFIEDSA 407  
 | + | | | + | | | | | + | | + + + | +  
 SBJCT: 391 SSHGRQYVAADGTLQITDVRQEDEGGYVCSAFSV--VDSSTVRVFLQVSS 438

40  
 SCORE = 51.7 BITS (123), EXPECT = 3E-05  
 IDENTITIES = 46/165 (27%), POSITIVES = 74/165 (43%), GAPS = 20/165 (12%)

45  
 QUERY: 251 PPIIWKRNLTLNFLDLEDINDFG-----EDDSLYITKVTTIHMGNYTCHASG---- 298  
 | + | | + + | + | + + | | + | + | | | | |  
 SBJCT: 185 PTLIWIKDGVPLD--DLKAMS-FGASSRVRIVDGGNLLISNVEPIDEGNYKCIAQNLVGT 241

50  
 QUERY: 299 HEQLFQTHVLQVNVPPVIRVYPESQAQEPGVAASLRCHAEGIPMPRITWLKNGVDVSTQM 358  
 | + + + | | + | | + | | | | + + | | + +  
 SBJCT: 242 RESSYAKLIVQVK--PYFMKEPKDQVMLYGQTATFHCSVGGDPPPKVLWKKEGNIPVSR 299

55  
 QUERY: 359 SKQLSLLANGSELHISSVRYEDTGAYTCIAKNEVGVDDEDISSLFI 403  
 + + + | + | | + | | | | | | + | + | +  
 SBJCT: 300 AR---ILHDEKSLEISNITPTDEGTYVCEAHNNVGQISARASLIV 341

60  
 SCORE = 44.0 BITS (103), EXPECT = 0.007  
 IDENTITIES = 48/167 (28%), POSITIVES = 70/167 (41%), GAPS = 13/167 (7%)

65  
 QUERY: 243 CAVHGDRLRPPIIWKRNLTLNFLDLEDINDFGEDDSLYITKVTTIHM---GNYTCHASG 298  
 | | | | | + + | + + + + | + + + | | | |  
 SBJCT: 77 CKVEGKPEPTIEWFKDGEVPVSTNEKKSHRVQFKDGALFFYRTMQGKKEQDGGGEYWCVAKN 136

70  
 QUERY: 299 H-EQLFQTHV-LQVNV-PPVIRVYPESQAQEPGVAASLRCH-AEGIPMPRITWLKNGVDV 354  
 | | | | + | | | + | | | | + | | | + | + | + | +  
 SBJCT: 137 RVGQAVSRHASLQIAVLRRDDFRVEPKDTRVAKGETALLECGPPKGIPEPTLIWIKDGVPL 196

75  
 QUERY: 355 STQMSKQLSL-----LANGSELHISSVRYEDTGAYTCIAKNEVGVD 396  
 + + + | | + | | | | | | + | | |  
 SBJCT: 197 DDLKAMSFGASSRVRIVDGGNLLISNVEPIDEGNYKCIAQNLVGTRE 243

80  
 SCORE = 42.9 BITS (100), EXPECT = 0.014  
 IDENTITIES = 28/84 (33%), POSITIVES = 37/84 (43%), GAPS = 4/84 (4%)

85  
 QUERY: 314 PVIRVYPESQAQEPGVAASLRCHAEGIPMPRITWLKNGVDVSTQMSKQLSLLANGSELH- 372  
 | | + | + | + | | | | | + | | | | + |  
 SBJCT: 56 PRIIEHPTDLVVKKNEPATLNCKVEGKPEPTIEWFKDGEVPVSTNEKKSHRVQFKDGALFF 115

90  
 QUERY: 373 ---ISSVRYEDTGAYTCIAKNEVG 393  
 + + + | | | | | | |  
 SBJCT: 116 YRTMQGKKEQDGGGEYWCVAKNRVG 139



QUERY: 391 EVGVDEDISSLFIE--DSARKTLA 412  
 ||| | +| ++ | | | ++  
 SBJCT: 1364 NWGSDEIILNLQVQVPPDQPRLTVS 1388

SCORE = 42.9 BITS (100), EXPECT = 0.015  
 IDENTITIES = 37/143 (25%), POSITIVES = 60/143 (41%), GAPS = 6/143 (4%)

QUERY: 270 INDFGEDDSLYITKVTTIHMGNYTCHASGHEQLFQTHVLQVNVPPVIRVYPESQAQEPGV 329  
 || | +| || + | | | +|| + | | | + + |  
 SBJCT: 183 IKDVQNEGDGLYNYRCITRHYTGETRQSNARLFVSD--PANSAPSILDGFDHRKAMAGO 240

QUERY: 330 AASLRCHAEGIPMPRITWLKNGVDVSTQMSKQLSLLANGSELHISSVRYEDTGAYTCIAK 389  
 | | | | | | ||| + ++ ++| + | | | ++| | +| +| |  
 SBJCT: 241 RVELPCKALGHPEPDYRWLKD--NMPLELSGRFQKTVTG--LLIENIRPSDSGSYVCEVS 296

QUERY: 390 NEGVDEDISSLFIEDSARKTLA 412  
 | | + | | +++ + | ++  
 SBJCT: 297 NRYGTAKVIGRLYVKQPLKATIS 319

SCORE = 41.3 BITS (96), EXPECT = 0.047  
 IDENTITIES = 43/174 (24%), POSITIVES = 70/174 (39%), GAPS = 11/174 (6%)

QUERY: 243 CAVHGDRLRPPIIWK--RNLGLTLNF--LDLEDINDFGEDDSLYITKVTTIHMGNYTCHASG 298  
 |+ | | | +|| + | + | + || | | | | | |  
 SBJCT: 711 CSAEGYPVPTIVWKFSGAGVPPQFQPIALNGRIQVLSNGSLLIKHVVEEDSGYYLCKVSN 770

QUERY: 299 H--EQLFQTHVLQVNVPPVIRVYPESQAQEPGVAASLRCHAEGIPMPRITWLKNGVDVST 356  
 + ++ | | +| +| | + | | | + | | | ++  
 SBJCT: 771 DVGADVSKSMYLTVKIPAMITSYPNTTLATQGQKKEMSCTAHGEKPIIVRWEKEDRIINP 830

QUERY: 357 QMSKQLSLLANGSELHISSVRY-----EDTGAYTCIAKNEGVDEDISSLFIED 405  
 +|++ | | | +++ | | +| ++| | | | | | +++  
 SBJCT: 831 EMARYLVSTKEVGEEVISTLQILPTVREDSGFFSCHAINSYPGEDRGIIQLTVQE 884

SCORE = 40.6 BITS (94), EXPECT = 0.074  
 IDENTITIES = 46/165 (27%), POSITIVES = 69/165 (40%), GAPS = 7/165 (4%)

QUERY: 243 CAVHGDRLRPPIIWKRNLGLTLNFDLEDINDFGEDDSLYITKVTT-IHMGNYTCHASGHEQ 301  
 | | | | | +| | | + | + +| ++ | + | ||| + |  
 SBJCT: 525 CRVIGYPYYSIKWYKNSNLLPFNHRQVA--FENNGTLKLSDVQKEVDEGEYTCNVLVQPQ 582

QUERY: 302 LFQTHVLQVN--VPPVIRVYPESQAQEPGVAASLRCHAEGIPMP-RITWLKNGVDVSTQM 358  
 | + + | | | | + + | | + | +| | | | + | +  
 SBJCT: 583 LSTSQSVHVTVKVPPFIQPF-EFPRFSIGQRFVPCVVVSGDLPITITWQKDRPIPGSL 641

QUERY: 359 SKQLSLLANGSELHISSVRYEDTGAYTCIAKNEGVDEDISSLFI 403  
 + + | | | ++ | ||||| +| | | +  
 SBJCT: 642 GVTIDNIDFTSSLRISNLSLMHNGNYTCIARNEAAAVEHQSQLIV 686

The amino acid sequence of the FCTR2 protein has 55 of 194 amino acid residues (28%) identical to, and 86 of 194 residues (44%) positive with Limbic System-Associated Membrane Protein Precursor (LSAMP) from *Homo sapiens* (SWISSPROT Acc:Q13449) (SEQ ID NO:58) (Table 20).

**Table 20. BLASTP of FCTR2 against Limbic System-Associated Membrane Protein Precursor (SEQ ID NO:58)**

PTNR:SWISSPROT-ACC:Q13449 LIMBIC SYSTEM-ASSOCIATED MEMBRANE PROTEIN PRECURSOR (LSAMP) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 338 AA.

LENGTH = 338

SCORE = 191 (67.2 BITS), EXPECT = 6.7E-12, P = 6.7E-12  
 IDENTITIES = 55/194 (28%), POSITIVES = 86/194 (44%)

The amino acid sequence of the FCTR2 protein has 68 of 190 amino acid residues (35%) identical to, and 92 of 190 residues (48%) positive with Putative Neuronal Cell Adhesion Molecule, Short Form from *Mus musculus* (SPTREMBL Acc:O70246) (SEQ ID NO:59) (Table 2P).

**Table 2P. BLASTP of FCTR2 against Putative Neuronal Cell Adhesion Molecule, Short Form from *Mus musculus* (SEQ ID NO:59)**

PTNR:SPTREMBL-ACC:O70246 PUTATIVE NEURONAL CELL ADHESION MOLECULE (PUNC)  
(PUTATIVE NEURONAL CELL ADHESION MOLECULE, SHORT FORM) - MUS MUSCULUS  
(MOUSE), 793 AA  
LENGTH = 793

SCORE = 203 (71.5 BITS), EXPECT = 7.0E-12, SUM P(2) = 7.0E-12  
IDENTITIES = 68/190 (35%), POSITIVES = 92/190 (48%)

The amino acid sequence of the FCTR2 protein has 58 of 199 amino acid residues (29%) identical to, and 91 of 199 residues (45%) positive with CHLAMP, G11-Isoform Precursor from *Gallus gallus* (SPTREMBL Acc: O02869) (SEQ ID NO:60) (Table 2Q).

**Table 2Q. BLASTP of FCTR2 against CHLAMP, G11-Isoform Precursor from *Gallus gallus* (SEQ ID NO:60)**

PTNR:SPTREMBL-ACC:O02869 CHLAMP, G11-ISOFORM PRECURSOR - GALLUS GALLUS  
(CHICKEN), 350 AA.  
LENGTH = 350

SCORE = 191 (67.2 BITS), EXPECT = 7.7E-12, P = 7.7E-12  
IDENTITIES = 58/199 (29%), POSITIVES = 91/199 (45%)

The amino acid sequence of the FCTR2 protein has 55 of 194 amino acid residues (28%) identical to, and 86 of 194 residues (44%) positive with Limbic System-Associated Membrane Protein Precursor (LSAMP) from *Rattus norvegicus* (SWISSPROT Acc:Q62813) (SEQ ID NO:61) (Table 2R).

**Table 2R. BLASTP of FCTR2 against Limbic System-Associated Membrane Protein Precursor (LSAMP) from *Rattus norvegicus* (SEQ ID NO:61)**

PTNR:SWISSPROT-ACC:Q62813 LIMBIC SYSTEM-ASSOCIATED MEMBRANE PROTEIN PRECURSOR  
(LSAMP) - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 338 AA.  
LENGTH = 338

SCORE = 188 (66.2 BITS), EXPECT = 1.5E-11, P = 1.5E-11  
IDENTITIES = 55/194 (28%), POSITIVES = 86/194 (44%)

FCTR2 protein has similarity to cell adhesion molecules, follistatin, roundabout and frazzled (see BlastP results). These genes are involved in neuronal development and

reproductive physiology. Frazzled encodes a Drosophila member of the DCC immunoglobulin subfamily and is required for CNS and motor axon guidance (Cell 87:197-204(1996)).

Characterization of a rat C6 glioma-secreted follistatin-related protein (FRP) and cloning and sequence of the human homologue is described in Eur. J. Biochem. 225:937-946(1994). This protein may modulate the action of some growth factors on cell proliferation and differentiation. FRP binds heparin. The follistatin-related protein is a secreted protein and has one follistatin-like domain. The cloning and early dorsal axial expression of Flik, a chick follistatin-related gene and evidence for involvement in dorsalization/neural induction is presented in Dev. Biol. 178:327-342(1996). Roundabout controls axon crossing of the CNS midline and defines a novel subfamily of evolutionarily conserved guidance receptors, as shown in Cell 92:205-215(1998). cDNA cloning and structural analysis of the human limbic-system- associated membrane protein (LAMP) is described in Gene 170:189-195(1996). LAMP, a protein of the OBCAM family that contains three immunoglobulin-like C2-type domains, mediates selective neuronal growth and axon targeting. LAMP contributes to the guidance of developing axons and remodeling of mature circuits in the limbic system. This protein is essential for normal growth of the hippocampal mossy fiber projection. LAMP is attached to the membrane by a GPI-Anchor. It is expressed on limbic neurons and fiber tracts as well as in single layers of the superior colliculus, spinal chord and cerebellum. Characterization of the human full-length PTK7 cDNA encoding a receptor protein tyrosine kinase-like molecule closely related to chick KLG is disclosed in J. Biochem. 119:235-239(1996). Based upon homology, FCTR2 proteins and each homologous protein or peptide may share at least some activity.

#### **Functions and therapeutic uses:**

The OMIM gene map has identified this region which the invention maps to (5q21-5q31) as associated with susceptibility to the following diseases (OMIM Ids are underlined):

- Allergy and asthma
- Hemangioma,
- capillary infantile Schistosoma mansoni infection, susceptibility/resistance to Spinocerebellar ataxia
- Bronchial asthma
- Plasmodium falciparum parasitemia,
- intensity of Corneal dystrophy, Groenouw type I, 121900; Corneal dystrophy, lattice type I, 122200;
- Reis-Bucklers corneal dystrophy; Corneal dystrophy, Avellino type Eosinophilia, familial Myelodysplastic syndrome;



- Myelogenous leukemia, Acute Cutis laxa, recessive, type I, Deafness, autosomal dominant nonsyndromic sensorineural, 1 Contractural arachnodactyly, Congenital Neonatal alloimmune thrombocytopenia;
- Glycoprotein Ia deficiency Male infertility;
- Charcot-Marie-Tooth neuropathy, Demyelinating Gardner syndrome ;
- Adenomatous polyposis coli;
- Colorectal cancer;
- Desmoid disease, hereditary, 135290;
- Turcot syndrome,276300;
- Adenomatous polyposis coli, attenuated
- Colorectal cancer

Therefore the invention is implicated in at least all of the above mentioned diseases and may have therapeutic uses for these diseases.

This sequence has similarity to cell adhesion molecules, follistatin, roundabout and frazzled (see BlastP results). These genes are involved in neuronal development and reproductive physiology. Therefore the invention is also implicated in disorders such as or therapeutic uses for:

- Neurodegenerative disorders, nerve trauma, epilepsy, mental health conditions
- Tissue regeneration in vivo and in vitro

Female reproductive system disorders and pregnancy

### FCR3

FCR3, is an amino acid type II membrane, neurexin-like protein. The FCR3a nucleic acid of 1430 nucleotides (also designated 10129612.0.118) is shown in Table 3A. An ORF was identified beginning with an ATG initiation codon at nucleotides 69-71 and ending with a TAG codon at nucleotides 1212-1214. A putative untranslated region upstream from the initiation codon and downstream from the termination codon is underlined in Table 3A, and the start and stop codons are in bold letters.

**Table 3A. FCR3a Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO:5)**

AAAAAAGGCGGGGGTGGACTTAGCAGTGTAATTTGAGACCGGTGGTAAGGATTGGAGCGAGCTAGAGATGCTGCACGCTGCTAACA  
 AGGGAAGGAAGCCTTCAGCTGAGGCAGGTCGTCCCATTCACCTACATCCTCGCCTAGTCTCCTCCCATCTGCTCAGCTGCCTAGCT  
 CCCATAATCCTCCACGTTAGCTGCCAGATGCCATTGCTAGACAGCAACACCTCCCATCAAATCATGGACACCAACCCTGATGAGG  
 AATTCTCCCCAATTACATCTGCTCAGAGCATGCTCAGGGCCCCAGCAAGCCTCCAGCAGTGGCCCTCCGAACCACACAGCCAGT  
 CGACTCTGAGGCCCCCTCTCCACCCCTCACAACCACACGCTGTCCCATCACCCTCGTCCGCCAACTCCCTCAACAGGAACCTCAC  
 TGACCAATCGGCGGAGTCAGATCCACGCCCCGCCCCAGCGCCCAATGACCTGGCCACCACACAGAGTCCGTTTCAGCTTCAGGACA  
 GCTGGGTGCTAAACAGCAACGTGCCACTGGAGACCCGGCACTTCCTCTTCAAGACCTCCTCGGGAGCACACCCTTGTTTCAGCAGCT

10

20

## 25

30

35

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GAAGTTGATTGCTTGGATCCCACCTGCTCCAGCCACGGAGTCTGTGTAATGGAGAATGCCTGTGCAGCCCTGGCTGGGG  
 TGGTCTGAAGTGTGAGCTGGCGAGGGTCCAGTGCCAGACAGTGCAGTGGGCATGGCACGTACCTGCCTGACACGGGCC  
 TCTGCAGCTGCGATCCCAACTGGATGGGTCCCAGCTGCTCTGTTGAAGTGTGCTCAGTAGACTGTGGCACTCACGGCGTC  
 TGCATCGGGGGAGCCTGCCGCTGTGAAGAGGGCTGGACAGGCGCAGCGTGTGACCAGCGCTGTGCCACCCCCGCTGCAT  
 5 TGAGCACGGGACCTGTAAGATGGCAAATGTGAATGCCGAGAGGGCTGGAATGGTGAACACTGCACCATTTGGTAGGCAAA  
 CGGCAGGCACCGAAACAGATGGCTGCCCTGACTTGTGCAACGGTAACGGGAGATGCACACTGGGTGAGAACAGCTGGCAG  
 TGTGTCTGCCAGACCGGCTGGAGAGGGCCCCGGATGCAACGTTGCCATGGAACTTCTGTGTGATAACAAGGATAATGA  
 GGGAGATGGCCTGGTGGATTGTTTGGACCTGACTGCTGCCTGCAGTCAGCCTGTGAGAACAGCCTGCTGCGCGGGGT  
 10 CCGGGACCCATCGGACATCATTCAGCAGGGCCAGACGATTCGGATTCGGCCGAGTGAAGTCCTTCTATGACCGTATCAAGCTC  
 TTGGCAGGCAAGGATAGCACCCACATCATTCCTGGAGAGAACCCTTTCAACAGCAGCTTGGTTTCTCTCATCCGAGGCCA  
 AGTAGTAACACAGATGGAACCTCCCTGGTCCGTGTGAACGTGTCTTTTGTCAAGTACCCAAAATACGGCTACACCATCA  
 CCGGCCAGGATGGCAGCTTCGACCTGATCGCAAATGGAGGTGCTTCCTTGACTCTACACTTTGAGCGAGCCCCGTTTCATG  
 AGCCAGGAGCGCACTGTGTGGCTGCCGTGGAACAGCTTTTACGCCATGGACACCTGGTGATGAAGACCGAGGAGAACTC  
 15 CATCCCCAGCTGTGACCTCAGTGGCTTTGTCCGGCCTGATCCAATCATCATCTCTCCCCACTGTCCACCTTCTTTAGTG  
 CTGCCCTTGGGCAGAATCCCCTCGTGCCTGAGACCCAGGTTCTTCATGAAGAAATCGAGCTCCCTGGTTCCAATGTGAAA  
 TTTCCGCTATCTGAGCTCTAGAAGTGCAGGGTACAGTCACTGCTGAAGATCACCATGACCCAGTCCACAGTGGCCCTGAA  
 CCTCATTAGGGTTACCTGATGGTGGCTGTGAGGGGCATCTCTCCAGAAGTCATTCCAGGCTTCTCCCAACCTGGCCT  
 CCACCTTCATCTGGGACAAGACAGATGCGTATGGCCAAAGGGTGTATGGAATCTCAGATGCTGTTGTGTCTGTGCGGTTT  
 20 GAATATGAGACCTGTCCAGTCTAATCTCTGGAAGAAAAGGACAGCCCTCCTTCAGGGATTGAGCTGGACCCCTCCAA  
 CCTCGGTGGCTGGTCCCTAGACAAACACCACATCTCAATGTTAAAAGTGGAACTCTACACAAAGGCACCTGGGGAAAACC  
 AGTTCCTGACCCAGCAGCCTGCCATCATCACCAGCATCATGGGCAATGGTCGCGCCGGAGCATTTCTGTCTCCAGCTGC  
 AACGGCCTTGTCTGAAGCAACAAGCTGCTGGCCAGTGGCTCTGGCTGTTGGAATCGATGGGAGCCTCTATGTGGGTGA  
 TTGCAATTACATCCGACGATCTTTCCCTCTCGAAATGTGACCGATCTTGAGTTACGAAATAAAGAGTTTAAACATA  
 25 GCAACAACCCAGCACACAAGTACTACTTGGCAGTGGACCCCGTGTCCGGCTCGCTCTACGTGTCCGACACCAACAGCAGG  
 AGAATCTACCGCTCAAGTCTCTGAGTGGAAACAAAGACCTGGCTGGGAATTCGGAAGTTGTGGCAGGGACGGGAGAGCA  
 GTGTCTACCCCTTTGATGAAGCCCGCTGCGGGGATGAGGGGAAGGCCATAGATGCAACCTGATGAGCCCGAGAGGTATTG  
 CAGTAGACAAGAATGGGCTCATGTACTTTGTGATGCCACCATGATCCGGAAGTTGACCAGAATGGAATCATCTCCACC  
 CTGCTGGGCTCCAATGACCTCACTGCCGTCCGGCCGCTGAGCTGTGATTCCAGCATGGATGTAGCCAGGTTCTGTGGTA  
 30 GTGGCCAAACAGACCTTGTCTCAATCCCAGTGAATACTCCTTGTATGTTCTAGAGAACAATGTCATCCTTCGAATCACCG  
 AGAACCACCAAGTCAGCATCATTCGCGGACGCCCATGCACTGCCAAGTTCTTGGCATTGACTACTCACTCAGCAAATA  
 GCCATTCACTCTGCCCTGGAGTCAGCCAGTGCCATTGCCATTTCTCACTGGGGTCTCTACATCACTGAGACAGATGA  
 GAAGAAGATTAAACCGTCTACGCCAGTAAACAACCAACGGGGAGATCTGCCTTTTAGCTGGGGCAGCCTCGGACTGCGACT  
 GCAAAAACGATGTCAATTGCAACTGCTATTGAGGAGATGATGCCTACGCGACTGATGCCATCTTGAATTCCCCATCATCC  
 35 TTAGCTGTAGCTCCAGATGGTACCATTACATGTCAGACCTTGGAAATATTCCGATCAGGGCGGTGAGCAAGAACAGCC  
 GTTCTTAAATGCTTCAACAGTATGAGGCTGCATCCCCGAGCAGGAGTTATATGTTTTCAACGGTGTGAGCATCC  
 ACCAATACATCTGTAGCCTGGTGACAGGGGAGTACTTGTACAATTTACATATAGTACTGACAAATGATGTCACTGAATTG  
 ATTGACAATAATGGGAATTCCCTGAAGATCCGTGCGGACAGCAGTGGCATGCCCGTCACCTGCTCATGCCGTGACAACCA  
 40 GATCATCACCTTCACCGTGGGCACCAATGGAGGCCCTCAAAGTCTGTCCACACAGAACCTGGAGCTTGGTCTCATGACCT  
 ATGATGGCAACACTGGGCTCCTGGCCACCAAGAGCGATGAAACAGGATGGACGACTTTCTATGACTATGACCACGAAGGC  
 CGCCTGACCAACGTGACGCGCCCCACGGGGGTGGTAACAGTCTGCACCGGGAATGGAGAAATCTATTACCATTGACAT  
 TGAGAACTCCAACCGTATGATGACGTCACTGTCACTACCAACCTCTCTTCAGTAGAGGCCCTACACAGATGGTGACAAG  
 ATCAAGTTTCGGAACAGCTACAGCTCTGTAAATAATGGTACCTTGAGGGTGATGTATGCTAATGGGATGGGTCTCAGCTTC  
 45 CACAGCGAGCCCCATGTCTAGCGGGCACCATCACCCCCACCATTTGACGCTGCAACATCTCCCTGCCTATGGAGAATGG  
 CTTAAACTCCATTGAGTGGCGCTAAGAAAGGAACAGATTAAAGGCAAAGTCACCATCTTTGGCAGGAAGCTCCGGGTCC  
 ATGGAAGAAATCTCTTGTCCATTGACTATGATCGAAATATTGAGCTGAAAAGATCTATGATGACCACCGGAAGTTCCACC  
 CTGAGGATCATTTATGACCAGGTGGGCCGCCCTTCTCTGGCTGCCAGCAGCGGGCTGGCAGCTGTCAACGTGTCTATA  
 50 CTTCTTCAATGGGCGCTGGCTGGGCTTCAGCGTGGGGCCATGAGCGAGAGGACAGACATCGACAAGGCCGCGATCG  
 TGTCCCGCATGTTTCGTGACGGGAAAGTGTGGAGCTCTCTACCTTGACAAGTCCATGGTCTCCTGCTTCAGAGCCAA  
 CGTCAGTATATATTGAGTATGACTCTCTGACCGCTCTCTTGGCGTCACCATGCCAGCGTGGCCCGGCACAGCATGTC  
 CACACACACCTCCATCGGTACATCCGTAATATTTACAACCCGCTGAAAGCAATGCTTCGGTCATCTTTGACTACAGTG  
 ATGACGGCCGCATCCTGAAGACCTCCTTTTGGGCACCGGACGCCAGGTGTTCTACAAGTATGGGAACTCTCAAGTTA  
 55 TCAGAGATTGTCTACGACAGTACCGCGCTCACCTTCGGGTATGACGAGACCACTGGTGTCTTGAAGATGGTCAACCTCCA  
 AAGTGGGGGCTTCTCCTGCACCATCAGGTACCGGAAGATTGGCCCCCTGGTGGACAAGCAGATCTACAGGTTCTCCGAGG  
 AAGGCATGGTCAATGCCAGGTTTGTACTACACCTATCATGACAACAGCTTCGCATCGCAAGCATCAAGCCCGTCATAAGT  
 GAGACTCCCTCCCGTTGACCTTACCCTATGATGAGATTCTGGCAAGGTGGAACACTTTGGTAAGTTTGGAGTCAT  
 CTATTATGACATCAACCAGATCATCACCAGTGGCTGATGACCTCAGCAAACACTTCGACACCCATGGGCGGATCAAGG  
 60 AGGTCCAGTATGAGATGTTCCGGTCCCTCATGTACTGGATGACGGTGAATATGACAGCATGGGCAGGGTGTCAAGAGG  
 GAGCTAAAACCTGGGGCCCTATGCCAATACCACGAAGTACACCTATGACTACGATGGGGACGGGCAGCTCCAGAGCGTGGC  
 CGTCAATGACCGCCGACCTGGCGCTACAGCTATGACCTTAATGGGAATCTCCACTTACTGAACCCAGGCAACAGTGTGC  
 GCCTCATGCCCTTGCGCTATGACCTCCGGGATCGGATAACCAGACTCGGGGATGTGCAGTACAAAATTGACGACGATGGC  
 TATCTGTGCCAGAGAGGGTCTGACATCTCGAATAACAATTCCAAGGGCCTCTTAACAAGAGCCTACAACAAGGCCAGCGG  
 65 GTGGAGTGTCCAGTACCGCTATGATGTCAGGCGTGGGCTTCTTCAAGACCAACCTGGGCCACCACTGCGAGTACT  
 TCTACTCTGACCTCCACAACCCGACGCGCATCACCATGTCTACAATCACTCCAACCTCGGAGATTACCTCACTGTACTAC  
 GACCTCCAGGGCCACCTCTTTGCCATGGAGAGCAGCAGTGGGGAGGAGTACTATGTTGCCTCTGATAACACAGGGACTCC  
 TCTGGCTGTGTTGAGCATCAACGGCCTCATGATCAACAGCTGCAGTACACGGCTATGGGGAGATTTATTATGACTCCA  
 ACCCGACTTCCAGATGGTCATTGGCTTCCATGGGGGACTCTATGACCCCTGACCAAGCTGGTCCACTTCACTCAGCGT  
 70 GATTATGATGTGCTGGCAGGACGATGGACCTCCCCAGACTATACCATGTGGAAAAACGTGGGCAAGGAGCCGGCCCCCTT  
 TAACCTGTATATGTTCAAGAGCAACAATCCTCTCAGCAGTGAAGTTGAAGAACTACGTGACAGATGTGAAAAGCT  
 GGCTTGTGATGTTTGGATTTCAGCTTAGCAACATCATTCCTGGCTTCCCGAGAGCCAAAATGTATTTCTGCTCCTCCC  
 TATGAATTGTGAGAGATCAAGCAAGTGAGAATGGACAGCTCATACAGGTGTCCAACAGACAACAGAGAGACATAACCA

GGCCTTCATGGCTCTGGAAGGACAGGTCATTACTAAAAAGCTCCACGCCAGCATCCGAGAGAAAGCAGGTCCTGTTTG  
 CCACCACCACGCCCATCATTGGCAAAGGCATCATGTTTGGCCATCAAAGAAGGGCGGTGACCACGGGCGTGTCCAGCATC  
 GCCAGCGAAGATAGCCGCAAGGTGGCATCTGTGCTGAACAACGCCTACTACCTGGACAAGATGCACTACAGCATCGAGGG  
 CAAGGACACCCACTACTTTGTGAAGATTGGCTCAGCCGATGGCGACCTGGTCACTAGGCACCACCATCGGCCCGCAAGG  
 5 TGCTAGAGAGCGGGTGAACGTGACCGTGTCCAGCCACGCTGCTGGTCAACGGCAGGACTCGAAGGTTACGAACATT  
 GAGTTCAGTACTCCACGCTGTGCTCAGCATCCGCTATGGCCTCACCCCGACACCCCTGGACGAAGAGAAGGCCCGCGT  
 CCTGGACCAGGCGAGACAGAGGGCCCTGGGCACGGCCTGGGCCAAGGAGCAGCAGAAAGCCAGGGACGGGAGAGAGGGGA  
 CCGCCTGTGGACTGAGGGCGAGAAGCAGCAGCTTCTGAGCACCGGCGCGTGCAGGGTACGAGGGATATTACGTGCTT  
 10 CCGTGGAGCAATACCCAGAGCTTGCAGACAGTAGCAGCAACATCCAGTTTTAAAGACAGAATGAGATGGGAAAGAGGTA  
 ACAAATAATCTGCTGCCATTCTTGTCTGAATGGCTCAGCAGGAGTAAGTGTATCTCCTCTCCTAAGGAGATGAAGAC  
 CTAACAGGGGCACTGCGGCTGGGCTGCTTTAGGAGACCAAGTGGCAAGAAAGCTCACATTTTGTAGTTCAAATGCTACT  
 GTCCAAGCGAGAAGTCCCTCATCTGAAGTAGACTAAAGCCCGGCTGAAAAATTCGAGGAAAAACAAACAAACGAATGAA  
 TGAACAGACACACAAATGTTCCAAGTCCCCCTAAAAATATGACCCACTTGTCTGGGTCTACGCAGAAAAGAGACGCAAA  
 15 GTGTCCAAAAGGAACAAAAGAACAAAACGAATAAGCAAAGAAGAAAACAAAACAAAACAAAACACACCGGA  
 CCGATAAAACAAAGAAGCGAAGATAAGAAAGAAGCGCCTCATATCCAATTACCTCACTCATTACATGTGAGCGACACGCGAG  
 ACATCCGCGAGGGGCCAGCGTACCAGACCAGCTGCGGGACAAACCACTCAGACTGCTTGTAGGACAAATACTTCTGACAT  
 TTTCTTTAAGCAAATACAGGTGCATTTAAACACGACTTTGGGGGTGATTGTGTGTAGCGCTGGGGAGGGGGGATAA  
 AAGAGGAGGAGTGAAGTCTGAAATACTTTTAAAGAAAAAAAACATGAGGGAATAAAAGAAATTCCTATCAAAAATCA  
 20 AAGTGAATAATACCATCCAGCACTTAAGTCTCAGGTCCCACTAAGTCTGGCCTGAGCTAATTTATTTGAGCGCAGAGT  
 GTAAATTTAATTCAAAATGGTGGCTATAATCACTACAGATAAATTTTACTACTCTTTTGTCTTTGGAGATTCCATTGTGG  
 ACAGTAATACGCACTTACAGGGTGTAGTCTGTTTAGATTCCGTAGTTCGTGGGTATCAGTTTCGGTAGAGGTGCAGCATC  
 GTGACACTTTTGTCTAACAGGTACCACTTCTGATCACCTTGTACATACATGAGCGGAAAGGCACAATCAGTGTTCAGATT  
 TAAATTTATAGTGTGTTTGTGTTGGTCCAGAACTGAGACAATCACATGACAGTCACCACGAGGAGAGAAAATTTAAAAA  
 25 AAAAAATAAAAAACAAAAAAATTTTAAAAATTAAAAAACAAAAATAAGTCTAATAAGAACTTTGGTACAGGAAGTTT  
 TTTGTAATATACATGTATGAATTGTTTCATCGAGTTTTATATTAATTTAATTTGCTGCTAAGCAAAGACTAGGGACAGG  
 CAAAGATAATTTATGGCAAAGTGTTTAAATGTTTATACATAAATAAGTCTCTAAAACCTCTGTG

The FCTR3b polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:8) encoded by SEQ ID NO:7 is 2733 amino acid  
 residues and is presented using the one-letter code in Table 3D. The protein has a predicted  
 30 molecular weight of 303424.3 daltons.

**Table 3D. Encoded FCTR3b protein sequence (SEQ ID NO:8).**

MDVKDRRHRSLTRGRCGKECRYTSSSLDSED CRVPTQKSYSSSETLKAYDHDSRMHYGNRVTDLIHRESDEFPRQGTNFTLAEGLI  
 CEPSPHRSGYCSMDGILHQYSLSTGSDADSDTEGMSPEHAIRLWGRGIKRRSSGLSSRENSALTLTDSNENKSDDENGRPI  
 PTSSPSLLPSAQLPSSHNPVSCQMPLLDSNTSHQIMDTNPDEFPSPNSYLLRACSGPQQASSSGPPNHSQSTLRPLPPPHNH  
 35 TLSHHHSSANS LNRS LNRRSQIHAPAPAPNDLATTPEVQLQDSWVLNSNVPLETRHFLFKTSSGSTPLFSSSSPGYPLTSGTV  
 YTPPRLPRNTFSRKAFLKKPSKYCSWKCAALSAIAAALLLAILLAYFIVPWSLKNSSIDSGAEVGRVTVQEVPPGVFWSQI  
 HISQPQLFKFNISLKGDALFGVYIRRLPSPHAQYDFMERLDGKEKWSVVEPRERRSIQTLVQNEAVFVQYLDVGLWHLAFYNDG  
 KDKEMVSFNTVVLDSVQDCPRNCHGNGECVSGVCHCFPGFLGADCAKAACPVLCSGNGQYSKGTCQCYSGWKGAECVPMNQCIDP  
 40 SCGGHGS CIDGNCVCSAGYKGEHCEEVDCLDPTCSSHGVCVNGECLCS PGWGLNCELARVQCPDQCSGHGTYLPDTGLCSCDPNW  
 MGPDCSVEVCSVD CGTHGVCIGGACRCBEGWTGAACDQRVCHPRCIEHGTCKDGKCECREGWNHEHCTIGRQTAGTETDGCPLCN  
 GNGRCTLGQNSWQCVQCQGWGRPGCNVAMETS CADNKNDEGDGLVDCLDPDCLQSACQNSLLCRGSRDPLDI IQQGQTDWPAVKS  
 FYDRIKLLAGKDS THII PGENPFNSSLVSLIRGQVTTDGTPLVGVNVSFVKYPKYGYTITRQDGTFDLIANGGASLTLLHFERAPF  
 45 MSQERTVWLPWNSFYAMDTLVMKTEENSIPSCDLSGFVRPDP II ISSPLSTFFSAAPGQNP IVPETQVLHEEIELPGSNVKRLYLS  
 SRTAGYKSLKLTMTQSTVPLNLIRVHLMVAVEGHLEFQKSFQASPNLASTFIWDKTDAYGQRVYGLSDAVSVGFYEYETCPSLILW  
 EKRTALLQGFELDPNLSLGGWLDKHHILNVKSGILHKG TGENQFLTQQPAIITSIMGNRRRSISCPSCNGLAEGNKLLAPVALAV  
 50 GIDGSLYVGDFNYIRRI FFSRNVTSILELRNKEFKHNSNPFAHKYYLAVDPVSGSLYVSDTNSRRIYRVKLSLGT KDLAGNSEVVAG  
 TGEQCLPFDEARCGDGKAI DATLMSPRGIAVDKNGLMIFVDATMIRKVDQNGIISTLLGSNDLTAVRPLSCDSSMDVAQDVRLEWP  
 TDLAVNPMDNSLYVLENNVILRITENHQVSI IAGRP MHCQVPGIDYSLSKLAIHSALESASATAISHTGVLYITETDEKKINRLRQ  
 VTTNGEICLLAGAASDCDKNDVNCNCYSGDDAYATDAILNSPSSLAVAPDGTIYIADLGNIRIRAVSKNKPVLNAFNQYEAASPG  
 55 EQELYVFNADGIHQYTVSLVTGEYLYNFTYSTDNVDTELIDNNGNSLKI RRDSSGMPRHLLMPDNQIITLTVGTNGGLKVSTQNL  
 ELGLMTYDGN TGLLATKSDETGWTTFYDYDHEGRLTNVTRPTGVVTS LHREMEKSIITIDIENSNRDDVTITNLSSVEASYTVVQ  
 DQVRNSYQLCNGNGLTRVMYANGMISFHSEPHVLAGTITPTIGRCNISLPMENGLNS IEWRLRKEQIKGKVTIFGRKLVRHGRNLL  
 SIDYDRNIRTEKIYDDHRKFTLRIIYDQVGRPFLWLPSSGLAASNVSFFNGRLAGLQRGAMSERDIDKQGRIVSRMFADGKVWS  
 60 YSYLDKSMVLLQSQRYI FEYDSSDRLLAVTMPSPVARHMSHTS IGYIRNIYNPPESNASVIFDYSDDGRILKTSFLGTGRQVF  
 YKYGKLSKLSEIVYDSTAVTFGYDETTGVLKMNVLQSGGFSCTIRYRKIGPLVDKQIYRFSEEGMVNARFDYTYHDNSFRIASIKP  
 VISETPLPVDLYRYDEISGKVEHFGKFGVIYDINQIITAVMTLSKHFDTHGRIKEVQYEMFRSLMYWMTVQYDSMGRVIRKELK  
 LGPYANTTKYTYDYDGDGQLQSVAVNDRPTWRYSYDLNGLHLLNPGNSVRLMPLRYDLRDRI TRLDGVQYKIDDDGYLCQRGSDI  
 FEYNSKGLLTRAYNKASGWSVQYRYDGVRRASYKTNLGHHLQYFYSDLHNPTRITHVYNHSNSEITSLYYDLQGHLFAMESSSGE  
 EYYVASDNTGTPLAVFSINGLMIKQLQYTAYGEIYDSDNPDFQMVIGFHGGLYDPLTKLVHFTQRDYDLAGRWTSPDYTMWKNVG  
 KEPAPFNLQYMFKSNNPLSSELDLKNYVTDVKSWMVFGFQLSNIIPGFPRAKMYFVPPPYELSESQASENGQLITGVQQQTERHNQ  
 AFMAFENQVITKKLHASIREKAGHWFATTTPIIGKGMFAIKEGRVTTGVSSIASEDSRKVASVLNLYLDMHYSIEGKDTHYF  
 VKIGSADGLVLTGTTIGRKVLESGVNVTVSQPTLLVNGRTRRFTNIEFQYSTLLLSIRYGLTPD TLDEEKARVLDQARQALGTA  
 WAKEQQKARDGREGSRWLTEGEKQQLLSTGRVQGYEGYVLPVEQYPELADSSSNIQFLRQNMGRK

In further alternative embodiments the italicized bases in the 5' end of the FCTR3b sequence in table 3C is a variable region. This region can be substituted for in other embodiments of FCTR3. The nucleotide sequence for 9823bp FCTR3c (also referred to herein as 10129612.0.154) has the same nucleotide sequence as FCTR3b except that the italicized region is replaced with the 201 base sequence shown in Table 3E. An ORF for the total FCTR3c nucleotide sequence was identified beginning with an ATG initiation codon at nucleotides 277-280 and ending with a TAG codon at nucleotides 8473-8475. This is the same open reading frame that is shown in Table 3C, with the corresponding base numbers for FCTR3c. This open reading frame will translate the same amino acid sequence as shown in Table 3C for FCTR3b.

**Table 3E. Encoded FCTR3c 5'end nucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO:9).**

GCTCCAAAGCGAGCTGGGACCGAAGACTCTAGGCTAAGTTATCTATGTAGATGGTGTGTCAGGGAGCGAAGCTACTGACCGA  
GCTGCTGTTACATCCAGCTTTTTAATTGCCTAAGCGGTCTGGGGCTTGCTTCGTCATTTGGCTTTGCTGTGGAGCACTCC  
TGTAAGCCAGCTGAATTGTACATCGAAGATCCACCCCTTTT

In yet another embodiment, the italicized region shown in the 5' end of the sequence in Table 3C can be replaced with the sequence shown in Table 3F to form 9823bp FCTR3d (also referred to herein as 10129612.0.67). An ORF was identified beginning with an ATG initiation codon at nucleotides 277-280 and ending with a TAG codon at nucleotides 8473-8475. This is the same open reading frame that is shown in Table 3C, with the corresponding base numbers for FCTR3d. This open reading frame will translate the same amino acid sequence as shown in Table 3D for FCTR3b.

**Table 3F. Encoded FCTR3d 5'end nucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO:10).**

GCTCCAAAGCGAGCTGGGACCGAAGACTCTAGGCTAAGTTATCTATGTAGATGGTGTGTCAGGGAGCGAAGCTACTGACCGA  
GCTGCTGTTACATCCAGCTTTTTAATTGCCTAAGCGGTCTGGGGCTTGCTTCGTCATTTGGCTTTGCTGTGGAGCACTCC  
TGTAAGCCAGCTGAATTGTACATCGAAGATCCACCCCTTTT

In yet another embodiment, the italicized region shown in the 5' end of the sequence in Table 3C can be replaced with the sequence shown in Table 3G to form 9765 bp FCTR3e (also referred to as 10129612.0.258). An ORF was identified beginning with an ATG initiation codon at nucleotides 210-212 and ending with a TAG codon at nucleotides 8408-8410. This is the same open reading frame that is shown in Table 3C, with the corresponding base numbers for FCTR3e. This open reading frame will translate the same amino acid sequence as shown in Table 3D for FCTR3b.

**Table 3G. Encoded FCTR3e 5'end nucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO:11).**

CCAGCATTAGATGAGTTGACAAAAATGCAGTTTCAGCTCTGAAGGTCTGAAAGATTCTGCTGCAACTAAAGCTCTGAAGA  
TTCTGCTACAACATGACATCCATTTCTCCCACTTCAGACAGGATGAATACAA

In yet another embodiment another FCTR3a homolog, FCTR3f (also referred to as 10129612.0.352) was found having the 9729bp sequence shown in Table 3H. An ORF was identified beginning with an ATG initiation codon at nucleotides 210-212 and ending with a TAG codon at nucleotides 8382-8384. A putative untranslated region upstream from the initiation codon and downstream from the termination codon is underlined in Table 3G, and the start and stop codons are in bold letters.

**Table 3H. Encoded FCTR3f nucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO:12).**

CCAGCATTAGATGAGTTGACAAAAATGCAGTTTCAGCTCTGAAGGTCTGAAAGATTCTGCTGCAACTAAAGCTCTGAAGA  
TTCTGCTACAACATGACATCCATTTCTCCCACTTCAGACAGGATGAATACAAGGTGGCAAAGTGACAAGTGCCAAAAC  
TCAGGCCTGACTTTCCTGAAAACATCAGCATTCTGCCATATCTGGAATAATGGATGTAAAGGACCGGCACACCGCTCTT  
TGACCAGAGGACGCTGTGGCAAAGAGTGTGCTACACAAGCTCCTCTCTGGACAGTGAGGACTGCCGGGTGCCACACAG  
AAATCCTACAGCTCCAGTGAGACTCTGAAGGCCTATGACCATGACAGCAGGATGCACTATGGAACCCAGTACAGACCT  
CATCCACCGGGAGTCAGATGAGTTTCTTAGACAAGGAACCACTTCACCCTTGCCGAACCTGGGCATCTGTGAGCCCTCCC  
CACACCGAAGCGGCTACTGCTCCGACATGGGGATCCTTCACCAGGGCTACTCCCTTAGCACAGGGTCTGACGCCGACTCC  
15 GACACCGAGGGAGGGATGTCTCCAGAACACGCCATCAGACTGTGGGGCAGAGGGATAAAATCCAGGCGCAGTTCGGCCCT  
GTCCAGTCTGTGAAAACCTCGGCCCTTACCCTGACTGACTCTGACAACGAAAACAAATCAGATGATGAGAACGGTCTGCCA  
TTCCACCTACATCCTCGCCTAGTCTCCTCCCATCTGCTCAGCTGCCTAGCTCCCATAAATCCTCCACCAGTTAGCTGCCAG  
ATGCCATTGCTAGACAGCAACACCTCCCATCAAATCATGGACACCAACCTGATGAGGAATTTCTCCCCAATTATACCT  
20 GCTCAGAGCATGCTCAGGCGCCAGCAAGCCTCCAGCAGTGGCCCTCCGAACCAACAGCCAGTCACTCTGAGGCCCT  
CTCTCCACCCCTCAACACCAACGCTGTCTCCATCACCCTCGTCCGCCAACTCCCTCAACAGGAACCTACTGACCAAT  
CGGCGGAGTCAGATCCACGCCCCGGCCCCAGCGCCCAATGACCTGGCCACCACACAGAGTCCGTTTCACTTTCAGGACAG  
CTGGGTGCTAAACAGCAACGTGCCACTGGAGACCCGGCACTTCTCTTCAAGACCTCCTCGGGGAGCACACCTTGTTC  
GCAGCTTTCCTCCGGGATACCTTTGACCTCAGGAACGGTTTACACGCCCCCGCCCGCTGCTGCCAGGAATACTTTTC  
25 TCCAGGAAGGCTTTCAAGCTGAAGAAGCCCTCCAAATACTGCAGCTGGAATGTGCTGCCCTCTCCGCTATTGCCGCGG  
CCTCCTCTTGGCTATTTTGTGCTGGCGTATTTTCATAGTGCCTGGTCTGTTGAAAACAGCAGCATAGACAGTGGTGAAGCAG  
AAGTTGCTCGGCGGTTCACACAAGAGTCCACAGGGGTGTTTGGAGGTACAAATTCACATCAGTCAGGCCAGTTTC  
TTAAAGTTCAACATCCTCCCTCGGGAAGGACGCTCTCTTGGTGTTCATATAAGAAGAGGACTTCCACCATCTCATGCCCA  
30 GTATGACTTCATGGAACGTCTGGACGGGAAGGAGAAGTGGAGTGTGGTTGAGTCTCCAGGGAACGCCGGAGCATAACAGA  
CCTTGGTTTCAAGATGAAGCCGTGTTTGTGTCAGTACCTGGATGTGGGCCTGTGGCATCTGGCCTTCTACAATGATGGA  
GACAAAGAGATGGTTTCTTCAATACTGTTGTCTTAGATTTCAGTGCAGGACTGTCCACGTAACCTGCCATGGGAATGGTGA  
ATGTGTGTCGGGGTGTGTCACTGTTTCCAGGATTTCTAGGAGCAGACTGTGCTAAAGCTGCCTGCCCTGTCTGTGCA  
35 GTGGGAATGGACAATATTCTAAAGGACGTGCCAGTGTCTACAGCGCTGGAAGGTGACAGTGTGCGGCTGCAATGAAT  
GATGCTCGATCGATCCTTCTCGCGGGGCCACGGCTCCTGCTGATTGATGGGAACCTGTGTCTGCTGTGCTGGCTACAAAGGCGA  
GCACCTGTGAGGAAGTTGATTGCTTGGATCCACCTGCTCCAGCCACGGAGTCTGTGTGAATGGAGAATGCCTGTGACGCC  
CTGGCTGGGGTGGTCTGAACCTGTGAGCTGGCGAGGGTCCAGTCCCAGACCACTGTCAGTGGGCATGGCAGTACCTGCCT  
40 GACACGGGCTCTGACGCTGCGATCCCAACTGGATGGGTCCCGACTGCTCTGTTGAAGTGTGCTCAGTAGACTGTGGCAC  
TCACGGCGTCTGCATCGGGGAGCCTGCCGCTGTGAAGAGGGCTGGACAGGCGCAGCGTGTGACCAGCGCTGTGCCACC  
CCCGCTGCATTGAGCATGGGACCTGTAAAGATGGCAAATGTGAATGCCGAGAGGGCTGGAATGGTGAACACTGCACCAAT  
GATGGCTGCCCTGACTGTGTGCAACGGTACCGGAGTGCACATCTGGGTGAGAACAGCTGGCAGTGTGTCTGCCAGCCGG  
45 CTGGAGAGGGCCCGATGCAACGTTGCCATGGAACCTTCTGTGCTGATAACAAGGATAATGAGGGAGATGGCCTGGTGG  
ATTGTTTGGACCTGACTGCTGCCTGCAGTCAAGCTGTGCAACAGCCTGCTCTGCCGGGGTCCCGGACCCACTGGAC  
ATCATTACAGAGGGCCAGACGGATTGGCCCGCAGTGAAGTCTTCTATGACCGTATCAAGCTCTTGGCAGGCAAGGATAG  
CACCACATCATTCTGGAGAGAACCCTTTCAACAGCAGCTTGGTTTCTCTCATCCGAGGCCAAGTAGTAACACAGATG  
50 GAACTCCCTGGTGGTGTGAACGTGTCTTTGTCAAGTACCCAAAATACGGCTACACCATCACCCGCCAGGATGGCAGC  
TTCGACCTGATCGCAATGGAGGTGCTTCTTGACTCTACACTTTGAGCGAGCCCCGTTTCATGAGCCAGGAGCGCAGTGT  
GTGGCTGCCCTGGAACAGCTTTTACGCCATGGACACCTTGGTGTGATGAAGACCGAGGAGAATCCATCCCCAGCTGTGACC  
TCAGTGGCTTTGTCCGGCTGATCCAATCATCATCTCCTCCCACTGTCCACCTTCTTTAGTGTGCCCCCTGGGCAGAAAT  
55 CCCATCGTGCCTGAGACCCAGGTTCTTTCATGAAGAAATCGAGCTCCCTGGTCCAATGTGAACTTCGCTATCTGAGCTC  
TAGAATGTCAGGGTACAAGTCACTGTGAAGATCACCATGACCCAGTCCACAGTGCCTTGAACCTCATTAGGGTTTACC  
TGATGGTGGCTGTGAGGGGCATCTCTTCCAGAAGTCATTCCAGGCTTCTCCCAACCTGGCTCCACCTTCATCTGGGAC  
AAGACAGATGCGTATGGCCAAAGGTGTATGGACTCTCAGATGCTGTGTGTCTGTGCGGTTTGAATATGAGACCTGTCC  
60 CAGTCTAATTCTCTGGGAGAAAAGGACAGCCCTCTTCCAGGATCTGAGCTGGACCCCTCCAACTCGGTGGCTGGTCCC  
TAGACAAACACCACATCCTCAATGTTAAAGTGAATCCTACACAAAGGCACTGGGGAAAACAGTTCTGACCCAGCAG  
CCTGCCATCATCACCAGCATCATGGCAATGGTGGCGCCGGAGCATTTCTGTCCAGCTGCAACGGCCTTGTGTAAGG  
CAACAAGCTGCTGGCCCCAGTGGCTCTGGCTGTGGAATCGATGGGAGCCTCTATGTGGGTGACTTCAATTACATCCGAC  
GCATCTTTCCCTCTCGAAATGTGACCAGCATCTTGGAGTTACGAAATAAAGAGTTTAAACATAGCAACAACCCAGCACAC  
AAGTACTACTTGGCAGTGGACCCCGTGTCCGGCTCGCTCTACGTGTCCGACACCAACAGCAGGAGAATCTACCGCGTCAA  
GTCTCTGAGTGAACCAAAGACCTGGCTGGGAATTTCGAAGTTGTGGCAGGGACGGGAGAGCAGTGTCTACCTTTGATG  
AAGCCCGCTCGGGGATGGAGGGAAGGCCATAGATGCAACCTGATGAGCCCGAGAGGTATTGCAGTAGACAAGAATGGG  
CTCATGTACTTTGTGATGCCACCATGATCCGGAAGGTTGACCAAGATGGAATCATCTCCACCTGCTGGGCTCCAATGA  
CCTCACTGCCGTCCGGCCGCTGAGCTGTGATTCCAGCATGGATGTAGCCAGGTTCTGTGAGTGGCCAACAGACCTTG  
CTGTCAATCCCATGGATAACTCCTTGTATGTTCTAGAGAACAATGTCATCCTCGAATCACCAGAACCAAGTCAGC



ATCATTGCGGGACGCCCCATGCACTGCCAAGTTCTTGGCATTGACTACTCACTCAGCAAACCTAGCCATTCACTCTGCCCT  
 GGAGTCAGCCAGTGCCATTGCCATTTCTCACACTGGGGTCCCTTACATCACTGAGACAGATGAGAAGAAGATTAACCGTC  
 TACGCCAGGTAACAACCAACGGGAGATCTGCCTTTTAGCTGGGGCAGCCTCGGACTGCGACTGCAAAAACGATGTCAAT  
 5 TGGTACCATTACATTGCAGACCTTGGAAATATTTCGGATCAGGGCGGTGAGCAAGAACAAGCCTGTTCTTAATGCCTTCA  
 ACCAGTATGAGGCTGCATCCCCCGAGAGCAGGAGTTATATGTTTTCAACGCTGATGGCATCCACCAATACACTGTGAGC  
 CTGGTGACAGGGGAGTACTTGTACAATTTACATATAGTACTGACAATGATGTCACTGAATTGATTGACAATAATGGGAA  
 TTCCCTGAAGATCCGTCGGGACAGCAGTGGCATGCCCCGTCACTGCTCATGCCTGACAACCAGATCATCACCTCACC  
 10 TGGGCACCAATGGAGCCCTCAAAGTCGTGTCACACAGAACTGGAGCTTGGTCTCATGACCTATGATGGGCAACACTGGG  
 CTCCTGGCCACCAAGAGCGATGAAACAGGATGGACGACTTTCTATGACTATGACCACGAAGGCCGCTGACCAACGTGAC  
 GCGCCCCACGGGGTGGTAACCACTCTGCACCGGGAATGGAGAAATCTATTACCATTGACATTGAGAACTCCAACCGTG  
 ATGATGACGTCACTGTATCACCACCTCTCTTCAGTAGAGGCTCCTACACAGTGGTACAAGATCAAGTTCGGAACAGC  
 TACCAGCTCTGTAATAATGGTACCTGAGGGTGTATGTATGCTAATGGGATGGGTATCAGCTTCCACAGCGAGCCCCATGT  
 15 CCTAGCGGGCACCATCACCCCCACCATTGGACGCTGCAACATCTCCCTGCCTATGGAGAATGGCTTAAACTCCATTGAGT  
 GGCCTTAAGAAGAAGACAGATTAAAGGCAAAGTCACTCTTTGGCAGGAAGCTCCGGTCCATGGAAGAAATCTCTTG  
 TCCATTGACTATGATCGCCTCAAATATTTCGGATGAAAAGATCTATGATGACCACCGGAAGTTCACCTGAGGACTATTATGA  
 CCAGGTGGGCGGCCCTTCTCTGGCTGCCAGCAGCGGGCTGGCAGCTGTCAACGTGTCACTTCTTCAATGGGCGCC  
 TGGCTGGGCTTCAGCGTGGGGCCATGAGCGAGAGGACAGACATCGACAAGCAAGGCCGATCGTGTCCCGCATGTTTCGT  
 20 GACGGGAAAGTGTGGAGCTACTCTACCTTGACAAGTCCATGTCCTCCTGCTTCAGAGCCAACGTGATATATATTTGA  
 GTATGACTCCTCTGACCGCCTCCTTGCCGTCAACATGCCCAGCGTGGCCCCGACAGCATGTCCACACACACCTCCATCG  
 GCTACATCCGTAATATTACAACCCGCTGAAAGCAATGCTTCGGTCATCTTTGACTACAGTGATGACGGCCGATCCTG  
 AAGACCTCCTTTTGGGCACCGGACGCCAGGTGTTCTACAAGTATGGGAACTCTCAAGTTATCAGAGATGTCTACGA  
 CAGTACCGCTCCTCCTCGGGTATGACGAGACCACTGGTGTCTTGAAGATGGTCAACCTCCAAAGTGGGGCTTCTCCT  
 25 GCACCATCAGGTACCGGAAGATTGGCCCCCTGGTGGACAAGCAGATCTACAGGTTCTCCGAGGAAGGCATGGTCAATGCC  
 AGGTTTGACTACACCTATCATGACAACAGCTTCCGCATCGCAAGCATCAAGCCGTCATAAGTGAGACTCCCCCTCCCCGT  
 TGACCTTACCGCTATGATGAGATTCTGGCAAGGTGGAACACTTTGGTAAAGTTTGGAGTCATCTATTATGACATCAACC  
 AGATCATCACCACTGCGGTGATGACCTCAGCAAAACACTTCGACACCCATGGGCGGATCAAGGAGGTCCAGTATGAGATG  
 TTCCGGTCCCTCATGTACTGGATGACGGTGCAATATGACAGCATGGGCAGGGTGTCAAGAGGGAGCTAAAATCGGGGCC  
 30 CTATGCCAATACCACGAAGTACACCTATGACTACGATGGGACCGGCAGCTCCAGAGCGTGGCCGTCAATGACCGCCGA  
 CCTGGCGCTACAGCTATGACCTTAATGGGAATCTCACTTACTGAAACCAGGCAACAGTGTGCGCCTCATGCCCTTGCGC  
 TATGACCTCCGGATCGGATAACCACTGCGGGATGTGAGTACAAAATTGACGACGATGGCTATCTGTGCCAGAGAGG  
 GTCTGACATCTTCGAATACAATTCGAAGGCCCTCTAACAAGAGCCTACAACAAGGCCAGCGGGTGGAGTGTCCAGTACC  
 GCTATGATGGCGTAGGACGGCGGGCTTCTTACAAGACCAACCTGGGCCACCACTGCACTACTTCTACTCTGACCTCCAC  
 35 AACCAGCGCATCACCATGTCTACAATCACTCCAACCTCGGAGATTACCTCACTGTACTACGACCTCCAGGGCCACCT  
 CTTTGCCATGGAGAGCAGCTGGGAGGAGTACTATGTTGCTCTGATAACACAGGGACTCCTCTGGCTGTGTTTCAGCA  
 TTAACGGCTCATGATCAAAACAGCTGCACTACCGCCTATGGGAGATTATATGACTCCAACCCGACTTTCAGATG  
 GTCAATTGGCTTCCATGGGGACTCTATGACCCCTGACCAAGCTGGTCCACTTCACTCAGCGTGATTATGATGTGCTGGC  
 AGGACGATGGACCTCCCGAGACTATACCATGTGAAAAACGTGGGCAAGGAGCCGCCCTTTAACCTGTATATGTTCA  
 40 AGAGCAACAATCCTCTCAGCAGTGAGCTAGATTGAAGAATACTGATGACAGATGTGAAAAGCTGGCTTGTGATGTTTGG  
 TTTTCACTTAGCAACATCATCTCTGGCTTCCCGAGAGCCAAAATGTATTTCTGTCCTCCTCCCTATGAATTGTGAGAG  
 TCAAGCAAGTGAGAATGGACAGCTATTACAGGTGTCCAACAGACAACAGAGAGACATAACAGGCCCTTCACTGGCTGTG  
 AAGACAGGTCTATTACTTAAAGGCTCCACGCGATCCGAGAGAAAGCAGGTCACTGGTTTGGCCACCACCGACCCATC  
 45 ATTGGCAAAGGCATCATGTTTGGCATCAAAGAAGGGCGGTGACCACGGGCGTGTCCAGCATCGCCAGCGAAGATAGCCG  
 CAAGGTGGCATCTGTGCTGAACAACGCCCTACTACCTGGACAAGATGCACTACAGCATCGAGGGCAAGGACACCCACTACT  
 TTGTGAAGATTGGCTCAGCCGATGGCGACCTGGTCACTAGGCACCAACCATCGGCCGCAAGGTGCTAGAGAGCGGGGTG  
 AACGTGACCGTGTCCAGCCACGCTGTGTTCAACGGCAGGACTCGAAGGTTACGAACATTGAGTTCAGTACTCCAC  
 GCTGCTGCTCAGCATCCGCTATGGCTCACCCTCGACACCTGGACGAAGAGAAGGCCGCTCCTGGACAGGCGAGAC  
 50 AGAGGCCCTGGGACCGCCTGGGCAAGGAGCAGCAGAAAGCAGGACGGGAGAGAGGGGAGCCGCTGTGGACTGAG  
 GGCGAGAAGCAGCAGCTTCTGAGCACCGGGCGCTGCAAGGTCAGAGGGATATTACGTGCTTCCCGTGGAGCAATACCC  
 AGAGCTTGCAGACAGTAGCAGCAACATCCAGTTTTTAAGACAGAATGAGATGGGAAAGAGGTAA~~CAAAATAATCTGCTGC~~  
~~CATTCTCTGCTGAATGGCTCAGCAGGAGTAACGTATCTCTCTCCTAAGGAGATGAAGACCTAACAGGGGCACTGCG~~  
~~GCTGGGCTGCTTTAGGAGACCAAGTGGCAAGAAAGCTCACATTTTTTGAGTTCAAATGCTACTGTCCAAGCGAGAAGTCC~~  
~~CTCATCTGAAGTAGACTAAAGCCCGCTGAAAATTCGAGGAAAAACAAAACGAATGAATGAACAGACACACAA~~  
~~TGTTCCAAGTTCCCTAAAAATATGACCCACTTGTCTGGTCTACGCAGAAAAAGAGACGCAAGTGTCCAAAGGAACAA~~  
~~AAGAACAACAAACGAATAAGCAAAGAAGAAAAACAAACAAAAACAAACAAACACACGACCGATAAACAAAGAAGC~~  
~~GAAGATAAGAAAGAAGCCCTCATATCCAATTACCTCACTCATTCACATGTGAGCGACACGCAGACATCCGCGAGGGCCAG~~  
~~CGTCAACAGACAGCTGCGGGACAAACCACTCAGACTGCTTGTAGGACAAATACTTCTGACATTTTCGTTTAAAGCAATA~~  
~~CAGGTGCATTTAAACACGACTTTGGGGGTGATTTGTGTGTAGCCCTGGGGAGGGGGGATAAAGAGGAGAGTGAACA~~  
~~CTGGAATACTTTTTTAAAGAAAAAAACATGAGGGAATAAAGAAATTCCTATCAAAAATCAAAGTGAATAATACCAT~~  
~~CCAGCACTTAACCTCAGGTCCCACTAAGTCTGGCCTGAGCTAATTTATTTGAGCGCAGAGTGTAATAATTAATTCAAA~~  
~~ATGGTGGCTATAACTACTACAGATAAATTTCACTCTTTTGTCTTTGGAGATTCCATTGTGGACAGTAATACGAGTTA~~  
~~CAGGGTGTAGTCTGTTTGTAGATTCCGTAGTTTCGTGGGTATCAGTTTCGGTAGAGGTGCAGCATCGTGACACTTTTGCTAAC~~  
~~AGGTACCACTTCTGATCACCTGTACATACATGAGCCGAAAGGCACAATCACTGTTTCAGATTTAAATTTATAGTGTGT~~  
~~TTGTTTGGTCCAGAAACTGAGACAATCACATGACAGTCACCACGAGGAGAGAAAAATTTAAAAATAAAAAACAAA~~  
~~AAAAATTTTAAAAATTAATAAAACAAAAATAAAGTCTAATAAGAACTTTGGTACAGGAACTTTTTGTAAATATACATGTA~~  
~~TGAATTGTTTCATCGAGTTTTTATATTAATTTTAAATTTGCTGCTAAGCAAAGACTAGGGACAGGCAAGATAATTTATGGC~~  
~~AAAGTGTTTAAATTTTATACATAAATAAAGTCTCTAAACTCCTGTG~~

The FCTR3f polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:13) encoded by SEQ ID NO:12 is 2724 amino acid residues long and is presented using the one-letter code in Table 3I. This sequence differs from FCTR3b in that it is missing amino acids 758-766 from that polypeptide.

**Table 3I. Encoded FCTR3f protein sequence (SEQ ID NO:13)**

```

5 MDVKDRRHRSLTRGRGCKECRYTSSSLDSEDCRVPTQKSYSSSETLKAYDHDSRMHYGNRVTDLIHRESDEFPRQGTNFTLAEELGI
CEPSPHRSGYCSDMGILHQGYSLSTGSDADSDTEGGMSPEHAIRLWGRGIKSRSSGLSSRENSALTITDSDNENKSDDENGRIPI
PTSSPSLLPSAQLPSSHNPPVSCQMLLDSNTSHQIMDTNPDEEFSPNSYLLRACSGPQQASSSGPPNHHSQSTLRPPLPPPHNH
TLSHHHSSANSLNRLNRLNRRSQIHAPAPAPNDLATTESVQLQDSWVLSNVPLETRHFLFKTSSGSTPLFSSSSPGYPLTSGTV
10 YTPPPRLLPRTTFSRKAFKLLKPSKYCSWKCAALSAIAAALLAILLAYFIVPWSLKNSSIDSGEAEVGRRVVTQEVPPGVFWRSQI
HISQPOFLKFNISLKGKDALFGVYIRRGRLPPSHAQYDFMERLDGKEKWSVVEPRRERSIQTLVQNEAVFVQYLDVGLWHLAFYNDG
KDKEMVSFNTVVLDSVQDCPRNCHNGECVSGVCHCFPGFLGADCAKACPVLCGNGQYSKGTCCQYSGWKGAECVPMNQCIDP
SCGGHSGCIDGNCVCSAGYKGEHCEVDCLDPTCSSHGVCVNGECLCSPGWGLNCELARVQCPDQCSGHGTYLPDTGLCSCDPNW
MGPDCSVEVCVDCGTHGVCIGGACRCEEGWTGAACDQRVCHPRCIEHGTCKDGKCECREGWNGEHCTIDGCPDLNNGRCTLGQ
15 NSWQCVCQTGWRGPGCNVAMETSCADNKDNEGDLVDCLDPCCLQSACQNSLLCRGSRDPLDI IQQGQTDWPAVKSFYDRIKLLA
KGDSSTHIIPGENPFNSLSLIRGQVVTDTGTPLVGVNVSVFKYPKGYTITRQDGTFDLIANGGASLTLLHFERAPFMSQERTVWL
PWNSFYAMDTLVMKTEENSIPSCDLSGFVRPDPIIISPLSTFFSAAPGQNPVIVPETQVLHEEIELPGSNVRLRYLSRRTAGYKSL
LKITMTQSTVPLNLRVHLMVAVEGHLFQKSFQASPNLASTFIWDKTDAYGQRVYGLSDAVVSVGFYEYTCPSLILWEKRTALLQG
FELDPSNLGGWSLDKHHILNVKSGILHKGTEGENQFLTQPPAIITSIMGNRRRSISCPSCNGLAEGNKLLAPVALAVGIDGSLYVG
20 DFNYYIRRIIPSRNVTISILELRNKEFKHSNNPAHKYYLAVDPVSGSLYVSDTNSRRIYRVKSLSGTKDLAGNSEVVAGTGEQCLPFD
EARCGDGGKAIDATIMSPRGIAVDKNGLMYFVDATMIRKVDQNGIISTLLGSNDLTAVRPLSCDSSMDVAQVRLEWPTDLAVNPMD
NSLYVLENNVILRITENHQVSIAGRPMHCQVPGIDYSLSKLAIHSALESASAIASHTGVLYITETDEKKINRLRQVTTNGEICL
LAGAASDCDCCKNDVNCNCYSGDDAYATDAILNSPSSLAVAPDGTIYIADLGNIRIRAVSKNKPVLNAFNQYEAASPGQELYVFNA
DGIHQYTVSLVTGEYLYNFTYSTDNDVTELDNNGNSLKIIRDSGMPRHLLMPDNQIITLTVTGNGGLKVVSTQNLGLMTYDG
25 NTGLLATKSDETGWTFYDYDHEGRLTNVTRPTGVVTSLHREMEKSITIDIENSNRDDVTVITNLSSVEASYTVVQDQVRNSYQL
CNNGTLRVMYANGMGISFHSEPHVLAGTITPTIGRCNISLPMENGLNSIEWRLRKEQIKGKVTIFGRKLRVHGRNLLSIDYDRNIR
TEKIYDDHRKFTLRRIYDQVGRPLFWLPSSGLAAVNVSYFFNGRLAGLQRGAMSERTDIDKQGRIVSRMFADGKVVSYSLDKSMV
LLLQSQRQYIFEYDSSDRLLAVTMPSPVARHSMSTHTSIGYIRNIYNPPESNASVIFDYSDDGRILKTSFLGTGRQVFYKYGKLSKL
SEIVYDSTAVTFGYDETGTGVLKMNVLQSGGFSCITRYRKIGPLVDKQIYRFSEEGMVNARFDYTYHDNSFRIASIKPVISETPLPV
30 DLRYRYDEISGKVEHFGKFGVYIYDINQIITAVMTLSKHFDTHGRIKEVQYEMFRSLMYWMTVQYDSMGRVIKRELKLGPYANTTK
YTYDYDGDGQLQSVAVNDRPTWRYSYDLNGLHLLNPGNSVRLMPLRYDLRDRITRLGDVQYKIDDDGYLCQRGSDIFEYNSKGLL
TRAYNKASGWSVQYRYDGVGRRASYSKTNLGHHLQFYSDLHNPTRIITHVYNSNSEITSLYYDLQGHLFAMESSSGEBEYVVASDNT
GTPLAVFSINGLMIKQLQYTAYGEIYDSDNPDFQMVIGFHGGLYDPLTKLVHFTQRDYDVLAGRWTSPDYTMWKNVKGEPAPFNLY
MFKSNNPLSSELDLKNYVTDVKSVMFGFQLSNIIPGFPRAKMYFVPPPYELSESQASENQLITGVQQTTERHNAQFMALEGQV
35 ITKKLHASIREKAGHWFATTTPIIGKGIMFAIKEGRVTTGVSSIASEDSRKVASVLNNAYYLDKMHYSIEGKDTHYFVKIGSADGD
LVTGLTTIGRKVLESGVNVTVSQPTLLVNGRTRRFTNIEFQYSTLLLSIRYGLTPDTLDEEKARVLDQARQALGTAWAKEQQKAR
DGREGSRLWTEGEKQQLLSTGRVQGYEGYYVLPVEQYPELADSSSNIQFLRQNMGRK

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In a BLASTN search it was found that the FCTR3a nucleic acid has homology to three fragments of *Mus musculus* odd Oz/ten-m homolog 2. It has 634 of 685 bases (92%) identical to bases 614-1298, 365 of 406 bases (89%) identical to bases 1420-1825, and 93 of 103 bases (90%) identical to bases 1823-1925 of *Mus musculus* odd Oz/ten-m homolog 2 (GenBank Acc: NM\_011856.2) (Table 3J).

**Table 3J. BLASTN of FCTR3a against *Mus musculus* odd Oz/ten-m homolog 2 (SEQ ID NO:62)**

```

45 >GI|7657414|REF|NM_011856.2| MUS MUSCULUS ODD OZ/TEN-M HOMOLOG 2 (DROSOPHILA) (ODZ2),
MRNA
LENGTH = 8797

SCORE = 954 BITS (481), EXPECT = 0.0
50 IDENTITIES = 634/685 (92%)
STRAND = PLUS / PLUS

QUERY: 114 GGTGCTCCCATCCACCTACATCCTCGCCTAGTCTCCTCCCATCTGCTCAGCTGCCTAGC 173
|||||
55 SBJCT: 614 GGTGCTCCCATCCACCTACATCCTCGTCTAGCCTCCTCCCATCTGCTCAGCTGCCTAGC 673

```



QUERY: 174 TCCCATAAATCCTCCACCAGTTAGCTGCCAGATGCCATTGCTAGACAGCAACACCTCCCAT 233  
 SBJCT: 674 TCCCATAAATCCTCCACCAGTTAGCTGCCAGATGCCATTGCTAGACAGCAACACCTCCCAT 733  
 5 QUERY: 234 CAAATCATGGACACCAACCCTGATGAGGAATTCTCCCCCAATTTCATACCTGCTCAGAGCA 293  
 SBJCT: 734 CAGATCATGGACACCAACCCTGATGAGGAATTCTCCCCCAATTTCATACCTGCTCAGAGCA 793  
 10 QUERY: 294 TGCTCAGGGCCCCAGCAAGCCTCCAGCAGTGGCCCTCCGAACCACCACAGCCAGTCGACT 353  
 SBJCT: 794 TGCTCAGGGCCCCAGCAAGCCTCCAGCAGTGGCCCTCCGAACCACCACAGCCAGTCAACA 853  
 15 QUERY: 354 CTGAGGCCCCCTCTCCACCCCCCTCACAACCACACGCTGTCCCATCACCCTCGTCCGCC 413  
 SBJCT: 854 CTGAGGCCCCCTCTGCCACCCCCCTCATAACCACACCCTGTCCCACCACCCTCCTCGGCC 913  
 20 QUERY: 414 AACTCCCTCAACAGGAACCTCACTGACCAATCGGCGGAGTCAGATCCACGCCCCGGCCCCA 473  
 SBJCT: 914 AACTCCCTCAACAGGAACCTCACTGACCAATCGGCGGAGTCAAATCCACGCCCCAGCTCCT 973  
 25 QUERY: 474 GCGCCCAATGACCTGGCCACCACACCAGAGTCCGTTTTCAGCTTCAGGACAGCTGGGTGCTA 533  
 SBJCT: 974 GCGCCCAACGACCTGGCCACCACCCAGAGTCTGTTTTCAGCTTCAGGATAGCTGGGTGCTG 1033  
 30 QUERY: 534 AACAGCAACGTGCCACTGGAGACCCGGCACTTCTCTTCAAGACCTCCTCGGGGAGCACA 593  
 SBJCT: 1034 AACAGTAACGTCCCCTGGAGACTCGGCACTTCTCTTTCAAACGTCGTCTGGAAGCACA 1093  
 35 QUERY: 594 CCCTTGTTTCAGCAGCTCTTCCCCGGGATACCCCTTTGACCTCAGGAACGGTTTACACGCCC 653  
 SBJCT: 1094 CCCCTGTTTCAGCAGCTCTTCTCCGGGATACCCCTTTGACCTCAGGGACCGTTTATACACCA 1153  
 40 QUERY: 654 CCGCCCCGCCTGCTGCCCAGGAATACTTTCTCCAGGAAGGCTTTCAAGCTGAAGAAGCCC 713  
 SBJCT: 1154 CCACCCCGCCTGCTGCCACGGAATACATTCTCCAGGAAGGCCTTCAAGCTGAAGAAACCC 1213  
 45 QUERY: 714 TCCAAATACTGCAGCTGGAATGTGCTGCCCTCTCCGCCATTGCCGCGGCCCTCCTCTTG 773  
 SBJCT: 1214 TCCAAATACTGCAGTTGGAATGTGCTGCCCTGTCTGCCATCGCCGCGGCCCTCCTCTTG 1273  
 50 QUERY: 774 GCTATTTTGCTGGCGTATTTTCATAG 798  
 SBJCT: 1274 GCCATTTTGCTGGCATATTTTCATAG 1298  
 55 SCORE = 480 BITS (242), EXPECT = E-132  
 IDENTITIES = 365/406 (89%)  
 STRAND = PLUS / PLUS  
 60 QUERY: 797 AGTGCCCTGGTCTGTTGAAAAACAGCAGCATAGACAGTGGTGAAGCAGAAGTTGGTCGGCG 856  
 SBJCT: 1420 AGTGCCCTGGTCATTGAAAAACAGCAGCATAGACAGTGGCGAAGCAGAAGTTGGTCGGCG 1479  
 65 QUERY: 857 GGTAACACAAGAAGTCCCACCAGGGGTGTTTTGGAGGTCACAAATTCACATCAGTCAGCC 916  
 SBJCT: 1480 GGTGACACAGGAAGTCCCACCAGGGGTGTTTTGGAGGTCACAGATTACATCAGTCAGCC 1539  
 70 QUERY: 917 CCAGTTCTTAAAGTTCAACATCTCCCTCGGGAAGGACGCTCTCTTTGGTGTTCATATAAG 976  
 SBJCT: 1540 TCAATTCTTAAAGTTCAACATCTCCCTGGGCAAGGATGCCCTCTTCGGTGTCTATATAAG 1599  
 75 QUERY: 977 AAGAGGACTTCCACCATCTCATGCCAGTATGACTTCATGGAACGCTCTGGACGGGAAGGA 1036  
 SBJCT: 1600 GAGAGGACTACCACCGTCTCATGCCAGTATGACTTCATGGAACGCCTGGATGGAAGGA 1659  
 80 QUERY: 1037 GAAGTGGAGTGTGGTTGAGTCTCCAGGGAACGCGGAGCATACAGACCTTGGTTTCAGAA 1096  
 SBJCT: 1660 GAAATGGAGCGTGGTCGAGTCGCCAGGGAACGCGGAGCATCCAGACTCTGGTGCAGAA 1719  
 85 QUERY: 1097 TGAAGCCGTGTTTTGTGCAGTACCTGGATGTGGGCCTGTGGCATCTGGCCTTCTACAATGA 1156  
 SBJCT: 1719 TGAAGCCGTGTTTTGTGCAGTACCTGGATGTGGGCCTGTGGCATCTGGCCTTCTACAATGA 1773





6322, and 176 of 176 bases (100%) identical to bases 6385-6560 of *Homo sapiens* mRNA for KIAA1127 protein (GenBank Acc: AB032953) (Table 3L).

**Table 3L. BLASTN of FCTR3b, c, d, and e against *Homo sapiens* KIAA1127 mRNA (SEQ ID NO:64)**

```

5  >GI|6329762|DBJ|AB032953.1|AB032953 HOMO SAPIENS MRNA FOR KIAA1127 PROTEIN, PARTIAL
    CDS
        LENGTH = 6560

    SCORE = 1.097E+04 BITS (5534), EXPECT = 0.0
10  IDENTITIES = 5537/5538 (99%)
    STRAND = PLUS / PLUS

    QUERY: 3267 CACCTTCTTTAGTGCTGCCCTGGGCAGAATCCCATCGTGCCTGAGACCCAGGTTCTTCA 3326
        |||||||
15  SBJCT: 1 CACCTTCTTTAGTGCTGCCCTGGGCAGAATCCCATCGTGCCTGAGACCCAGGTTCTTCA 60

    QUERY: 3327 TGAAGAAATCGAGCTCCCTGGTTCCAATGTGAAACTTCGCTATCTGAGCTCTAGAACTGC 3386
        |||||||
20  SBJCT: 61 TGAAGAAATCGAGCTCCCTGGTTCCAATGTGAAACTTCGCTATCTGAGCTCTAGAACTGC 120

    QUERY: 3387 AGGGTACAAGTCACTGCTGAAGATCACCATGACCCAGTCCACAGTGCCCTGAACCTCAT 3446
        |||||||
25  SBJCT: 121 AGGGTACAAGTCACTGCTGAAGATCACCATGACCCAGTCCACAGTGCCCTGAACCTCAT 180

    QUERY: 3447 TAGGGTTACCTGATGGTGGCTGTCGAGGGGCATCTCTTCCAGAAGTCATTCCAGGCTTC 3506
        |||||||
30  SBJCT: 181 TAGGGTTACCTGATGGTGGCTGTCGAGGGGCATCTCTTCCAGAAGTCATTCCAGGCTTC 240

    QUERY: 3507 TCCCAACCTGGCCTCCACCTTCATCTGGGACAAGACAGATGCGTATGGCCAAAGGGTGTA 3566
        |||||||
35  SBJCT: 241 TCCCAACCTGGCCTACACCTTCATCTGGGACAAGACAGATGCGTATGGCCAAAGGGTGTA 300

    QUERY: 3567 TGGACTCTCAGATGCTGTTGTGTCTGTCTGGGTTTGAATATGAGACCTGTCCCAGTCTAAT 3626
        |||||||
40  SBJCT: 301 TGGACTCTCAGATGCTGTTGTGTCTGTCTGGGTTTGAATATGAGACCTGTCCCAGTCTAAT 360

    QUERY: 3627 TCTCTGGGAGAAAAGGACAGCCCTCCTTCAGGGATTTCGAGCTGGACCCCTCCAACCTCGG 3686
        |||||||
45  SBJCT: 361 TCTCTGGGAGAAAAGGACAGCCCTCCTTCAGGGATTTCGAGCTGGACCCCTCCAACCTCGG 420

    QUERY: 3687 TGGCTGGTCCCTAGACAAACACCACATCCTCAATGTTAAAAGTGGAATCCTACACAAAGG 3746
        |||||||
50  SBJCT: 421 TGGCTGGTCCCTAGACAAACACCACATCCTCAATGTTAAAAGTGGAATCCTACACAAAGG 480

    QUERY: 3747 CACTGGGGAAAACAGTTCCTGACCCAGCAGCCTGCCATCATCACCAGCATCATGGGCAA 3806
        |||||||
55  SBJCT: 481 CACTGGGGAAAACAGTTCCTGACCCAGCAGCCTGCCATCATCACCAGCATCATGGGCAA 540

    QUERY: 3807 TGGTCGCCGCCGGAGCATTTCCTGTCCCAGCTGCAACGGCCTTGCTGAAGGCAACAAGCT 3866
        |||||||
60  SBJCT: 541 TGGTCGCCGCCGGAGCATTTCCTGTCCCAGCTGCAACGGCCTTGCTGAAGGCAACAAGCT 600

    QUERY: 3867 GCTGGCCCCAGTGGCTCTGGCTGTTGGAATCGATGGGAGCCTCTATGTGGGTGACTTCAA 3926
        |||||||
65  SBJCT: 601 GCTGGCCCCAGTGGCTCTGGCTGTTGGAATCGATGGGAGCCTCTATGTGGGTGACTTCAA 660

    QUERY: 3927 TTACATCCGACGCATCTTTCCCTCTCGAAATGTGACCAGCATCTTGGAGTTACGAAATAA 3986
        |||||||
    SBJCT: 661 TTACATCCGACGCATCTTTCCCTCTCGAAATGTGACCAGCATCTTGGAGTTACGAAATAA 720

    QUERY: 3987 AGAGTTTAAACATAGCAACAACCCAGCACACAAGTACTACTTGGCAGTGGACCCCGTGTC 4046
        |||||||
    SBJCT: 721 AGAGTTTAAACATAGCAACAACCCAGCACACAAGTACTACTTGGCAGTGGACCCCGTGTC 780

    QUERY: 4047 CGGCTCGCTCTACGTGTCCGACACCAACAGCAGGAGAATCTACCGCGTCAAGTCTCTGAG 4106

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QUERY: 5127 CACCCTCACCGTGGGCACCAATGGAGGCCTCAAAGTCGTGTCCACACAGAACCTGGAGCT 5186  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 1861 CACCCTCACCGTGGGCACCAATGGAGGCCTCAAAGTCGTGTCCACACAGAACCTGGAGCT 1920  
  
 QUERY: 5187 TGGTCTCATGACCTATGATGGCAACACTGGGCTCCTGGCCACCAAGAGCGATGAAACAGG 5246  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 1921 TGGTCTCATGACCTATGATGGCAACACTGGGCTCCTGGCCACCAAGAGCGATGAAACAGG 1980  
  
 QUERY: 5247 ATGGACGACTTTCTATGACTATGACCACGAAGGCCGCTGACCAACGTGACGCGCCCCAC 5306  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 1981 ATGGACGACTTTCTATGACTATGACCACGAAGGCCGCTGACCAACGTGACGCGCCCCAC 2040  
  
 QUERY: 5307 GGGGGTGGTAACCAGTCTGCACCGGGAAATGGAGAAATCTATTACCATTGACATTGAGAA 5366  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2041 GGGGGTGGTAACCAGTCTGCACCGGGAAATGGAGAAATCTATTACCATTGACATTGAGAA 2100  
  
 QUERY: 5367 CTCCAACCGTGATGATGACGTCACTGTCTATCACCACCTCTCTTCAGTAGAGGCCTCCTA 5426  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2101 CTCCAACCGTGATGATGACGTCACTGTCTATCACCACCTCTCTTCAGTAGAGGCCTCCTA 2160  
  
 QUERY: 5427 CACAGTGGTACAAGATCAAGTTCGGAACAGCTACCAGCTCTGTAATAATGGTACCCTGAG 5486  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2161 CACAGTGGTACAAGATCAAGTTCGGAACAGCTACCAGCTCTGTAATAATGGTACCCTGAG 2220  
  
 QUERY: 5487 GGTGATGTATGCTAATGGGATGGGTATCAGCTTCCACAGCGAGCCCCATGTCCTAGCGGG 5546  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2221 GGTGATGTATGCTAATGGGATGGGTATCAGCTTCCACAGCGAGCCCCATGTCCTAGCGGG 2280  
  
 QUERY: 5547 CACCATCACCCCCACCATTGGACGCTGCAACATCTCCCTGCCTATGGAGAATGGCTTAAA 5606  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2281 CACCATCACCCCCACCATTGGACGCTGCAACATCTCCCTGCCTATGGAGAATGGCTTAAA 2340  
  
 QUERY: 5607 CTCCATTGAGTGGCGCCTAAGAAAGGAACAGATTAAAGGCAAAGTCACCATCTTTGGCAG 5666  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2341 CTCCATTGAGTGGCGCCTAAGAAAGGAACAGATTAAAGGCAAAGTCACCATCTTTGGCAG 2400  
  
 QUERY: 5667 GAAGCTCCGGGTCCATGGAAGAAATCTCTTGTCCATTGACTATGATCGAAATATTCGGAC 5726  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2401 GAAGCTCCGGGTCCATGGAAGAAATCTCTTGTCCATTGACTATGATCGAAATATTCGGAC 2460  
  
 QUERY: 5727 TGAAAAGATCTATGATGACCACCGGAAGTTCACCCTGAGGATCATTTATGACCAGGTGGG 5786  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2461 TGAAAAGATCTATGATGACCACCGGAAGTTCACCCTGAGGATCATTTATGACCAGGTGGG 2520  
  
 QUERY: 5787 CCGCCCCCTTCTCTGGCTGCCCAGCAGCGGGCTGGCAGCTGTCAACGTGTCATACTTCTT 5846  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2521 CCGCCCCCTTCTCTGGCTGCCCAGCAGCGGGCTGGCAGCTGTCAACGTGTCATACTTCTT 2580  
  
 QUERY: 5847 CAATGGGCGCCTGGCTGGGCTTCAGCGTGGGGCCATGAGCGAGAGGACAGACATCGACAA 5906  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2581 CAATGGGCGCCTGGCTGGGCTTCAGCGTGGGGCCATGAGCGAGAGGACAGACATCGACAA 2640  
  
 QUERY: 5907 GCAAGGCCGCATCGTGTCCCGCATGTTGCTGACGGGAAAGTGTGGAGCTACTCCTACCT 5966  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2641 GCAAGGCCGCATCGTGTCCCGCATGTTGCTGACGGGAAAGTGTGGAGCTACTCCTACCT 2700  
  
 QUERY: 5967 TGACAAGTCCATGGTCCTCCTGCTTCAGAGCCAACGTGAGTATATATTTGAGTATGACTC 6026  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2701 TGACAAGTCCATGGTCCTCCTGCTTCAGAGCCAACGTGAGTATATATTTGAGTATGACTC 2760  
  
 QUERY: 6027 CTCTGACCGCCTCCTTGCCGTACCATGCCAGCGTGGCCCGGCACAGCATGTCCACACA 6086  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2761 CTCTGACCGCCTCCTTGCCGTACCATGCCAGCGTGGCCCGGCACAGCATGTCCACACA 2820  
  
 QUERY: 6087 CACCTCCATCGGCTACATCCGTAATATTTACAACCCGCCTGAAAGCAATGCTTCGGTCAT 6146  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2821 CACCTCCATCGGCTACATCCGTAATATTTACAACCCGCCTGAAAGCAATGCTTCGGTCAT 2880  
  
 QUERY: 6147 CTTTGACTACAGTGATGACGGCCGCATCCTGAAGACCTCTTTTGGGCACCGGACGCCA 6206



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QUERY: 7227 GGAGAGCAGCAGTGGGGAGGAGTACTATGTTGCCTCTGATAACACAGGGACTCCTCTGGC 7286  
|||||  
SBJCT: 3961 GGAGAGCAGCAGTGGGGAGGAGTACTATGTTGCCTCTGATAACACAGGGACTCCTCTGGC 4020  
  
QUERY: 7287 TGTGTTTCAGCATCAACGGCCTCATGATCAAACAGCTGCAGTACACGGCCTATGGGGAGAT 7346  
|||||  
SBJCT: 4021 TGTGTTTCAGCATCAACGGCCTCATGATCAAACAGCTGCAGTACACGGCCTATGGGGAGAT 4080  
  
QUERY: 7347 TTATTATGACTCCAACCCGACTTCCAGATGGTCATTGGCTTCCATGGGGACTCTATGA 7406  
|||||  
SBJCT: 4081 TTATTATGACTCCAACCCGACTTCCAGATGGTCATTGGCTTCCATGGGGACTCTATGA 4140  
  
QUERY: 7407 CCCCCTGACCAAGCTGGTCCACTTCACTCAGCGTGATTATGATGTGCTGGCAGGACGATG 7466  
|||||  
SBJCT: 4141 CCCCCTGACCAAGCTGGTCCACTTCACTCAGCGTGATTATGATGTGCTGGCAGGACGATG 4200  
  
QUERY: 7467 GACCTCCCCAGACTATACCATGTGGA AAAACGTGGGCAAGGAGCCGCCCCCTTTAACCT 7526  
|||||  
SBJCT: 4201 GACCTCCCCAGACTATACCATGTGGA AAAACGTGGGCAAGGAGCCGCCCCCTTTAACCT 4260  
  
QUERY: 7527 GTATATGTTCAAGAGCAACAATCCTCTCAGCAGTGAGCTAGATTTGAAGAACTACGTGAC 7586  
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SBJCT: 4261 GTATATGTTCAAGAGCAACAATCCTCTCAGCAGTGAGCTAGATTTGAAGAACTACGTGAC 4320  
  
QUERY: 7587 AGATGTGAAAAGCTGGCTTGTGATGTTTGGATTTTCAGCTTAGCAACATCATTCTGGCTT 7646  
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SBJCT: 4321 AGATGTGAAAAGCTGGCTTGTGATGTTTGGATTTTCAGCTTAGCAACATCATTCTGGCTT 4380  
  
QUERY: 7647 CCCGAGAGCCAAAATGTATTTTCGTGCCTCCTCCCTATGAATTGTCAGAGAGTCAAGCAAG 7706  
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SBJCT: 4381 CCCGAGAGCCAAAATGTATTTTCGTGCCTCCTCCCTATGAATTGTCAGAGAGTCAAGCAAG 4440  
  
QUERY: 7707 TGAGAATGGACAGCTCATTACAGGTGTCCAACAGACAACAGAGAGACATAACCAGGCCTT 7766  
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SBJCT: 4441 TGAGAATGGACAGCTCATTACAGGTGTCCAACAGACAACAGAGAGACATAACCAGGCCTT 4500  
  
QUERY: 7767 CATGGCTCTGGAAGGACAGGTCATTACTAAAAAGCTCCACGCCAGCATCCGAGAGAAAGC 7826  
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SBJCT: 4501 CATGGCTCTGGAAGGACAGGTCATTACTAAAAAGCTCCACGCCAGCATCCGAGAGAAAGC 4560  
  
QUERY: 7827 AGGTCACTGGTTTGCCACCACCACGCCCATCATTGGCAAAGGCATCATGTTTGCCATCAA 7886  
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SBJCT: 4561 AGGTCACTGGTTTGCCACCACCACGCCCATCATTGGCAAAGGCATCATGTTTGCCATCAA 4620  
  
QUERY: 7887 AGAAGGGCGGGTGACCACGGGCGTGTCCAGCATCGCCAGCGAAGATAGCCGCAAGGTGGC 7946  
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SBJCT: 4621 AGAAGGGCGGGTGACCACGGGCGTGTCCAGCATCGCCAGCGAAGATAGCCGCAAGGTGGC 4680  
  
QUERY: 7947 ATCTGTGCTGAACAACGCCTACTACCTGGACAAGATGCACTACAGCATCGAGGGCAAGGA 8006  
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SBJCT: 4681 ATCTGTGCTGAACAACGCCTACTACCTGGACAAGATGCACTACAGCATCGAGGGCAAGGA 4740  
  
QUERY: 8007 CACCCACTACTTTGTGAAGATTGGCTCAGCCGATGGCGACCTGGTCACACTAGGCACCAC 8066  
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SBJCT: 4741 CACCCACTACTTTGTGAAGATTGGCTCAGCCGATGGCGACCTGGTCACACTAGGCACCAC 4800  
  
QUERY: 8067 CATCGGCCGCAAGGTGCTAGAGAGCGGGGTGAACGTGACCGTGTCCCAGCCCACGCTGCT 8126  
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SBJCT: 4801 CATCGGCCGCAAGGTGCTAGAGAGCGGGGTGAACGTGACCGTGTCCCAGCCCACGCTGCT 4860  
  
QUERY: 8127 GGTCAACGGCAGGACTCGAAGGTTACGAACATTGAGTTCCAGTACTCCACGCTGCTGCT 8186  
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SBJCT: 4861 GGTCAACGGCAGGACTCGAAGGTTACGAACATTGAGTTCCAGTACTCCACGCTGCTGCT 4920  
  
QUERY: 8187 CAGCATCCGCTATGGCCTCACCCCGACACCCTGGACGAAGAGAAGGCCCGCTCCTGGA 8246  
|||||  
SBJCT: 4921 CAGCATCCGCTATGGCCTCACCCCGACACCCTGGACGAAGAGAAGGCCCGCTCCTGGA 4980  
  
QUERY: 8247 CCAGGCGAGACAGAGGGCCCTGGGCACGGCCTGGGCCAAGGAGCAGCAGAAAGCCAGGGA 8306



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SBJCT: 4981 CCAGGCGAGACAGAGGGCCCTGGGCACGGCCTGGGCCAAGGAGCAGCAGAAAGCCAGGGA 5040

5
QUERY: 8307 CGGGAGAGAGGGGAGCCGCCTGTGGACTGAGGGCGAGAAGCAGCAGCTTCTGAGCACC GG 8366
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SBJCT: 5041 CGGGAGAGAGGGGAGCCGCCTGTGGACTGAGGGCGAGAAGCAGCAGCTTCTGAGCACC GG 5100

10
QUERY: 8367 GCGCGTGCAAGGGTACGAGGGATATTACGTGCTTCCCGTGGAGCAATACCCAGAGCTTGC 8426
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SBJCT: 5101 GCGCGTGCAAGGGTACGAGGGATATTACGTGCTTCCCGTGGAGCAATACCCAGAGCTTGC 5160

15
QUERY: 8427 AGACAGTAGCAGCAACATCCAGTTTTTAAGACAGAATGAGATGGGAAAGAGGTAACAAAA 8486
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SBJCT: 5161 AGACAGTAGCAGCAACATCCAGTTTTTAAGACAGAATGAGATGGGAAAGAGGTAACAAAA 5220

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QUERY: 8487 TAATCTGCTGCCATTCTTGTCTGAATGGCTCAGCAGGAGTAAGTGTATCTCCTCTCCT 8546
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SBJCT: 5221 TAATCTGCTGCCATTCTTGTCTGAATGGCTCAGCAGGAGTAAGTGTATCTCCTCTCCT 5280

25
QUERY: 8547 AAGGAGATGAAGACCTAACAGGGGCACTGCGGCTGGGCTGCTTTAGGAGACCAAGTGGCA 8606
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SBJCT: 5281 AAGGAGATGAAGACCTAACAGGGGCACTGCGGCTGGGCTGCTTTAGGAGACCAAGTGGCA 5340

30
QUERY: 8607 AGAAAGCTCACATTTTTTGTAGTTCAAATGCTACTGTCCAAGCGAGAAGTCCCTCATCCTG 8666
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SBJCT: 5341 AGAAAGCTCACATTTTTTGTAGTTCAAATGCTACTGTCCAAGCGAGAAGTCCCTCATCCTG 5400

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QUERY: 8667 AAGTAGACTAAAGCCCGGCTGAAAATCCGAGGAAAACAAAACAAACGAATGAATGAACA 8726
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SBJCT: 5401 AAGTAGACTAAAGCCCGGCTGAAAATCCGAGGAAAACAAAACAAACGAATGAATGAACA 5460

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QUERY: 8727 GACACACACAATGTTCCAAGTTCCCTTAAATATGACCCACTTGTCTGGGTCTACGCAG 8786
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SBJCT: 5461 GACACACACAATGTTCCAAGTTCCCTTAAATATGACCCACTTGTCTGGGTCTACGCAG 5520

45
QUERY: 8787 AAAAGAGACGCAAAGTGT 8804
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SBJCT: 5521 AAAAGAGACGCAAAGTGT 5538

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SCORE = 1362 BITS (687), EXPECT = 0.0
IDENTITIES = 705/714 (98%)
STRAND = PLUS / PLUS

45
QUERY: 8875 CACGGACCGATAAACAAGAGCGAAGATAAGAAAGAAGGCCTCATATCCAATTACCTCA 8934
|||||
SBJCT: 5609 CACGGACCGATAAACAAGAGCGAAGATAAGAAAGAAGGCCTCATATCCAATTACCTCA 5668

50
QUERY: 8935 CTCATTACATGTGAGCGACACGCAGACATCCGCGAGGGCCAGCGTCACCAGACCAGCTG 8994
|||||
SBJCT: 5669 CTCATTACATGTGAGCGACACGCAGACATCCGCGAGGGCCAGCGTCACCAGACCAGCTG 5728

55
QUERY: 8995 CGGGACAAACCACTCAGACTGCTTGTAGGACAAATACTTCTGACATTTTCGTTTAAAGCAA 9054
|||||
SBJCT: 5729 CGGGACAAACCACTCAGACTGCTTGTAGGACAAATACTTCTGACATTTTCGTTTAAAGCAA 5788

60
QUERY: 9055 ATACAGGTGCATTTAAACACGACTTTGGGGGTGATTTGTGTGTAGCGCTGGGGAGGGG 9114
|||||
SBJCT: 5789 ATACAGGTGCATTTAAACACGACTTTGGGGGTGATTTGTGTGTAGCGCTGGGGAGGGG 5848

65
QUERY: 9115 GGATAAAAGAGGAGGAGTGAGCACTGGAAATACTTTTTAAAGNNNNNNNNNNCATGAGGGA 9174
|||||
SBJCT: 5849 GGATAAAAGAGGAGGAGTGAGCACTGGAAATACTTTTTAAAGAAAAAAAACATGAGGGA 5908

70
QUERY: 9175 ATAAAGAAATTCCTATCAAAAAATCAAAGTGAATAATACCATCCAGCACTTAACTCTCA 9234
|||||
SBJCT: 5909 ATAAAGAAATTCCTATCAAAAAATCAAAGTGAATAATACCATCCAGCACTTAACTCTCA 5968

QUERY: 9235 GGTCCCAACTAAGTCTGGCCTGAGCTAATTTATTTGAGCGCAGAGTGTAATAATTTAATTC 9294
|||||
SBJCT: 5969 GGTCCCAACTAAGTCTGGCCTGAGCTAATTTATTTGAGCGCAGAGTGTAATAATTTAATTC 6028

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QUERY: 9295 AAAATGGTGGCTATAATCACTACAGATAAAATTCATACTCTTTGTCTTTGGAGATTCCA 9354  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 6029 AAAATGGTGGCTATAATCACTACAGATAAAATTCATACTCTTTGTCTTTGGAGATTCCA 6088  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 9355 TTGTGGACAGTAATACGCAGTTACAGGGTGTAGTCTGTTTAGATTCCGTAGTTCGTGGGT 9414  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 6089 TTGTGGACAGTAATACGCAGTTACAGGGTGTAGTCTGTTTAGATTCCGTAGTTCGTGGGT 6148  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 9415 ATCAGTTTCGGTAGAGGTGCAGCATCGTGACACTTTTGCTAACAGGTACCACTTCTGATC 9474  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 6149 ATCAGTTTCGGTAGAGGTGCAGCATCGTGACACTTTTGCTAACAGGTACCACTTCTGATC 6208  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 9475 ACCCTGTACATACATGAGCCGAAAGGCACAATCACTGTTTCAGATTTAAAATTATTAGTG 9534  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 6209 ACCCTGTACATACATGAGCCGAAAGGCACAATCACTGTTTCAGATTTAAAATTATTAGTG 6268  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 9535 TGTTTGTTTGGTCCAGAAACTGAGACAATCACATGACAGTCACCACGAGGAGAG 9588  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 6269 TGTTTGTTTGGTCCAGAAACTGAGACAATCACATGACAGTCACCACGAGGAGAG 6322  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SCORE = 349 BITS (176), EXPECT = 2E-92  
 IDENTITIES = 176/176 (100%)  
 STRAND = PLUS / PLUS  
 QUERY: 9651 GTCTAATAAGAACTTTGGTACAGGAACCTTTTTTGTAATATACATGTATGAATTGTTTCATC 9710  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 6385 GTCTAATAAGAACTTTGGTACAGGAACCTTTTTTGTAATATACATGTATGAATTGTTTCATC 6444  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 9711 GAGTTTTTATATTAATTTTAATTTGCTGCTAAGCAAAGACTAGGGACAGGCAAAGATAAT 9770  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 6445 GAGTTTTTATATTAATTTTAATTTGCTGCTAAGCAAAGACTAGGGACAGGCAAAGATAAT 6504  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 9771 TTATGGCAAAGTGTTTAAATTGTTTATACATAAATAAAGTCTCTAAAACTCCTGTG 9826  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 6505 TTATGGCAAAGTGTTTAAATTGTTTATACATAAATAAAGTCTCTAAAACTCCTGTG 6560  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||

In this search it was also found that the FCTR3bcd and e nucleic acids had homology to  
 five fragments of *Mus musculus* mRNA for Ten-m2. It has 5498 of 6108 bases (90%) identical to  
 bases 2504-8610, 1095 of 1196 bases (91%) identical to bases 103-1298, 1000 of 1088 bases  
 (91%) identical to bases 1420-2540, 81 of 89 bases (91%) identical to bases 8655-8743, and 30  
 of 32 bases (93%) identical to bases 7-38 of *Mus musculus* mRNA for Ten-m2 (Table 3M).

**Table 3M. BLASTN of FCTR3b, c, d, and e against *Mus musculus* mRNA for Ten-m2**

**Mrna (SEQ ID NO:65)**

>GI|4760777|DBJ|AB025411.1|AB025411 MUS MUSCULUS MRNA FOR TEN-M2, COMPLETE CDS  
 LENGTH = 8797

SCORE = 7263 BITS (3664), EXPECT = 0.0  
 IDENTITIES = 5498/6108 (90%), GAPS = 1/6108 (0%)  
 STRAND = PLUS / PLUS

QUERY: 2578 GATGGCTGCCCTGACTTGTGCAACGGTAACGGGAGATGCACACTGGGTGAGAACAGCTGG 2637  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2504 GATGGCTGCCCTGATTGTGCAACGGTAACGGGAGATGCACACTGGGTGAGAACAGCTGG 2563  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 2638 CAGTGTGTCTGCCAGACCGGCTGGAGAGGGCCCGGATGCAACGTTGCCATGGAACTTCC 2697  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2564 CAGTGTGTCTGCCAGACCGGCTGGAGAGGGCCCGGATGCAACGTTGCCATGGAACTTCC 2623  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 2698 TGTGCTGATAACAAGGATAATGAGGGAGATGGCCTGGTGGATTGTTTGGACCCTGACTGC 2757  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||

SBJCT: 2624 TGCCTGATAACAAGGATAATGAGGGAGATGGCCTGGTGGACTGCCTGGACCCTGACTGC 2683  
 QUERY: 2758 TGCCTGCAGTCAGCCTGTGAGAACAGCCTGCTCTGCCGGGGTCCCGGGACCCACTGGAC 2817  
 SBJCT: 2684 TGCCTACAGTCAGCCTGTGAGAACAGCCTGCTCTGCCGGGGTCTCGGGACCCCTTGGAC 2743  
 QUERY: 2818 ATCATTAGCAGGGCCAGACGGATTGGCCCGCAGTGAAGTCCTTCTATGACCGTATCAAG 2877  
 SBJCT: 2744 ATCATTAGCAAGGTGAGACAGACTGGCCTGCAGTGAAGTCCTTCTATGACCGCATCAAG 2803  
 QUERY: 2878 CTCTTGGCAGGCAAGGATAGCACCCACATCATTCTGGAGAGAACCCTTTCAACAGCAGC 2937  
 SBJCT: 2804 CTCTTGGCAGGCAAGGACAGCACCCACATCATTCTGGAGACAACCCCTTCAATAGCAGC 2863  
 QUERY: 2938 TTGGTTTCTCTCATCCGAGGCCAAGTAGTAACACAGATGGAACCTCCCTGGTGGTGTG 2997  
 SBJCT: 2864 CTGGTGTCTCTGATCCGAGGCCAAGTAGTAACCATGGATGGGACTCCCTTGGTGGTGTG 2923  
 QUERY: 2998 AACGTGTCTTTTGTCAAGTACCCAAAATACGGCTACACCATCACCCGCCAGGATGGCAGC 3057  
 SBJCT: 2924 AATGTGTCTTTTGTCAAGTACCCAAAATATGGCTACACCATCACTCGCCAGGATGGCAGC 2983  
 QUERY: 3058 TTCGACCTGATCGCAAATGGAGGTGCTTCTTGACTCTACACTTTGAGCGAGCCCCGTTT 3117  
 SBJCT: 2984 TTTGACCTGATTGCCAATGGGGGTTCTGCCCTGACTCTTCACTTTGAGCGAGCCCCCTT 3043  
 QUERY: 3118 ATGAGCCAGGAGCGCACTGTGTGGCTGCCGTGGAACAGCTTTTACGCCATGGACACCCTG 3177  
 SBJCT: 3044 ATGAGCCAGGAGCGCACAGTGTGGCTGCCATGGAACAGCTTCTATGCCATGGACACCCTG 3103  
 QUERY: 3178 GTGATGAAGACCGAGGAGAACTCCATCCCAGCTGTGACCTCAGTGGCTTTGTCCGGCCT 3237  
 SBJCT: 3104 GTAATGAAGACCGAGGAAAACCTCCATCCCAGCTGTGACCTCAGTGGCTTTGTCCGGCCA 3163  
 QUERY: 3238 GATCCAATCATCATCTCCTCCCCACTGTCCACCTTCTTTAGTGCTGCCCTGGGCAGAAT 3297  
 SBJCT: 3164 GATCCAATCATCATCTCCTCTCCTCTGTCCACCTTCTTACGCGCTTCCCTGCCTCGAAC 3223  
 QUERY: 3298 CCCATCGTGCCTGAGACCCAGGTTCTTCATGAAGAAATCGAGCTCCCTGGTTCCAATGTG 3357  
 SBJCT: 3224 CCCATTGTGCCTGAGACCCAGGTTCTTCATGAAGAAATGAGCTCCCTGGTACCAATGTG 3283  
 QUERY: 3358 AAACCTTCGCTATCTGAGCTCTAGAACTGCAGGGTACAAGTCACTGTGAAGATCACCATG 3417  
 SBJCT: 3284 AAGCTCCGTTATCTCAGCTCTAGAACTGCAGGGTATAAGTCGCTGTGAAGATCACCATG 3343  
 QUERY: 3418 ACCCAGTCCACAGTGCCCCCTGAACCTCATTAGGGTTACCTGATGGTGGCTGTGAGGGG 3477  
 SBJCT: 3344 ACGCAGTCCACAGTGCCCTTGAACCTCATCAGGGTTCACTGATGGTTGCTGTAGAGGGG 3403  
 QUERY: 3478 CATCTCTTCCAGAAGTCATTCCAGGCTTCTCCCAACCTGGCCTCCACCTTCATCTGGGAC 3537  
 SBJCT: 3404 CATCTCTTCCAGAAGTCATTCCAGGCTTCTCCCAACCTAGCCTACACATTCATCTGGGAC 3463  
 QUERY: 3538 AAGACAGATGCGTATGGCCAAAGGGTGTATGGACTCTCAGATGCTGTTGTGTCTGTGGG 3597  
 SBJCT: 3464 AAGACAGATGCTTATGGCCAAAGGGTTTATGGCCTATCGGATGCTGTTGTGTCTGTTGGG 3523  
 QUERY: 3598 TTTGAATATGAGACCTGTCCCAGTCTAATTCTCTGGGAGAAAAGGACAGCCCTCCTTCAG 3657  
 SBJCT: 3524 TTTGAATATGAGACCTGCCCCAGTCTCATCTGTGGGAGAAAAGGACAGCCCTGCTTCAG 3583  
 QUERY: 3658 GGATTCGAGCTGGACCCCTCCAACCTCGGTGGCTGGTCCCTAGACAAACACCACATCCTC 3717  
 SBJCT: 3584 GGATTCGAGCTGGACCCCTCCAACCTTGGAGGCTGGTCCCTGGACAAACACCACACCTC 3643  
 QUERY: 3718 AATGTTAAAAGTGAATCCTACACAAAGGCACTGGGGAAAACAGTTCCTGACCCAGCAG 3777  
 SBJCT: 3644 AATGTGAAAAGCGGAATACTACACAAAGGGACAGGGGAGAACAGTTCCTGACCCAGCAG 3703

QUERY: 3778 CCTGCCATCATCACCAGCATCATGGGCAATGGTCGCCGCCGAGCATTTCTGTCCCAGC 3837  
 SBJCT: 3704 CCTGCCATCATCAGAGCATCATGGGCAACGGTCGCCGCAGAAGCATCTCCTGTCCCAGC 3763  
 5 QUERY: 3838 TGCAACGGCCTTGCTGAAGGCAACAAGCTGCTGGCCCCAGTGGCTCTGGCTGTGGAATC 3897  
 SBJCT: 3764 TGCAATGGCCTTGCTGAAGGCAACAACTGTTAGCCCCTGTGGCCCTGGCTGTGGGGATC 3823  
 10 QUERY: 3898 GATGGGAGCCTCTATGTGGGTGACTTCAATTACATCCGACGCATCTTTCCTCTCGAAAT 3957  
 SBJCT: 3824 GATGGGAGCCTCTTGTGTTGGTGACTTCAACTATATCCGGCGCATCTTTCCTCTCGAAAT 3883  
 QUERY: 3958 GTGACCAGCATCTTGGAGTTACGAAATAAAGAGTTTAAACATAGCAACAACCCAGCACAC 4017  
 15 SBJCT: 3884 GTGACCAGTATCTTGGAGTTACGAAATAAAGAGTTTAAACATAGCAACAGCCCAGGACAC 3943  
 QUERY: 4018 AAGTACTACTTGGCAGTGGACCCCGTGTCCGGCTCGCTCTACGTGTCCGACACCAACAGC 4077  
 SBJCT: 3944 AAGTACTACTTGGCTGTGGACCCCGTACTGGCTCACTCTACGTCTGTGACACCAACAGT 4003  
 20 QUERY: 4078 AGGAGAATCTACCGCGTCAAGTCTCTGAGTGGAAACAAAGACCTGGCTGGGAATTCGGAA 4137  
 SBJCT: 4004 CGCCGAATCTACCGAGTCAAGTCTCTGAGCGGAGCCAAAGACCTGGCTGGAAATTCGGAA 4063  
 25 QUERY: 4138 GTTGTGGCAGGGACGGGAGAGCAGTGTCTACCCCTTTGATGAAGCCCCTGCGGGGATGGA 4197  
 SBJCT: 4064 GTTGTGGCAGGGACTGGCGAACAATGTCTACCCCTTTGATGAAGCCCCTGTGGGGATGGA 4123  
 30 QUERY: 4198 GGGGAAGGCCATAGATGCAACCCTGATGAGCCCAGAGGTATTGCAGTAGACAAGAATGGG 4257  
 SBJCT: 4124 GGGGAAGGCTGTGGACGCCACCCTGATGAGCCCAGAGGTATTGCAGTAGACAAGAATGGG 4183  
 QUERY: 4258 CTCATGTACTTTGTGCGATGCCACCATGATCCGGAAGGTTGACCAGAATGGAATCATCTCC 4317  
 35 SBJCT: 4184 CTTATGTACTTTGTTGATGCCACCATGATCCGGAAGGTGGACCAAAACGGAATCATCTCC 4243  
 QUERY: 4318 ACCCTGCTGGGCTCCAATGACCTCACTGCCGTCCGGCCGCTGAGCTGTGATTCCAGCATG 4377  
 SBJCT: 4244 ACCCTGCTGGGCTCCAATGACCTCACAGCTGTCCGACCACTGAGCTGTGACTCGAGCATG 4303  
 40 QUERY: 4378 GATGTAGCCCAGGTTCTGCTGGAGTGGCCAAACAGACCTTGCTGTCAATCCCATGGATAAC 4437  
 SBJCT: 4304 GACGTGGCCCAGGTCCGTCTAGAATGGCCGACAGACCTCGCCGTCAACCCCATGGACAAC 4363  
 45 QUERY: 4438 TCCTTGATGTTCTAGAGAACAATGTCATCCTTCGAATCACCGAGAACCACCAAGTCAGC 4497  
 SBJCT: 4364 TCCCTGTACGTTCTGGAGAACAACGTATCCTGCGGATCACGGAGAACCACCAAGTCAGC 4423  
 QUERY: 4498 ATCATTGCGGGACGCCCCATGCACTGCCAAGTTCTGGCATTGACTACTCACTCAGCAAA 4557  
 50 SBJCT: 4424 ATCATCGCGGACGGCCTATGCACTGCCAGGTTCCCGGCATCGACTACTCGCTCAGCAAA 4483  
 QUERY: 4558 CTAGCCATTCACTCTGCCCTGGAGTCAGCCAGTGCCATTGCCATTTCTCACACTGGGGTC 4617  
 55 SBJCT: 4484 CTCGCCATCCACTCTGCGCTGGAATCAGCCAGCGCCATTGCCATTTCTCACACTGGGGTG 4543  
 QUERY: 4618 CTCTACATCACTGAGACAGATGAGAAGAAGATTAACCGTCTACGCCAGGTAACAACCAAC 4677  
 SBJCT: 4544 CTCTACATCACTGAGACGGACGAGAAGAAGATCAACCGCTACGCCAAGTCACCACCAAT 4603  
 60 QUERY: 4678 GGGGAGATCTGCCTTTTAGCTGGGGCAGCCTCGGACTGCGACTGCAAAAACGATGTCAAT 4737  
 SBJCT: 4604 GGAGAGATCTGCCTCTTAGCCGGGGCGGCCTCAGACTGTGACTGCAAAAACGATGTCAAC 4663  
 65 QUERY: 4738 TGCAACTGCTATTCAAGGAGATGATGCCTACGCGACTGATGCCATCTTGAATTCCTCATCA 4797  
 SBJCT: 4664 TGCATCTGCTACTCGGGAGATGACGCTTACGCCACGGACGCCATCCTGAACTCGCCGTCC 4723  
 70 QUERY: 4798 TCCTTAGCTGTAGCTCCAGATGGTACCATTACATTGCAGACCTTGGAAATATTCGGATC 4857

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SBJCT: 4724 TCCTTAGCCGTGGCTCCGGATGGCACCATCTACATTGCAGACCTTGGGAATATCCGGATC 4783

QUERY: 4858 AGGGCGGTGAGCAAGAACAAGCCTGTTCTTAATGCCTTCAACCAGTATGAGGCTGCATCC 4917  
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5 SBJCT: 4784 AGGGCGGTGAGCAAAAAATAAACCCGTCTTAACGCATTCAACCAGTATGAGGCTGCATCT 4843

QUERY: 4918 CCCGGAGAGCAGGAGTTATATGTTTTCAACGCTGATGGCATCCACCAATACACTGTGAGC 4977  
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10 SBJCT: 4844 CCGGGAGAACAGGAATTGTACGTGTTCAACGCTGATGGTATCCATCAGTACACTGTGAGT 4903

QUERY: 4978 CTGGTGACAGGGGAGTACTTGTACAATTTACATATAGTACTGACAATGATGTCACTGAA 5037  
|||||

15 SBJCT: 4904 CTGGTGACTGGGGAGTACTTGTACAATTTACATACAGCGCTGACAATGACGTACCCGAG 4963

QUERY: 5038 TTGATTGACAATAATGGGAATTCCTGAAGATCCGTCGGGACAGCAGTGGCATGCCCCGT 5097  
|||||

20 SBJCT: 4964 TTGATTGACAACAACGGGAATTCCTTAAAGATCCGCCGGGACAGCAGTGGCATGCCCCGC 5023

QUERY: 5098 CACCTGCTCATGCCTGACAACCAGATCATCACCTCACCGTGGGCACCAATGGAGGCCTC 5157  
|||||

25 SBJCT: 5024 CACCTGCTCATGCCGATAATCAGATTATCACCTTACTGTGGGCACCAATGGAGGCCTC 5083

QUERY: 5158 AAAGTCGTGTCCACACAGAACCTGGAGCTTGGTCTCATGACCTATGATGGCAACACTGGG 5217  
|||||

30 SBJCT: 5084 AAAGCCGTGTCCACTCAGAACCTGGAGCTGGGCCTCATGACTTATGATGGGAACACTGGA 5143

QUERY: 5218 CTCCTGGCCACCAAGAGCGATGAAACAGGATGGACGACTTTCTATGACTATGACCACGAA 5277  
|||||

35 SBJCT: 5144 CTCCTAGCCACCAAGAGTGATGAAACCGGATGGACAACTTTTTATGACTATGACCACGAG 5203

QUERY: 5278 GGCCGCCTGACCAACGTGACGCGCCCCACGGGGTGGTAACCAGTCTGCACCGGGAAATG 5337  
|||||

40 SBJCT: 5204 GGCCGTCTGACCAATGTGACCCGCCCCACGGGCGTGGTGACCAGTCTGCACCGGGAAATG 5263

QUERY: 5338 GAGAAATCTATTACCATTGACATTGAGAACTCCAACCGTGATGATGACGTCACTGTCATC 5397  
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45 SBJCT: 5264 GAGAAATCTATCACCATTGACATTGAGAACTCCAACCGGATGATGACGTCACTGTGATC 5323

QUERY: 5398 ACCAACCTCTCTTCAGTAGAGGCCTCCTACACAGTGGTACAAGATCAAGTTCGGAACAGC 5457  
|||||

50 SBJCT: 5324 ACCAACCTCTCCTCCGTGGAGGCCTCCTATACAGTGGTACAAGATCAAGTGCGAAACAGC 5383

QUERY: 5458 TACCAGCTCTGTAATAATGGTACCCTGAGGGTGATGTATGCTAATGGGATGGGTATCAGC 5517  
|||||

55 SBJCT: 5384 TACCAGCTCTGCAATAATGGAACCTGCGGGTGATGTACGCCAACGGCATGGCTGTCAGC 5443

QUERY: 5518 TTCCACAGCGAGCCCCATGTCCTAGCGGGCACCATCACCCCCACCATTGGACGCTGCAAC 5577  
|||||

60 SBJCT: 5444 TTCCACAGTGAGCCCCACGTCTCGCAGGCACCATCACCCCCACCATCGGGCGCTGCAAC 5503

QUERY: 5578 ATCTCCTGCTATGGAGAATGGCTTAAACTCCATTGAGTGGCGCTAAGAAAGGAACAG 5637  
|||||

65 SBJCT: 5504 ATCTCTCTGCCCATGGAGAATGGCCTGAACTCCATCGAGTGGCGCTGAGGAAGGAACAG 5563

QUERY: 5638 ATTAAAGGCAAAGTCACCATCTTTGGCAGGAAGCTCCGGGTCCATGGAAGAAATCTCTTG 5697  
|||

70 SBJCT: 5564 ATCAAAGGCAAAGTCACCATCTTTGGGAGGAAGCTTCGGGTCCACGGAAGGAATCTCTTG 5623

QUERY: 5698 TCCATTGACTATGATCGAAATATTCGGACTGAAAAGATCTATGATGACCACCGGAAGTTC 5757  
|||||

SBJCT: 5624 TCCATTGATTATGACCGAAATATCCGTACGGAGAAGATCTACGATGACCACCGGAATTC 5683

QUERY: 5758 ACCCTGAGGATCATTTATGACCAGGTGGGCCGCCCTTCCTCTGGCTGCCAGCAGCGGG 5817  
|||||

SBJCT: 5684 ACCCTGAGGATCATCTATGACCAGGTGGGCCGCCCTTCCTGTGGCTCCCGAGCAGTGGG 5743

QUERY: 5818 CTGGCAGCTGTCAACGTGTCATACTTCTTCAATGGGCGCTGGCTGGGCTTCAGCGTGGG 5877  
|||||

SBJCT: 5744 CTGGCAGCCGTCAATGTCTCCTACTTCTTCAATGGGCGCTGGGCCGCCCTCCAGCGAGGG 5803

QUERY: 5878 GCCATGAGCGAGAGGACAGACATCGACAAGCAAGGCCGATCGTGTCCCGCATGTTTCGCT 5937  
 SBJCT: 5804 GCCATGAGCGAGAGGACAGACATTGACAAGCAAGGCCGATCGTGTCCCGCATGTTTCGCC 5863  
 5 QUERY: 5938 GACGGGAAAGTGTGGAGCTACTCCTACCTTGACAAGTCCATGGTCTCCTGCTTCAGAGC 5997  
 SBJCT: 5864 GACGGGAAAGTCTGGAGTTATTTCCTATCTTGACAAGTCCATGGTCTTCTGCTACAGAGC 5923  
 10 QUERY: 5998 CAACGTCAGTATATATTGAGTATGACTCCTCTGACCGCCTCCTTGCCGTACCATGCCC 6057  
 SBJCT: 5924 CAACGTCAGTACATATTGAATATGACTCCTCCGATCGCCTCCACGCAGTCACTATGCCC 5983  
 15 QUERY: 6058 AGCGTGGCCCGGCACAGCATGTCCACACACACCTCCATCGGCTACATCCGTAATATTTAC 6117  
 SBJCT: 5984 AGTGTGCGCCCGGCACAGCATGTCCACGCACACCTCCATTGGTTACATCCGAAACATTTAC 6043  
 20 QUERY: 6118 AACCCGCCTGAAAGCAATGCTTCGGTCATCTTTGACTACAGTGATGACGGCCGCATCCTG 6177  
 SBJCT: 6044 AACCCACCCGAAAGCAATGCATCGGTCACTTTGACTACAGTGATGACGGCCGCATCCTA 6103  
 25 QUERY: 6178 AAGACCTCCTTTTTGGGCACCGGACGCCAGGTGTTCTACAAGTATGGGAAACTCTCCAAG 6237  
 SBJCT: 6104 AAGACATCTTTCTTGGGCACTGGGCGCCAGGTGTTCTACAAGTATGGAAAACCTCTCCAAG 6163  
 30 QUERY: 6238 TTATCAGAGATTGTCTACGACAGTACCGCCGTACCTTCGGGTATGACGAGACCACTGGT 6297  
 SBJCT: 6164 TTATCAGAGATAGTCTACGACAGCACAGCCGTACCTTTGGGTATGACGAGACCACCGGT 6223  
 35 QUERY: 6298 GTCTTGAAGATGGTCAACCTCCAAAGTGGGGGCTTCTCCTGCACCATCAGGTACCGGAAG 6357  
 SBJCT: 6224 GTCCTGAAGATGGTCAATCTCAAAGTGGGGGCTTCTCCTGTACCATCAGGTACCGGAAG 6283  
 40 QUERY: 6358 ATTGGCCCCCTGGTGGACAAGCAGATCTACAGGTTCTCCGAGGAAGGCATGGTCAATGCC 6417  
 SBJCT: 6284 GTTGGGCCCCCTGTGGACAAGCAGATTTACAGGTTCTCTGAGGAAGGAATGATCAACGCC 6343  
 45 QUERY: 6418 AGGTTTGACTACACCTATCATGACAACAGCTTCCGCATCGCAAGCATCAAGCCCGTCATA 6477  
 SBJCT: 6344 AGGTTTGATTATACCTATCACGACAATAGCTTCCGCATTGCCAGCATCAAACCCGTCATT 6403  
 50 QUERY: 6478 AGTGAGACTCCCCTCCCCGTTGACCTCTACCGCTATGATGAGATTTCTGGCAAGGTGGAA 6537  
 SBJCT: 6404 AGCGAGACTCCCCTTCTGTGACCTCTACCGCTATGACGAGATTTCCGGCAAGGTGGAA 6463  
 55 QUERY: 6538 CACTTTGGTAAGTTTGGAGTCATCTATTATGACATCAACCAGATCATCACCCTGCCGTG 6597  
 SBJCT: 6464 CACTTCGGCAAGTTTGGGGTCATCTACTACGACATCAACCAGATCATCACCCTGCCGTG 6523  
 60 QUERY: 6598 ATGACCCCTCAGCAAACTTCGACACCCATGGGCGGATCAAGGAGGTCCAGTATGAGATG 6657  
 SBJCT: 6524 ATGACGCTTAGCAAGCACTTTGACACCCATGGGCGCATCAAGGAAGTGCAATATGAGATG 6583  
 65 QUERY: 6658 TTCCGGTCCCTCATGTACTGGATGACGGTGCAATATGACAGCATGGGCAGGGTGATCAAG 6717  
 SBJCT: 6584 TTCCGGTCCCTCATGTACTGGATGACTGTGCAATATGACAGTATGGGTAGGGTCATCAAG 6643  
 70 QUERY: 6718 AGGGAGCTAAAACTGGGGCCCTATGCCAATACCACGAAGTACACCTATGACTACGATGGG 6777  
 SBJCT: 6644 AGGGAAGTAAACTAGGGCCCTATGCCAACCACCAAAGTACACCTATGACTATGACGGG 6703  
 QUERY: 6778 GACGGGCAGCTCCAGAGCGTGGCCGTCAATGACCGCCCGACCTGGCGCTACAGCTATGAC 6837  
 SBJCT: 6704 GACGGCCAGCTCCAGAGTGTGGCCGTCAATGACCGGCCCTACCTGGCGCTATAGCTATGAC 6763  
 QUERY: 6838 CTTAATGGGAATCTCCACTTACTGAACCCAGGCAACAGTGTGCGCCTCATGCCCTTGCGC 6897  
 SBJCT: 6764 CTCAATGGGAACCTGCACCTTCTAAACCCAGGAAACAGTGCTCGCCTCATGCCCTTACGC 6823  
 QUERY: 6898 TATGACCTCCGGGATCGGATAACCAGACTCGGGGATGTGCAGTACAAAATTGACGACGAT 6957



QUERY: 7978 AAGATGCACTACAGCATCGAGGGCAAGGACACCCACTACTTTGTGAAGATTGGCTCAGCC 8037  
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 SBJCT: 7904 AAGATGCACTACAGCATCGAGGGCAAGGACACACACTACTTTGTGAAGATCGGCGCCGCG 7963  
  
 5 QUERY: 8038 GATGGCGACCTGGTCACACTAGGCACCACCATCGGCCGCAAGGTGCTAGAGAGCGGGGTG 8097  
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 SBJCT: 7964 GATGGTGACCTGGTCACGCTAGGAACCACCATTTGGGCGCAAGGTGCTGGAGAGTGGGGTG 8023  
  
 10 QUERY: 8098 AACGTGACCGTGTCACAGCCCACGCTGCTGGTCAACGGCAGGACTCGAAGGTTACGAAC 8157  
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 SBJCT: 8024 AACGTGACCGTGTCACAGCCCACGCTGCTGGTGAATGGCAGGACTCGAAGGTTACCAAC 8083  
  
 15 QUERY: 8158 ATTGAGTTCAGTACTCCACGCTGCTGCTCAGCATCCGCTATGGCCTCACCCCGACACC 8217  
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 SBJCT: 8084 ATTGAGTTCAGTACTCCACGCTGCTGCTCAGTATCCGCTACGGCCTCACCCCGACACG 8143  
  
 20 QUERY: 8218 CTGGACGAAGAGAAGGCCCGCTCTGGACCAGGCGAGACAGAGGGCCCTGGGCACGGCC 8277  
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 SBJCT: 8144 CTGGACGAAGAAAAGGCCCGCTCTGGACCAAGCGGGACAGAGAGCCCTGGGTACTGCC 8203  
  
 25 QUERY: 8278 TGGGCCAAGGAGCAGCAGAAAGCCAGGGACGGGAGAGAGGGGAGCCGCTGTGGACTGAG 8337  
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 SBJCT: 8204 TGGGCCAAGGAGCAGCAGAAAGCCAGGGACGGGAGAGAGGGGAGCCGCTGTGGACGGAG 8263  
  
 30 QUERY: 8338 GGCGAGAAGCAGCAGCTTCTGAGCACCGGGCGCTGCAAGGGTACGAGGGATATTACGTG 8397  
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 SBJCT: 8264 GGCGAGAAGCAGCAACTCCTGAGCACGGGACGGGTACAAGGTTATGAGGGCTATTACGTA 8323  
  
 35 QUERY: 8398 CTTCCCGTGGAGCAATACCCAGAGCTTGACAGAGTAGCAGCAACATCCAGTTTCTTAAGA 8457  
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 SBJCT: 8324 CTTCCCGTGGAAACAGTACCCGAGCTGGCAGACAGTAGCAGCAACATCCAGTTCTTAAGA 8383  
  
 40 QUERY: 8458 CAGAATGAGATGGGAAAGAGGTAACAAAATAATCTGCTGCCATTCTTGTCTGAATGGCT 8517  
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 SBJCT: 8384 CAGAATGAGATGGGAAAGAGGTAACAAAATAACCTGCTGCCACCTCTTCTCTGGGTGGCT 8443  
  
 45 QUERY: 8518 CAGCAGGAGTAAGTGTATCTCTCTCTAAGGAGATGAAGACCTAACAGGGGCACTGCG 8577  
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 SBJCT: 8444 CAGCAGGAGCAACTGTGACCTCTCTCTAAGGAGACGAAGACCTAAC-GGGGCACTGAG 8502  
  
 50 QUERY: 8578 GCTGGGCTGCTTTAGGAGACCAAGTGGCAAGAAAGCTCACATTTTTTGAGTTCAAATGCT 8637  
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 SBJCT: 8503 GCCGGGCTGCTTTAGGATCCCAAGTGGCAAGAAAGCTCACATTTTTTGAGTTCAAATGCT 8562  
  
 55 QUERY: 8638 ACTGTCCAAGCGAGAAGTCCCTCATCCTGAAGTAGACTAAAGCCCGGC 8685  
 |||||  
 SBJCT: 8563 ACTGTCTAAGCGCAAAGTCCCTCATCCTGAAGTAGACTAGAGCCCGGC 8610  
  
 SCORE = 1570 BITS (792), EXPECT = 0.0  
 IDENTITIES = 1095/1196 (91%)  
 STRAND = PLUS / PLUS

QUERY: 270 ATCTGGAATAATGGATGTAAAGGACCGGCACACCGCTCTTTGACCAGAGGACGCTGTGG 329  
 |||||  
 55 SBJCT: 103 ATCTGGAATAATGGATGTAAAGGACCGGCACATCGCTCTTTGACCAGGGGACGGTGTGG 162  
  
 QUERY: 330 CAAAGAGTGTGCTACACAAGCTCCTCTCTGGACAGTGAGGACTGCCGGGTGCCCACACA 389  
 |||||  
 60 SBJCT: 163 CAAAGAGTGTGCTACACCAGCTCCTCTCTGGACAGTGAGGACTGCCGTGTGCCCCTCA 222  
  
 QUERY: 390 GAAATCCTACAGCTCCAGTGAGACTCTGAAGGCCTATGACCATGACAGCAGGATGCACTA 449  
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 SBJCT: 223 GAAGTCTACAGTTCCAGTGAGACCTTGAAGGCTTATGACCATGACAGCAGAATGCACTA 282  
  
 65 QUERY: 450 TGGAAACCGAGTCACAGACCTCATCCACCGGGAGTCAGATGAGTTTCTAGACAAGGAAC 509  
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 SBJCT: 283 TGGAAACCGAGTCACAGACCTGGTGCACCGGGAGTCCGATGAGTTTCTAGACAAGGGAC 342  
  
 70 QUERY: 510 CAACTTCACCTTGCCGAAGTGGGCATCTGTGAGCCCTCCCCACACCGAAGCGGCTACTG 569  
 |||||





QUERY: 1524 GGTAACACAAGAAGTCCCACCAGGGGTGTTTTGGAGGTACAAATTCACATCAGTCAGCC 1583  
 SBJCT: 1480 GGTGACACAGGAAGTCCCACCAGGGGTGTTTTGGAGGTCCCAGATTACATCAGTCAGCC 1539  
 5 QUERY: 1584 CCAGTTCTTAAAGTTCAACATCTCCCTCGGGAAGGACGCTCTCTTTGGTGTTCACATAAG 1643  
 SBJCT: 1540 TCAATTCTTAAAGTTCAACATCTCCCTGGGCAAGGATGCCCTCTTCGGTGTCTATATAAG 1599  
 10 QUERY: 1644 AAGAGGACTTCCACCATCTCATGCCCAGTATGACTTCATGGAACGTCTGGACGGGAAGGA 1703  
 SBJCT: 1600 GAGAGGACTACCACCGTCTCATGCCCAGTATGACTTCATGGAACGCCTGGATGGAAAGGA 1659  
 15 QUERY: 1704 GAAGTGGAGTGTGGTTGAGTCTCCCAGGGAACGCCGAGCATACAGACCTTGGTTTCAGAA 1763  
 SBJCT: 1660 GAAATGGAGCGTGGTCGAGTCGCCAGGGAACGCCGAGCATCCAGACTCTGGTGCAGAA 1719  
 20 QUERY: 1764 TGAAGCCGTGTTTGTGCAGTACCTGGATGTGGGCCTGTGGCATCTGGCCTTCTACAATGA 1823  
 SBJCT: 1720 CGAGGCTGTGTTTGTGCAGTACTTGGATGTGGGCCTGTGGCACCTGGCCTTCTACAATGA 1779  
 25 QUERY: 1824 TGGAAAAGACAAAGAGATGGTTTCTTCAATACTGTGTCTTAGATTTCAGTGCAGGACTG 1883  
 SBJCT: 1780 CGGCAAGGACAAGGAGATGGTCTCCTTCAACACTGTTGTCTTAGATTTCAGTGCAGGACTG 1839  
 30 QUERY: 1884 TCCACGTAAGTCCCATGGGAATGGTGAATGTGTGTCCGGGTGTGTCACTGTTTCCCAGG 1943  
 SBJCT: 1840 TCCACGGAAGTGTACGGGAACGGTGAATGCGTGTCTGGACTGTGTCACTGTTTCCCAGG 1899  
 35 QUERY: 1944 ATTTCTAGGAGCAGACTGTGCTAAAGCTGCCTGCCCTGTCTGTGCAGTGGGAATGGACA 2003  
 SBJCT: 1900 ATTCCTAGGTGCAGACTGTGCTAAAGCTGCCTGCCCTGTACTGTGCAGCGGAAATGGACA 1959  
 40 QUERY: 2004 ATATTCTAAAGGACGTGCCAGTGCTACAGCGGCTGGAAAGGTGCAGAGTGCAGCTGCC 2063  
 SBJCT: 1960 GTATTCTAAAGAACGTGCCAGTGCTACAGCGGCTGGAAAGGTGCAGAGTGTGATGTGCC 2019  
 45 QUERY: 2064 CATGAATCAGTGCATCGATCCTTCTGCGGGGGCCACGGCTCCTGCATTGATGGGAACTG 2123  
 SBJCT: 2020 TATGAACCAATGTATCGATCCTTCTGTGGGGCCATGGCTCCTGCATTGATGGGAACTG 2079  
 50 QUERY: 2124 TGTCTGCTCTGCTGGCTACAAAGGCGAGCACTGTGAGGAAGTTGATTGCTTGGATCCCAC 2183  
 SBJCT: 2080 CGTGTGTGCTGCTGGCTACAAAGGCGAGCACTGTGAGGAAGTTGATTGCTTGGATCCTAC 2139  
 55 QUERY: 2184 CTGCTCCAGCCACGGAGTCTGTGTGAATGGAGAATGCCTGTGCAGCCCTGGCTGGGGTGG 2243  
 SBJCT: 2140 CTGCTCCAGCCATGGTGTCTGTGTGAATGGAGAGTGTCTATGCAGCCCCGGCTGGGGTGG 2199  
 60 QUERY: 2244 TCTGAACTGTGAGCTGGCGAGGGTCCAGTGCCAGACAGTGCAGTGGGCATGGCACGTA 2303  
 SBJCT: 2200 TCTCAACTGTGAGCTGGCGAGGGTCCAGTGCCAGACAGTGTAGTGGGCATGGCACTTA 2259  
 65 QUERY: 2304 CCTGCCTGACACGGGCCTCTGCAGCTGCGATCCCAACTGGATGGGTCCCGACTGCTCTGT 2363  
 SBJCT: 2260 CCTCCCTGACTCCGGCCTCTGCAGCTGTGATCCGAACTGGATGGGTCCCGACTGCTCTGT 2319  
 70 QUERY: 2364 TGAAGTGTGCTCAGTAGACTGTGGCACTCACGGCGTCTGCATCGGGGGAGCCTGCCGCTG 2423  
 SBJCT: 2320 T---GTGTGCTCAGTAGACTGTGGCACTCACGGCGTCTGCATCGGGGGAGCCTGCCGCTG 2376  
 QUERY: 2424 TGAAGAGGGCTGGACAGGCGCAGCGTGTGACCAGCGCGTGTGCCACCCCCGCTGCATTGA 2483  
 SBJCT: 2377 TGAAGAGGGCTGGACAGGCGCAGCTTGTGACCAGCGCGTGTGCCACCCCCGCTGCATTGA 2436  
 QUERY: 2484 GCACGGGACCTGTAAAGATGGCAAATGTGAATGCCGAGAGGGCTGGAATGGTGAACACTG 2543  
 SBJCT: 2437 GCACGGGACCTGTAAAGATGGCAAATGTGAATGCCGAGAGGGCTGGAATGGTGAACACTG 2496  
 QUERY: 2544 CACCATTG 2551  
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 SBJCT: 3967 AAGTACTACTTGGCTGTGGACCTGTGACTGGCTCGCTCTATGTCTCTGACACCAACAGT 4026

5  
 QUERY: 4078 AGGAGAATCTACCGCGTCAAGTCTCTGAGTGGAAACAAAGACCTGGCTGGGAATTCGGAA 4137  
 SBJCT: 4027 CGCCGGATCTACCGAGTCAAGTCTCTAAGCGGAGCCAAAGACCTGGCTGGGAATTCGGAA 4086

10  
 QUERY: 4138 GTTGTGGCAGGGACGGGAGAGCAGTGTCTACCCTTTGATGAAGCCCGCTGCGGGGATGGA 4197  
 SBJCT: 4087 GTTGTGGCCGGGACTGGCGAACAATGTCTACCCTTTGATGAAGCCCGCTGTGGGGATGGC 4146

15  
 QUERY: 4198 GGGGAAGGCCATAGATGCAACCCTGATGAGCCCGAGAGGTATTGCAGTAGACAAGAATGGG 4257  
 SBJCT: 4147 GGGGAAGGCTGTGGATGCCACCCTGATGAGCCCTAGAGGTATTGCAGTAGACAAGAACGGG 4206

20  
 QUERY: 4258 CTCATGTACTTTGTCTGATGCCACCATGATCCGGAAGGTTGACCAGAATGGAATCATCTCC 4317  
 SBJCT: 4207 CTTATGTATTTTGTGTGATGCCACCATGATCCGGAAGGTCGACCAAATGGAATCATCTCC 4266

25  
 QUERY: 4318 ACCCTGCTGGGCTCCAATGACCTCACTGCCGTCCGGCCGCTGAGCTGTGATTCCAGCATG 4377  
 SBJCT: 4267 ACCCTGCTGGGCTCCAATGACCTCACAGCTGTCCGACCACTGAGCTGTGACTCTAGCATG 4326

30  
 QUERY: 4378 GATGTAGCCAGGTTTCGTCTGGAGTGGCCAACAGACCTTGCTGTCAATCCCATGGATAAC 4437  
 SBJCT: 4327 GACGTGGCCAGGTCCGTCTAGAATGGCCGACAGACCTTGCGGTCAACCCCATGGACAAT 4386

35  
 QUERY: 4438 TCCTTGTATGTTCTAGAGAACAATGTATCCTTCGAATCACCGAGAACCACCAAGTCAGC 4497  
 SBJCT: 4387 TCCCTGTACGTCTTGGAGAACAACGTATCCTGCGGATCACCGAGAATCACAGGTCAGC 4446

40  
 QUERY: 4498 ATCATTGCGGGACGCCCCATGCACTGCCAAGTTCCTGGCATTGACTACTCACTCAGCAAA 4557  
 SBJCT: 4447 ATCATCGCGGACGCCCCATGCACTGCCAGGTTCCCGCATCGACTACTCGCTCAGCAAG 4506

45  
 QUERY: 4558 CTAGCCATTCACTCTGCCCTGGAGTCAGCCAGTGCCATTGCCATTTCTCACACTGGGGTC 4617  
 SBJCT: 4507 CTCGCCATCCACTCTGCTCTGGAGTCAGCCAGCGCCATCGCCATTTCTCACACCGGGGTG 4566

50  
 QUERY: 4618 CTCTACATCACTGAGACAGATGAGAAGAAGATTAACCGTCTACGCCAGGTAACAACCAAC 4677  
 SBJCT: 4567 CTCTACATCACCGAGACGGACGAGAAGAAGATCAACCGCTACGCCAGGTCAACCAAC 4626

55  
 QUERY: 4678 GGGGAGATCTGCCTTTTAGCTGGGGCAGCCTCGGACTGCGACTGCAAAAACGATGTCAAT 4737  
 SBJCT: 4627 GGAGAGATCTGCCTCTTAGCCGGGGCAGCCTCAGACTGTGACTGCAAAAATGACGTCAAC 4686

60  
 QUERY: 4738 TGCAACTGCTATTCAAGAGATGATGCCTACGCGACTGATGCCATCTTGAATCCCCATCA 4797  
 SBJCT: 4687 TGCATCTGCTATTCCGGAGATGACGCATACGCCACGGATGCCATCTTGAATCCCCGTCC 4746

65  
 QUERY: 4798 TCCTTAGCTGTAGCTCCAGATGGTACCATTACATTGCAGACCTTGGAATATTCGGATC 4857  
 SBJCT: 4747 TCCTTAGCTGTGGCTCCGGATGGCACCATCTACATCGCAGACCTCGGGAATATCCGGATC 4806

70  
 QUERY: 4858 AGGGCGGTGAGCAAGAACAAGCCTGTTCTTAATGCCTTCAACCAGTATGAGGCTGCATCC 4917  
 SBJCT: 4807 AGGGCGGTGAGCAAAAACAACCTGTTCTTAACGCGTTCAACCAGTATGAGGCTGCGTCT 4866

QUERY: 4918 CCCGAGAGCAGGAGTTATATGTTTCAACGCTGATGGCATCCACCAATACACTGTGAGC 4977  
 SBJCT: 4867 CCGGGAGAACAGGAAGTGTACGTGTTCAACGCCGATGGTATCCATCAGTACACCGTGAGC 4926

QUERY: 4978 CTGGTGACAGGGGAGTACTTGTACAATTTACATATAGTACTGACAATGATGTCACTGAA 5037  
 SBJCT: 4927 CTGGTGACCGGGGAGTACTTATACAATTTACCTACAGCGCTGACAATGATGTCAACGAG 4986

QUERY: 5038 TTGATTGACAATAATGGGAATTCCTGAAGATCCGTCCGGGACAGCAGTGGCATGCCCCGT 5097  
 SBJCT: 4987 TTGATTGACAACAACGGGAATTCCTAAAGATCCGCCGGGACAGCAGTGGCATGCCCCGA 5046

QUERY: 5098 CACCTGCTCATGCCTGACAACCAGATCATCACCTCACCCTGCGGACCAATGGAGGCCTC 5157  
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 SBJCT: 5047 CACCTGCTCATGCCTGATAATCAGATCATCACCTTACGGTGGGACCAACGGAGGCCTC 5106  
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 QUERY: 5158 AAAGTCGTGTCCACACAGAACCTGGAGCTTGGTCTCATGACCTATGATGGCAACACTGGG 5217  
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 SBJCT: 5107 AAAGCCGTGTCAACGCAGAACCTGGAGCTGGGCCTCATGACTTATGATGGGAACACTGGA 5166  
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 QUERY: 5218 CTCCTGGCCACCAAGAGCGATGAAACAGGATGGACGACTTTCTATGACTATGACCACGAA 5277  
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 SBJCT: 5167 CTCCTAGCCACCAAGAGCGATGAAACCGGATGGACAACTTTTATGACTATGACCACGAG 5226  
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 QUERY: 5278 GGCCGCTGACCAACGTGACGCGCCCCACGGGGGTGGTAACCACTCTGCACCGGGAAATG 5337  
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 SBJCT: 5227 GGCCGTCTGACCAATGTGACTCGCCCCACGGGGGTGGTGACCAGCCTGCACCGGGAAATG 5286  
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 QUERY: 5338 GAGAAATCTATTACCATTTGACATTGAGAACTCCAACCGTGATGATGACGTCACTGTCATC 5397  
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 SBJCT: 5287 GAGAAATCCATCACCGTTGACATTGAGAACTCCAACCGTGATAACGATGTCACTGTGATT 5346  
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 QUERY: 5398 ACCAACCTCTCTTCACTAGAGGCCTCTACACAGTGGTACAAGATCAAGTTCGGAACAGC 5457  
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 SBJCT: 5347 ACCAACCTCTCTTCACTGAGGCCTCTACACCGTGGTACAAGATCAAGTTCGGAACAGC 5406  
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 QUERY: 5458 TACCAGCTCTGTAATAATGGTACCCTGAGGGTGATGTATGCTAATGGGATGGGTATCAGC 5517  
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 SBJCT: 5407 TACCAGCTCTGCAGCAACGGGACCCTGCGCGTCATGTACGCCAACGGCATGGGCGTCAGC 5466  
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 QUERY: 5518 TTCCACAGCGAGCCCCATGTCTAGCGGGCACCATCACCCCCACCATTTGGACGCTGCAAC 5577  
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 SBJCT: 5467 TTCCACAGCGAGCCCCACGTCTCTGCGAGCACCCTCACCCCCACCATTCGGGCGCTGTAAC 5526  
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 QUERY: 5578 ATCTCCCTGCCTATGGAGAATGGCTTAACTCCATTGAGTGGCGCCTAAGAAAGGAACAG 5637  
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 SBJCT: 5527 ATCTCCCTGCCCATGGAGAACGGCCTGAACTCCATCGAGTGGCGCCTGAGGAAGGAACAG 5586  
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 QUERY: 5638 ATTAAAGGCAAAGTCACCATCTTTGGCAGGAAGCTCCGGGTCCATGGAAGAAATCTCTTG 5697  
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 SBJCT: 5587 ATTAAAGGCAAAGTCACCATCTTTGGGAGGAAGCTTCGGGTCCACGGAAGGAACCTCTTG 5646  
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 QUERY: 5698 TCCATTGACTATGATCGAAATATTTCGACTGAAAAGATCTATGATGACCACCGGAAGTTC 5757  
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 SBJCT: 5647 TCCATTGATTATGACCGAAATATCCGCACTGAGAAGATCTATGACGACCACCGGAAGTTC 5706  
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 QUERY: 5758 ACCCTGAGGATCATTTATGACCAGGTGGGCGCCCCCTTCTCTGGCTGCCCAGCAGCGGG 5817  
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 SBJCT: 5707 ACCCTGAGGATCATTTATGACCAGGTGGGCGCCCCCTTCTGTGGCTCCCCAGCAGTGA 5766  
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 SBJCT: 5767 CTGGCGGCCGTCAATGTCTCTACTTCTTCAACGGGCGCCTGGCCGGCCTCAGCGCGGG 5826  
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 QUERY: 5878 GCCATGAGCGAGAGGACAGACATCGACAAGCAAGGCCGATCGTGTCCCGCATGTTTCGCT 5937  
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 SBJCT: 5827 GCCATGAGCGAGAGGACAGACATTGACAAGCAAGGCCGATTGTGTCCGAATGTTTCGCC 5886  
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 QUERY: 5938 GACGGGAAAGTGTGGAGCTACTCCTACCTTGACAAGTCCATGGTCTCTCTGCTTCAGAGC 5997  
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 SBJCT: 5887 GACGGGAAAGTCTGGAGCTATTCTACCTTGACAAGTCCATGGTCTCTCTGCTGCAGAGC 5946  
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 QUERY: 5998 CAACGTCAGTATATATTTGAGTATGACTCCTCTGACCGCCTCCTTGCCGTCACCATGCCC 6057  
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 SBJCT: 5947 CAGCGTCAGTACATATTTGAATATGACTCCTCTGACCGCCTCCACGAGTCACCATGCCC 6006  
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 QUERY: 6058 AGCGTGGCCCGGCACAGCATGTCCACACACACCTCCATCGGCTACATCCGTAATATTTAC 6117  
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 SBJCT: 6007 AGTGTGCGCCCGGCACAGCATGTCCACGACACCTCCATTGGCTACATCCGGAACATTTAC 6066  
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QUERY: 690 ATCCAGGCGCAGTTC CGGCCTGTCCAGTCGTGAAAACTCGGCCCTTACCCTGACTGACTC 749  
 SBJCT: 543 ATCGAGGCGCAGCTCTGGCTTGTCCAGCCGCGAGAACTCAGCCCTTACTCTGACTGATTC 602  
 5 QUERY: 750 TGACAACGAAAACAAATCAGATGATGAGAACGGTCGTCCCATTCCACCTACATCCTCGCC 809  
 SBJCT: 603 TGACAATGAAAATAAATCGGATGACGACAATGGTCGACCCATTCCACCTACATCCTCGTC 662  
 10 QUERY: 810 TAGTCTCCTCCCATCTGCTCAGCTGCCTAGCTCCCATAAATCCTCCACCAGTTAGCTGCCA 869  
 SBJCT: 663 TAGCCTCCTCCCATCTGCTCAGCTGCCTAGCTCCCATAAATCCTCCACCAGTTAGCTGCCA 722  
 15 QUERY: 870 GATGCCATTGCTAGACAGCAACACCTCCCATCAAATCATGGACACCAACCCCTGATGAGGA 929  
 SBJCT: 723 GATGCCATTGCTAGACAGCAACACCTCCCATCAGATCATGGACACCAACCCCGATGAGGA 782  
 20 QUERY: 930 ATTCTCCCCCAATTCTACCTGCTCAGAGCATGCTCAGGGCCCCAGCAAGCCTCCAGCAG 989  
 SBJCT: 783 ATTCTCCCCCTAATTCTACCTGCTCAGAGCATGCTCAGGGCCCCAGCAAGCCTCCAGTAG 842  
 25 QUERY: 990 TGGCCCTCCGAACCACCACAGCCAGTCGACTCTGAGGCCCCCTCTCCACCCCTCACAA 1049  
 SBJCT: 843 TGGCCCTCCGAACCACCACAGCCAGTCAACGCTGAGGCCCCCTCTGCCACCTCCTCATAA 902  
 30 QUERY: 1050 CCACACGCTGTCCCATCACCCTCGTCCGCCAACTCCCTCAACAGGAACTCACTGACCAA 1109  
 SBJCT: 903 CCACACCTGTCCCAACCACCCTCCTCTGCCAACTCCCTCAACAGAACTCACTGACCAA 962  
 35 QUERY: 1110 TCGGCGGAGTCAGATCCACGCCCCGGCCCCAGCGCCCAATGACCTGGCCACCACACCAGA 1169  
 SBJCT: 963 TCGGCGGAGTCAAATCCACGCCCCAGCTCCTGCACCAATGACCTGGCCACCACGCCGGA 1022  
 40 QUERY: 1170 GTCCGTTTCAGCTTCAGGACAGCTGGGTGCTAAACAGCAACGTGCCACTGGAGACCCGGCA 1229  
 SBJCT: 1023 GTCCGTTTCAGCTCCAGGACAGCTGGGTGCTGAACAGTAACGTGCCGCTGGAGACGCCGGA 1082  
 45 QUERY: 1230 CTTCTCTTCAAGACCTCCTCGGGGAGCACACCCCTTGTTTCAGCAGCTCTTCCCGGGGATA 1289  
 SBJCT: 1083 CTTCTCTTCAAGACGTCCTCCGGAAGCACACCCCTTGTTTCAGCAGCTCTTCTCCAGGATA 1142  
 50 QUERY: 1290 CCCTTTGACCTCAGGAACGGTTTACACGCCCCCGCCCCGCTGCTGCCAGGAATACTTT 1349  
 SBJCT: 1143 CCCCTTGACCTCAGGGACCGTTTATACACCACCACCCCGCTGCTGCCAGGAATACATT 1202  
 55 QUERY: 1350 CTCCAGGAAGGCTTTCAAGCTGAAGAAGCCCTCCAAATACTGCAGCTGGAAATGTGCTGC 1409  
 SBJCT: 1203 CTCTAGGAAGGCCTTCAAGCTGAAGAAACCCTCCAAATACTGCAGTTGGAAATGCGCCGC 1262  
 60 QUERY: 1410 CCTCTCCGCCATTGCCGCGGCCCTCCTCTTGGCTATTTTGCTGGCGTATTTTCATAG 1465  
 SBJCT: 1263 CCTGTCTGCCATTGCCGCTGCCCTCCTTCTGGCCATTTTGCTGGCCTATTTTCATAG 1318  
 SCORE = 1427 BITS (720), EXPECT = 0.0  
 IDENTITIES = 996/1088 (91%)  
 STRAND = PLUS / PLUS

QUERY: 1464 AGTGCCCTGGTCGTTGAAAAACAGCAGCATAGACAGTGGTGAAGCAGAAGTTGGTCGGCG 1523  
 SBJCT: 1440 AGTGCCCTGGTCGTTGAAAAACAGCAGCATAGACAGCGGCGAGGCAGAAGTCGGTCGACG 1499  
 65 QUERY: 1524 GGTAAACAAGAAGTCCCACCAGGGGTGTTTGGAGGTCACAAATTCACATCAGTCAGCC 1583  
 SBJCT: 1500 GGTGACACAGGAAGTCCCACCAGGGGTGTTTGGAGGTCCAGATTACATCAGTCAGCC 1559  
 70 QUERY: 1584 CCAGTTCTTAAAGTTCAACATCTCCCTCGGGAAGGACGCTCTCTTTGGTGTTTACATAAG 1643  
 SBJCT: 1560 TCAGTTCTTAAAGTTCAACATCTCCCTGGGGAAGGATGCCCTCTTCGGCGTCTACATAAG 1619  
 QUERY: 1644 AAGAGGACTTCCACCATCTCATGCCAGTATGACTTCATGGAACGTCTGGACGGGAAGGA 1703

SBJCT: 1620 AAGAGGACTGCCACCATCTCATGCACAGTATGACTTCATGGAACGCCTGGACGGAAGGA 1679  
 QUERY: 1704 GAAGTGGAGTGTGGTTGAGTCTCCAGGGAACGCCGAGCATACAGACCTTGGTTTCAGAA 1763  
 |||||  
 5 SBJCT: 1680 GAAGTGGAGTGTGGTCGAGTCACCCAGGGAACGCCGAGCATCCAGACCTTGGTGCAGAA 1739  
 QUERY: 1764 TGAAGCCGTGTTTGTGCAGTACCTGGATGTGGGCCTGTGGCATCTGGCCTTCTACAATGA 1823  
 || || |||||  
 10 SBJCT: 1740 CGAGGCTGTGTTCTGTCAGTACTTGGATGTGGGCCTGTGGCACCTCGCCTTCTACAATGA 1799  
 QUERY: 1824 TGGAAAAGACAAAGAGATGGTTTCTCTCAATACTGTTGTCTTAGATTTCAGTGCAGGACTG 1883  
 || || |||||  
 SBJCT: 1800 CGGCAAGGACAAGGAGATGGTCTCTCTCAATACGGTGTCTTAGATTTCAGTGCAGGACTG 1859  
 15 QUERY: 1884 TCCACGTAACGTCATGCGGAATGGTGAATGTGTGTCCGGGGTGTGTCACTGTTTCCCAGG 1943  
 |||||  
 SBJCT: 1860 TCCACGAAACTGCCACGGGAACGGCGAATGCGTGTCTGGACTGTGTCACTGTTTCCCAGG 1919  
 20 QUERY: 1944 ATTTCTAGGAGCAGACTGTGCTAAAGCTGCCTGCCCTGTCTGTGCAGTGGGAATGGACA 2003  
 ||| |||||  
 SBJCT: 1920 ATTCTTAGGTGCAGACTGCGCTAAAGCTGCCTGCCCTGTTCTGTGCAGTGGGAATGGACA 1979  
 QUERY: 2004 ATATTCTAAAGGGACGTGCCAGTGCTACAGCGGCTGGAAAGGTGCAGAGTGCACGTGCC 2063  
 |||||  
 25 SBJCT: 1980 GTATTCCAAGGGACATGCCAGTGCTACAGTGGCTGGAAAGGAGCAGAATGCGATGTGCC 2039  
 QUERY: 2064 CATGAATCAGTGCATCGATCCTTCTCGGGGGCCACGGCTCCTGCATTGATGGGAACTG 2123  
 |||||  
 30 SBJCT: 2040 CATGAACCACTGCATCGATCCTTCTGTGGGGGCCACGGCTCCTGCATTGATGGGAACTG 2099  
 QUERY: 2124 TGTCTGCTCTGCTGGCTACAAAGGCGAGCACTGTGAGGAAGTTGATTGCTTGGATCCAC 2183  
 || || |||||  
 SBJCT: 2100 CGTGTGTGCAGCTGGCTACAAGGGCGAGCACTGCGAAGAAGTGGATTGCTTGGATCCAAC 2159  
 35 QUERY: 2184 CTGCTCCAGCCACGGAGTCTGTGTGAATGGAGAATGCCTGTGCAGCCCTGGCTGGGGTGG 2243  
 |||||  
 SBJCT: 2160 CTGCTCCAGCCATGGTGTCTGTGTGAACGGAGAGTGTCTATGCAGCCCCGGCTGGGGCGG 2219  
 40 QUERY: 2244 TCTGAAGTGTGAGCTGGCGAGGGTCCAGTGCCAGACCAGTGCAGTGGGCATGGCACGTA 2303  
 || |||||  
 SBJCT: 2220 GCTCAACTGCGAGCTGGCGAGGGTCCAGTGCCAGACCAGTGTAGTGGGCATGGCACTTA 2279  
 QUERY: 2304 CCTGCCTGACACGGGCCTCTGCAGCTGCGATCCCAACTGGATGGGTCCCGACTGCTCTGT 2363  
 ||| |||||  
 45 SBJCT: 2280 CCTCCCTGACTCTGGCCTCTGCAACTGTGATCCGAATTGGATGGGTCCCGACTGCTCTGT 2339  
 QUERY: 2364 TGAAGTGTGCTCAGTAGACTGTGGCACTCACGGCGTCTGCATCGGGGGAGCCTGCCGCTG 2423  
 |||||  
 50 SBJCT: 2340 TGAAGTGTGCTCAGTAGACTGTGGCACTCACGGCGTCTGCATCGGGGGAGCCTGCCGCTG 2399  
 QUERY: 2424 TGAAGAGGGCTGGACAGGCGCAGCGTGTGACCAGCGCGTGTGCCACCCCGCTGCATTGA 2483  
 |||||  
 SBJCT: 2400 TGAAGAGGGCTGGACAGGCGCGGCTTGTGACCAGCGCGTGTGCCACCCCGCTGCATTGA 2459  
 55 QUERY: 2484 GCACGGGACCTGTAAAGATGGCAAATGTGAATGCCGAGAGGGCTGGAATGGTGAACACTG 2543  
 |||||  
 SBJCT: 2460 GCACGGGACCTGTAAAGATGGCAAATGTGAATGCCGAGAGGGCTGGAATGGTGAACACTG 2519  
 60 QUERY: 2544 CACCATTG 2551  
 |||||  
 SBJCT: 2520 CACCATTG 2527

In this search it was also found that the FCTR3bcd and e nucleic acid had homology to  
 six fragments of *Gallus gallus* partial mRNA for teneurin-2. It has 2780 of 3449 bases (80%)  
 65 identical to bases 3386-6834, 1553 of 1862 bases (83%) identical to bases 1414-3275, 540 of



QUERY: 4178 AAGCCCGCTGCGGGGATGGAGGGAAGGCCATAGATGCAACCCTGATGAGCCCGAGAGGTA 4237  
 SBJCT: 4106 AAGCCAGATGTGGAGATGGAGGGAAGCAGTGGACGCAACCCTAATGAGTCCTCGAGGAA 4165  
 5 QUERY: 4238 TTGCAGTAGACAAGAATGGGCTCATGTACTTTGTTCGATGCCACCATGATCCGGAAGGTTG 4297  
 SBJCT: 4166 TTGCAGTGGATAAGTATGGACTCATGTATTTTGTGATGCCACTATGATTCGAAAAGTGG 4225  
 10 QUERY: 4298 ACCAGAATGGAATCATCTCCACCCTGCTGGGCTCCAATGACCTCACTGCCGTCGCGCCGC 4357  
 SBJCT: 4226 ATCAGAATGGAATTATATCAACTCTGCTGGGCTCCAATGACCTAACTGCCGTCGACCTC 4285  
 15 QUERY: 4358 TGAGCTGTGATTCCAGCATGGATGTAGCCCAGGTTCTGCTGGAGTGGCCAACAGACCTTG 4417  
 SBJCT: 4286 TAAGCTGTGATTCCAGCATGGATGTCAGCCAGGTACGGCTGGAGTGGCCTACTGATCTCG 4345  
 20 QUERY: 4418 CTGTCAATCCCATGGATAAATCCTTGTATGTTCTAGAGAACAATGTCATCCTTCGAATCA 4477  
 SBJCT: 4346 CTGTGATCCCATGGACAACCTCACTTTATGTCTAGAGAACAATGTTATTTTACGGATCA 4405  
 25 QUERY: 4478 CCGAGAACCACCAAGTCAGCATCATTGCGGGACGCCCCATGCACTGCCAAGTTCCTGGCA 4537  
 SBJCT: 4406 CAGAAAACCATCAAGTTAGCATTATTGCTGGACGCCCCATGCACTGCCAGGTTCTGGTA 4465  
 30 QUERY: 4538 TTGACTACTCACTCAGCAAACCTAGCCATTCACTCTGCCCTGGAGTCAGCCAGTGCATTG 4597  
 SBJCT: 4466 TAGACTACTCTCTTAGCAAACCTGGCTATTCACTCCGCACTTGAATCAGCCAGTGCATTG 4525  
 35 QUERY: 4598 CCATTTCTCAGCTGGGGTCTCTACATCACTGAGACAGATGAGAAGAAGATTAACCGTC 4657  
 SBJCT: 4526 CCATCTCAGCAGAGGTTCTTTACATCAGTGAAGACAGATGAAAAAATTAATCGGC 4585  
 40 QUERY: 4658 TACGCCAGGTAACAACCAACGGGGAGATCTGCCTTTTAGCTGGGGCAGCCTCGGACTGCG 4717  
 SBJCT: 4586 TACGCCAGGTAACCAATGGAGAAATATGCCTTCTTGCAGGGGCAGCTTCAGACTGTG 4645  
 45 QUERY: 4718 ACTGCAAAAACGATGTCAATTGCAACTGCTATTGAGGAGATGATGCCTACGCGACTGATG 4777  
 SBJCT: 4646 ATTGCAAAAATGATGTCAACTGTAATTGCTATTCTGGGGATGATGGGTATGCCACTGATG 4705  
 50 QUERY: 4778 CCATCTTGAATTCCCCATCATCCTTAGCTGTAGCTCCAGATGGTACCATTACATTGCAG 4837  
 SBJCT: 4706 CCATCTTAAATTCAACATCTTCTTAGCTGTGGCCCCAGATGGTACCATCTACATAGCTG 4765  
 55 QUERY: 4838 ACCTTGGAATATTTCGGATCAGGGCGGTGACGAAGAACAAGCCTGTTCTTAATGCCTTCA 4897  
 SBJCT: 4766 ATCTCGGAAATATCCGCATTAGGGCTGTGAGTAAAAACAGGCCCATCTTAATTCTTTTA 4825  
 60 QUERY: 4898 ACCAGTATGAGGCTGCATCCCCGGAGAGCAGGAGTTATATGTTTCAACGCTGATGGCA 4957  
 SBJCT: 4826 ACCAATATGAAGCTGCATCTCCAGGAGAACAGGAGCTGTATGTCTTCAATGCTGATGGGA 4885  
 65 QUERY: 4958 TCCACCAATACACTGTGAGCCTGGTGACAGGGGAGTACTTGTACAATTCACATATAGTA 5017  
 SBJCT: 4886 TTCACCAGTACACTCTCAGCCTTGTTACCGGGGAGTACTTGTACAATTCACCTATAGCA 4945  
 70 QUERY: 5018 CTGACAATGATGTCACTGAATTGATTGACAATAATGGGAATTCCTGAAGATCCGTCGGG 5077  
 SBJCT: 4946 GTGATAACGATGTACCGAGGTGATGGACAGCAATGGCAACTCCTTGAAGGTCCGTCGGG 5005  
 QUERY: 5078 ACAGCAGTGGCATGCCCGCTCACCTGCTCATGCTGACAACCAGATCATCACCTCACCG 5137  
 SBJCT: 5006 ATGCCAGCGGAATGCCCGCCATTTACTGATGCCTGATAATCAGATTGTACGCTGGCCG 5065  
 QUERY: 5138 TGGGCACCAATGGAGGCCTCAAAGTCGTGTCCACACAGAACCTGGAGCTTGGTCTCATGA 5197  
 SBJCT: 5066 TTGGCACTAATGGTGGACTCAAAGTCTCAACGCAGACCCTGGAACCTGGATTAAATGA 5125  
 QUERY: 5198 CCTATGATGGCAACACTGGGCTCCTGGCCACCAAGAGCGATGAAACAGGATGGACGACTT 5257





SBJCT: 1714 TTGGATGTGGGTTTGTGGCACCTGGCGTTTTTACAATGATGGCAAGGACAAAGAAGTGGTC 1773  
 QUERY: 1846 TCCTTCAATACTGTTGTCTTAGATTAGTGCAGGACTGTCCACGTAACCTGCCATGGGAAT 1905  
 SBJCT: 1774 TCCTTCAGTACAGTTATTTTGGATTAGTGCAGGACTGTCCACGTAATTGTATGGCAAT 1833  
 QUERY: 1906 GGTGAATGTGTGTCCGGGGTGTGTCACTGTTTCCCAGGATTTCTAGGAGCAGACTGTGCT 1965  
 SBJCT: 1834 GGCGAGTGTGTTTCTGGTGTCTGCCACTGTTTTCCCGGATTTTCATGGAGCAGATTGTGCT 1893  
 QUERY: 1966 AAAGCTGCCTGCCCTGTCTGTGCAGTGGGAATGGACAATATTCTAAAGGGACGTGCCAG 2025  
 SBJCT: 1894 AAAGCTGCCTGCCCGGTGTCTGTGCAGTGGCAATGGTCAGTACTCCAAAGGAACCTGCTTG 1953  
 QUERY: 2026 TGCTACAGCGGCTGGAAAGGTGCAGAGTGCAGCTGCCCATGAATCAGTGCATCGATCCT 2085  
 SBJCT: 1954 TGCTACAGTGGCTGGAAAGGTCCGGAATGTGATGTACCCATCAGCCAGTGTATTGATCCC 2013  
 QUERY: 2086 TCCTGCGGGGGCCACGGCTCCTGCATTGATGGGAAGTGTGTCTGCTCTGCTGGCTACAAA 2145  
 SBJCT: 2014 TCGTGTGGAGGTGATGGTTCCTGCATCGAAGGGAAGTGTGTCTGTTCCATTGGCTATAAA 2073  
 QUERY: 2146 GGCGAGCACTGTGAGGAAGTTGATTGCTTGGATCCCACCTGCTCCAGCCACGGAGTCTGT 2205  
 SBJCT: 2074 GGAGAAAAGTGTGAGGAAGTTGATTGCTTAGATCCAACATGCTCCAATCACGGGGTCTGT 2133  
 QUERY: 2206 GTGAATGGAGAATGCCTGTGCAGCCCTGGCTGGGGTGGTCTGAACTGTGAGCTGGCGAGG 2265  
 SBJCT: 2134 GTGAACGGAGAATGTCTCTGCAGCCAGGCTGGGGTGGAAATAAAGTGTGAGCTTCCAGA 2193  
 QUERY: 2266 GTCCAGTGCCCAGACCAGTGCAGTGGGCATGGCACGTACCTGCCTGACACGGGCCTCTGC 2325  
 SBJCT: 2194 GCCCAGTGCCCAGACCAGTGCAGTGGGCATGGCACATACCTGTCTGACACCGGTCTCTGT 2253  
 QUERY: 2326 AGCTGCGATCCCAACTGGATGGGTCCCGACTGCTCTGTTGAAGTGTGCTCAGTAGACTGT 2385  
 SBJCT: 2254 AGCTGCGATCCCAACTGGATGGGTCCCGACTGCTCCGTTGAAGTGTGCTCTGTAGACTGT 2313  
 QUERY: 2386 GGCACCTACGCGCTCTGCATCGGGGGAGCCTGCCGCTGTGAAGAGGGCTGGACAGGCGCA 2445  
 SBJCT: 2314 GGCACCCATGGGGTGTGCATTGGCGGAGCGTGTGCTGTGAAGAAGGGTGGACAGGAGTG 2373  
 QUERY: 2446 GCGTGTGACCAGCGCTGTGCCACCCCGCTGCATTGAGCACGGGACCTGTAAAGATGGC 2505  
 SBJCT: 2374 GCGTGTGACCAGCGTGTGTGTATCCCCGCTGTACAGAGCACGGAAGTGTAAAGATGGG 2433  
 QUERY: 2506 AAATGTGAATGCCGAGAGGGCTGGAATGGTGAACACTGCACCATTGGTAGGCAAACGGCA 2565  
 SBJCT: 2434 AAATGTGAATGCAGAGAGGGCTGGAATGGGAGCACTGCACCATTGGTAGGCAAACGACA 2493  
 QUERY: 2566 GGCACCGAAACAGATGGCTGCCCTGACTTGTGCAACGGTAACGGGAGATGCACACTGGGT 2625  
 SBJCT: 2494 GGCACCGAAACAGATGGCTGCCCTGACTTGTGCAATGGCAACGGGAGGTGCACGCTGGGC 2553  
 QUERY: 2626 CAGAACAGCTGGCAGTGTGTCTGCCAGACCGGCTGGAGAGGGCCCCGGATGCAACGTTGCC 2685  
 SBJCT: 2554 CAGAACAGCTGGCAGTGTGTCTGCCAGACCGGCTGGAGAGGGCCTGGATGCAACGTTGCC 2613  
 QUERY: 2686 ATGGAAACTTCTGTGCTGATAACAAGGATAATGAGGGAGATGGCCTGGTGGATTGTTTG 2745  
 SBJCT: 2614 ATGGAAACCTCCTGTGCCGATAACAAGGATAACGAGGGAGATGGCTTGGTTGACTGCCTA 2673  
 QUERY: 2746 GACCTGACTGCTGCCTGCAGTCAAGCTGTGCAACAGCCTGCTCTGCCGGGGGTCCCGG 2805  
 SBJCT: 2674 GTCCAGATTGCTGCCTCCAGTCCACTTGTCAAAACAGCCTGCTGTGCCGGGGTTCCTGC 2733  
 QUERY: 2806 GACCCACTGGACATCATTAGCAGGGCCAGACGATTGGCCCGCAGTGAAGTCCTTCTAT 2865  
 SBJCT: 2734 GATCTCTTGACATCATAACAGAGCCATTCTGGTTCACAGCTGTGAAGTCATTCTAT 2793







SCORE = 339 BITS (171), EXPECT = 2E-89  
IDENTITIES = 429/515 (83%)  
STRAND = PLUS / PLUS

5  
QUERY: 7967 ACTACCTGGACAAGATGCACTACAGCATCGAGGGCAAGGACACCCACTACTTTGTGAAGA 8026  
|||||  
SBJCT: 7895 ACTACCTGGAAAAATGCACTACAGCATCGAGGGGAAGGATACTCACTACTTTGTCAAGA 7954

10  
QUERY: 8027 TTGGCTCAGCCGATGGCGACCTGGTCACACTAGGCACCACCATCGGCCGCAAGGTGCTAG 8086  
|||||  
SBJCT: 7955 TAGGCTCAGCCGATAGCGACCTCGTCACCCTCGCGATGACCAGCGGGAGGAAGGTCTCTGG 8014

15  
QUERY: 8087 AGAGCGGGGTGAACGTGACCGTGTCCCAGCCCACGCTGCTGGTCAACGGCAGGACTCGAA 8146  
|||||  
SBJCT: 8015 ACAGCGGAGTAAACGTGACCGTCTCCCAGCCAACCCTCCTTATCAACGGAAGGACTCGAC 8074

20  
QUERY: 8147 GGTTTCACGAACATTGAGTTCCAGTACTCCACGCTGCTGCTCAGCATCCGCTATGGCCTCA 8206  
|||||  
SBJCT: 8075 GGTTTCACAAACATCGAGTTTCAGTATTCCACCCTGCTGATCAACATCCGCTACGGGCTCA 8134

25  
QUERY: 8207 CCCCCGACACCCTGGACGAAGAGAAGGCCCGCTCCTGGACCAGGCGAGACAGAGGGCCC 8266  
|||||  
SBJCT: 8135 CCGCCGACACGCTGGATGAGGAGAAGGCACGAGTGCTAGACCAGGCTCGGCAGCGAGCCC 8194

30  
QUERY: 8267 TGGGCACGGCCTGGGCCAAGGAGCAGCAGAAAGCCAGGGACGGGAGAGAGGGGAGCCGCC 8326  
|||||  
SBJCT: 8195 TGGGGTCGGCCTGGGCCAAAGAGCAGCAGAAAGGCACGGGATGGCCGCGAGGGCAGCCGCG 8254

35  
QUERY: 8327 TGTGGACTGAGGGCGAGAAGCAGCAGCTTCTGAGCACCGGGCGCGTGCAAGGGTACGAGG 8386  
|||||  
SBJCT: 8255 TATGGACAGACGGAGAGAAGCAACAGCTTCTGAACACGGGAAGGGTTCAAGGTACGAGG 8314

40  
QUERY: 8387 GATATTACGTGCTTCCCGTGGAGCAATACCCAGAGCTGCAGACAGTAGCAGCAACATCC 8446  
|||||  
SBJCT: 8315 GATATTATGTCTTGCCTGTGGAGCAGTACCCAGAGCTAGCAGACAGTAGCAGCAACATCC 8374

45  
QUERY: 8447 AGTTTTTAAGACAGAATGAGATGGGAAAGAGGTAA 8481  
|||||  
SBJCT: 8375 AGTTTTTAAGACAGAATGAAATGGGAAAGAGGTAA 8409

SCORE = 323 BITS (163), EXPECT = 1E-84  
IDENTITIES = 397/475 (83%)  
STRAND = PLUS / PLUS

50  
QUERY: 299 GACACCGCTCTTTGACCAGAGGACGCTGTGGCAAAGAGTGTGCTACACAAGCTCCTCTC 358  
|||||  
SBJCT: 20 GACACCGCTCTTTGACGAGAGGCCGGTGCAGGAAGGAGTGTGCTATACTAGTTCTTCAC 79

55  
QUERY: 359 TGGACAGTGAGGACTGCCGGGTGCCCACACAGAAATCCTACAGCTCCAGTGAGACTCTGA 418  
|||||  
SBJCT: 80 TCGACAGTGAAGACTGCAGAGTACCAGCTCAGAAGTCTTACAGCTCCAGTGAGACCCTGA 139

60  
QUERY: 419 AGGCCTATGACCATGACAGCAGGATGCACTATGGAAACCGAGTCACAGACCTCATCCACC 478  
|||||  
SBJCT: 140 AAGCATATGGCCATGACACGAGGATGCACTACGGAAATCGAGTTTCAGACCTGGTTCACA 199

65  
QUERY: 479 GGGAGTCAGATGAGTTTCTTAGACAAGGAACCACTTCACCCCTTGCCGAAGTGGGCATCT 538  
|||||  
SBJCT: 200 GGGAGTCGATGAGTTTCCAAGGCAAGGAACGAACCTTCACCCCTTGCGAAGTGGGAATCT 259

70  
QUERY: 539 GTGAGCCCTCCCCACACCGAAGCGGCTACTGCTCCGACATGGGGATCCTTCACCAGGGCT 598  
|||||  
SBJCT: 260 GTGAGCCCTCTCCCATCGAAGTGCTACTGCTCGGACATAGGAATACTCCATCAAGGCT 319

75  
QUERY: 599 ACTCCCTTAGCACAGGGTCTGACGCCGACTCCGACACCGAGGGAGGGATGTCTCCAGAAC 658  
|||||  
SBJCT: 320 ATTCTTTGAGCACTGGCTCTGATGCTGACTCAGACACGGAGGGCGGGATGTCTCCAGAGC 379

80  
QUERY: 659 ACGCCATCAGACTGTGGGGCAGAGGGATAAAATCCAGGCGCAGTTCCGGCCTGTCCAGTC 718



QUERY: 1 MDVKDRRHRSLTRGRCGKECRYTSSSLDSEDCRVPTQKSYSSSETLKAYDHDSRMHYGNR 60  
 SBJCT: 1 MDIKDRRHRSLTRGRCGKECRYTSSSLDSEDCRVPAQKSYSSSETLKAYGHDTRMHYGNR 60

5 QUERY: 61 VTDLIHRESDEFPRQGTNFTLAE LGICEPSPHRSGYCSDMGILHQGYSLSTGSDADSDTE 120  
 SBJCT: 61 VSDLVHRESDEFPRQGTNFTLAE LGICEPSPHRSGYCSDIGILHQGYSLSTGSDADSDTE 120

10 QUERY: 121 GGMSPEHAIRLWGRGIKSSRSSGLSSRENSALTLTDS DNENKSDDENG----- 168  
 SBJCT: 121 GGMSPEHAIRLWGRGIKSSRSSGLSSRENSALTLTDS DNENKSDEENDFHTLSEKLKDR 180

15 QUERY: 169 -----RPIPTSSPSLLPSAQLPSSHNPVPVSCQMPLLDSNTSHQIMDT 212  
 SBJCT: 181 QTSWQQLAETKNSLIRRP IPTSSSLLPSAQLPSSHNPVPVSCQMPLLDSNTSHQIMDT 240

20 QUERY: 213 NPDEEFSPNSYLLRACSGPQQASSGPPNHHSQSTLRPPLPPPHNHTLSHHHSSANS LN R 272  
 SBJCT: 241 NPDEEFSPNSYLLRACSGPQQASSGPPNHHSQSTLRPPLPPPHNHTLSHHHSSANS LN R 300

25 QUERY: 273 XXXXXXXXQIHAPAPAPNDLATTPE SVQLQDSWVLNSNVPLETRHFLFKXXXXXXXXXXXXX 332  
 SBJCT: 301 NSLTNRRNQIHAPAPAPNDLATTPE SVQLQDSWVLNSNVPLETRHFLFKTSSGTTPLFSS 360

30 QUERY: 333 XXXXYPLTSGTVYTPPRLLRNTFSRKAFLKKPSKYCSWKCKXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX 392  
 SBJCT: 361 SSPGYPLTSGTVYTPPRLLRNTFSRKAFLKKPSKYCSWKCAALSAIAAAVLLAILLA 420

35 QUERY: 393 YFIV-----PWSLKNSSIDSGEAE 411  
 SBJCT: 421 YFIAMHLLGLNWQLQPADGHTFSNGLRPGAAGAEDGAAAPPAGRGPWVTRNSSIDSGETE 480

40 QUERY: 412 VGRRVTQEVPPGVFWRSQIHISQPQFLKFNISLGKDALFGVYIRRG LPPSHAQYDFMERL 471  
 SBJCT: 481 VGRKVTQEVPPGVFWRSQIHISQPQFLKFNISLGKDALFGVYIRRG LPPSHAQYDFMERL 540

45 QUERY: 472 DGKEKWSVVESPRRRSIQTLVQNEAVFVQYLDVGLWHLAFYNDGKD KEMVSFNTVVLD S 531  
 SBJCT: 541 DGKEKWSVVESPRRRSIQTLVQNEAVFVQYLDVGLWHLAFYNDGKD KEVVSFSTVILDS 600

50 QUERY: 532 VQDCPRNCHNGGECVSGVCHCFPGFLGADCAKAACPVLCSGNGQYSGKTCQCYS GWKGAE 591  
 SBJCT: 601 VQDCPRNCHNGGECVSGVCHCFPGFHGADCAKAACPVLCSGNGQYSGKTCCLCYS GWKGPE 660

55 QUERY: 592 CDVPMNQCIDPSCGGHGSCIDGNCVCSAGYKGEHCEEVDCLDPTCSSHGVCVNGECLCSP 651  
 SBJCT: 661 CDVPISQCIDPSCGGHGSCIEGNCVCSIGYKGENCEEVDCLDPTCSNHGVCVNGECLCSP 720

60 QUERY: 652 GWGGLNCELARVQCPDQCSGHGTYLPDTGLCSCDPNWMGPDCSVEVCSVDCGTHGVCIGG 711  
 SBJCT: 721 GWGGINCELPRACPDQCSGHGTYLSDTGLCSCDPNWMGPDCSVEVCSVDCGTHGVCIGG 780

65 QUERY: 712 ACRCEEGWTGAACDQRVCHPRCIEHGTCKDGKCECREGWNGEHCTIGRQTAGTETDGCPD 771  
 SBJCT: 781 ACRCEEGWTGVACDQRVCHPRCTEHGTCKDGKCECREGWNGEHCTIGRQTGTETDGCPD 840

70 QUERY: 772 LCNNGNRCRTLQNSWQCVQCQTGWRGPGCNVAMETSCADNKDNEGDGLVDCLDPDCC LQSA 831  
 SBJCT: 841 LCNNGNRCRTLQNSWQCVQCQTGWRGPGCNVAMETSCADNKDNEGDGLVDCLVPDCC LQST 900

QUERY: 832 CQNSLLCRGSRDPLDIIQQGQTDWPAVKSFYDRIKLLAGKDSTHIIPGENPFNSSLVSLI 891  
 SBJCT: 901 CQNSLLCRGSRDPLDIIQQSHSGSPAVKSFYDRIKLLVGKDSTHIIPGENPFNSSLVSLI 960

QUERY: 892 RGQVVTTDGTPLVGVNVSVFKYPKYGYTITRQDGTFDLIANGGASLT LHFERAPFMSQER 951  
 SBJCT: 961 RGQVVTTDGTPLVGVNVSVFKYPKYGYTITRQDGMFDLVANGGSSLT LHFERAPFMSQER 1020

QUERY: 952 TVWLPWNSFYAMDTLVMKTEENSIPSCDLSGFVRPDPIIISPLSTFFSAAPQGNPIVPE 1011

SBJCT: 1021 TVWLPWNSFYAMDTLVMKTEENSIPSCDLSGFVRPDPVVISSPLSTFFSDAPGRNPVPE 1080  
 QUERY: 1012 TQVLHEEIELPGSNVKRLYLSSRTAGYKSLKIMTQSTVPLNLIIRVHLMVAVEGHLFQK 1071  
 |||||+|||+||| ||||| |||||+||| |||||  
 SBJCT: 1081 TQVLHEEIEVPGSSIKLIYLSSRTAGYKSLKIMTQSLVPLNLIKVHLMVAVEGHLFQK 1140  
 QUERY: 1072 SFQASPNLASTFIWDKTDAYGQRVYGLSDAVSVGFYETCPSLILWEKRTALLQGFELD 1131  
 |||||+|||+||| ||||| |||||+||| |||||  
 SBJCT: 1141 SFLASPNLAYTFIWDKTDAYGQKVYGLSDAVSVGFYETCPSLILWEKRTALLQGFELD 1200  
 QUERY: 1132 PSNLGGWSLDKHHILNVKSGILHKGKTGENQFLTQQPAIITSIMGNGRRRSISCPSCNGLA 1191  
 |||||+|||+||| |||||+|||+||| |||||  
 SBJCT: 1201 PSNLGGWSLDKHHVILNVKSGILHKGNGENQFLTQQPAVITSIMGNGRRRSISCPSCNGLA 1260  
 QUERY: 1192 EGNKLLAPVALAVGIDGSLVGVDFNYIRIRFSPSRNVTSILELRNKEFKHSNNPAHKYYLA 1251  
 |||||+|||+||| |||||+|||+||| |||||  
 SBJCT: 1261 EGNKLLAPVALAVGIDGSLFVGDFNYIRIRFSPSRNVTSILELRNKEFKHSNNPAHKYYLA 1320  
 QUERY: 1252 VDPVSGSLYVSDTNSRRIYRVKSLSGTKDLAGNSEVVAGTGEQCLPFDEARCGDGGKAID 1311  
 |||||+|||+||| |||||+|||+||| |||||  
 SBJCT: 1321 VDPVSGSLYVSDTNSRRIYKVKSLTGTDLAGNSEVVAGTGEQCLPFDEARCGDGGKAID 1380  
 QUERY: 1312 ATLMSPRGIAVDKNGLMYFVDATMIRKVDQNGIISTLLGSNDLTAVRPLSCDSSMDVAQV 1371  
 |||||+|||+||| |||||+|||+||| |||||  
 SBJCT: 1381 ATLMSPRGIAVDKYGLMYFVDATMIRKVDQNGIISTLLGSNDLTAVRPLSCDSSMDVSVQV 1440  
 QUERY: 1372 RLEWPTDLAVNPMDNSLYVLENNVILRITENHQVSI IAGRPMHCQVPGIDYSLSKXXXXX 1431  
 |||||+|||+||| |||||+|||+||| |||||  
 SBJCT: 1441 RLEWPTDLAVDPMDNSLYVLENNVILRITENHQVSI IAGRPMHCQVPGIDYSLSKLAHS 1500  
 QUERY: 1432 XXXXXXXXXXXXGVLVITETDEKKINRLRQVTTNGEICLLAGAASXXXXXXXXXXXXYS 1491  
 |||||+|||+||| |||||+|||+||| |||||  
 SBJCT: 1501 ALESASAIASHTGVLVISETDEKKINRLRQVTTNGEICLLAGAASDCCKNDVNCNCYS 1560  
 QUERY: 1492 GDDAYATDAILNSPSSLAVAPDGTIYIADLGNIRIRAVSKNKPVLNAFNQYEAASPEQE 1551  
 |||||+|||+||| |||||+|||+||| |||||  
 SBJCT: 1561 GDDGYATDAILNSPSSLAVAPDGTIYIADLGNIRIRAVSKNRPILNSFNQYEAASPEQE 1620  
 QUERY: 1552 LYVFNADGIHQYTVSLVTGEYLYNFTYSTDNDVTELDNMGNSLKIIRDSSGMPRHLLMP 1611  
 |||||+|||+||| |||||+|||+||| |||||  
 SBJCT: 1621 LYVFNADGIHQYTVSLVTGEYLYNFTYSTDNDVTEVMDSNGNSLKVRRDASGMPRHLLMP 1680  
 QUERY: 1612 DNQIITLTVGTNGGLKVSTONLELGLMTYDGNLTGLLATKSDETGWTFYDYDHEGRLTN 1671  
 |||||+|||+||| |||||+|||+||| |||||  
 SBJCT: 1681 DNQIVTLAVGTNGGLKLVSTQLELGLMTYNGNSGLLATKSDETGWTFYDYDHEGRLTN 1740  
 QUERY: 1672 VTRPTGVVTSLHREMEKSITIDIENSRDDVTVITNLSSVEASYTVVDQVRNSYQLCN 1731  
 |||||+|||+||| |||||+|||+||| |||||  
 SBJCT: 1741 VTRPTGVVTSLHREMEKSITIDIENSRDDVTVITNLSSVEASYTVVDQVRNSYQLCN 1800  
 QUERY: 1732 NGTLRVMYANGMISFHSEPHVLAGTITPTIGRCNISLPMENGLNSIEWRLRKEQIKGV 1791  
 |||||+|||+||| |||||+|||+||| |||||  
 SBJCT: 1801 NGTLRVMYANGMSISFHSEPHVLAGTVTPTIGRCNISLPMENGLNSIEWRLRKEQIKGV 1860  
 QUERY: 1792 TIFGRKLRVHGRNLLSIDYDRNIRTEKIYDDHRKFTLR IYDQVGRPFLWLPSSGLAAVN 1851  
 |||||+|||+||| |||||+|||+||| |||||  
 SBJCT: 1861 TVFGRKLRVHGRNLLSIDYDRNIRTEKIYDDHRKFTLR IYDQLGRPFLWLPSSGLAAVN 1920  
 QUERY: 1852 VSYFFNGRLAGLQRGAMSERDIDKQGRIVSRMFADGKVWSYSYLDKSMVLLLSQRQYI 1911  
 |||||+|||+||| |||||+|||+||| |||||  
 SBJCT: 1921 VSYFFNGRLAGLQRGAMSERDIDKQGR IISRMFADGKVWSYTYLEKSMVLLLSQRQYI 1980  
 QUERY: 1912 FEYDSSDRLLAVTMPSPVARHSMSTHTSIGYIRNIYNPPESNASVIFDYSDDGRIKTSFL 1971  
 |||||+|||+||| |||||+|||+||| |||||  
 SBJCT: 1981 FEYDSSDRLLAVTMPSPVARHSMSTHTSVGYIRNIYNPPESNASVIFDYSDDGRIKTSFL 2040  
 QUERY: 1972 GTGRQVFYKYGKLSKLSEIVYDSTAVTFGYDETGTGVLKMNVLQSGGFSCTIRYRKIGPLV 2031  
 |||||+|||+||| |||||+|||+||| |||||  
 SBJCT: 2041 GTGRQVFYKYGKLSKLSEIVYDSTAVTFGYDETGTGVLKMNVLQSGGFSCTIRYRKIGPLV 2100

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QUERY: 2032 DKQIYRFSEEGMVNARFDYTYHDNSFRIASIKPVISETPLPVDLYRYDEISGKVEHFGKF 2091
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||+||||||||||||||||||||||||||
SBJCT: 2101 DKQIYRFSEEGMVNARFDYTYHDNSFRIASIKPIISETPLPVDLYRYDEISGKVEHFGKF 2160

5  QUERY: 2092 GVIYYDINQIITTAVMTLSKHFDTHGRIKEVQYEMFRSLMYWMTVQYDSMGRVIKRELKL 2151
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||+||||||||||||||||||||||||||
SBJCT: 2161 GVIYYDINQIITTAVMTLSKHFDTHGRIKEVQYEMFRSLMYWMTVQYDSMGRVTKRELKL 2220

10 QUERY: 2152 GPYANTTKYTYDYDGDGQLQSVAVNDRPTWRYSDYXXXXXXXXXXXXXSVRLMPLRYDLRD 2211
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||+||||||||||||||||||||||||||
SBJCT: 2221 GPYANTTKYTYDYDGDGQLQSVAVNDRPTWRYSDYLNGLHLLNPGNSVRLMPLRYDLRD 2280

15 QUERY: 2212 RITRLGDVQYKIDDDGYLCQRGSDIFEYNSKGLLTRAYNKASGWSVQYRYDGVGRRASYK 2271
          |||||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||
SBJCT: 2281 RITRLGDIPYKIDDDGYLCQRGSDVFEYNSKGLLTRAYNKANGWNVQYRYDGLGRRASCK 2340

20 QUERY: 2272 TNLGHHLQYFYSDLHNPTRITHVYNHSNSEITSLYYDLQGHLFAMESSSGEEYYVASDNT 2331
          |||||||||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||
SBJCT: 2341 TNLGHHLQYFYADLHNPTRVTHVYNHSNSEITSLYYDLQGHLFAMESSSGEEYYVASDNT 2400

25 QUERY: 2332 GTPLAVFSINGLMIKQLQYTAYGEIYYDSNPDFQMVIGFHGGLYDPLTKLVHFTQRDYDV 2391
          |||||||||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||
SBJCT: 2401 GTPLAVFSINGLMIKQLQYTAYGEIYYDSNPDFQLVIGFHGGLYDPLTKLVHFTQRDYDV 2460

30 QUERY: 2392 LAGRWTSPPDYTMWKNVKGEPAPFNLYMFKSNNPLSSELDLKNYVTDVKSWLVMFGFQLSN 2451
          |||||||||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||
SBJCT: 2461 LAGRWTSPPDYTMWKNIGREPAPFNLYMFKSNNPLSNELDLKNYVTDVKSWLVMFGFQLSN 2520

35 QUERY: 2452 IIPGFPRAKMYFVPPPYELSESQASENGQLITGVQQTTERHNQAFMALEGQVITKKLHAS 2511
          |||||||||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||
SBJCT: 2521 IIPGFPRAKMYFVSPPYELTESQACENGQLITGVQQTTERHNQAFMALEGQVISKRLHAS 2580

40 QUERY: 2512 IREKAGHWFATTTPIIGKGIMFAIKEGRVTTGVSSIASEDSRKVASVLNNAYYLDKMHYS 2571
          |||||||||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||
SBJCT: 2581 IREKAGHWFATSTPIIGKGIMFAVKGRVTTGISSIATDDSRKIASVLNSAHYLEKMHYS 2640

45 QUERY: 2572 IEGKDTHYFVKIGSADGLVTLGTTIGRKVLESGVNVTVSQPTLLVNGRTRRFTNIEFQY 2631
          |||||||||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||
SBJCT: 2641 IEGKDTHYFVKIGSADSLVTLAMTSGRKVLDGSGVNVTVSQPTLLINGRTRRFTNIEFQY 2700

50 QUERY: 2632 STLLLSIRYGLTPDTLDEEKARVLDQARQALGTAWAKEQQKARDGREGSRLWTEGEKQQ 2691
          |||||++|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||+|||||
SBJCT: 2701 STLLINIRYGLTADTLDEEKARVLDQARQALGSAWAKEQQKARDGREGSRVWTDGEKQQ 2760

55 QUERY: 2692 LLSTGRVQGYEGYYVLPVEQYPELADSSSNIQFLRQNMGKR 2733
          ||+||||||||||||||||||||||||||
SBJCT: 2761 LLNTGRVQGYEGYYVLPVEQYPELADSSSNIQFLRQNMGKR 2802

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The FCTR3bcde and f amino acid sequences have 1524 of 2352 amino acid residues (64%) identical to, and 1881 of 2532 residues (79%) positive with, the amino acid residues 429-2771, 93 of 157 residues (59%) identical to and 118 of 157 residues (74%) positive with amino acid residues 1-155, and 59 of 152 residues (38%) identical to and 68 of 152 residues (43%) positive with amino acid residues 211-361 of Ten-m4 [*Mus musculus*] (ptnr: GenBank Acc: BAA77399.1) (SEQ ID NO:70) (Table 3R).

**Table 3R. BLASTP of FCTR3b, c, d, e, and f against *Mus musculus* Ten-m4 - (SEQ ID NO:70)**

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>GI|4760782|DBJ|BAA77399.1| (AB025413) TEN-M4 [MUS MUSCULUS]
      LENGTH = 2771

SCORE = 3089 BITS (8008), EXPECT = 0.0

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IDENTITIES = 1524/2352 (64%), POSITIVES = 1881/2352 (79%), GAPS = 28/2352 (1%)

5 QUERY: 401 KNSSIDSGEAEVGRRTVQEVPPGVFWSRQIHISQPQFLKFNISLGKDALFGVYIRRLGP 460  
++| | | | | + | | | | + | + | | | | | | | + | | | | + | | | | |  
5 SBJCT: 429 EDSFIDSGEIDVGRRASQKIPPGTFWRSQVFDHPVHLKFNVSGLGAALVGIYGRKGLPP 488

10 QUERY: 461 SHAQYDFMERLDGK-----EKWSVVEsprerrrsIQTLVQNEAVFVQYLDVGLWHLAFYND 515  
| | + | + | | | + | | + | | | | + | | + | | | | + | | | | |  
10 SBJCT: 489 SHTQFDFVELLDGRRLLTQEARSLGEPQRQSRGPVPPSSHETGFIQYLDSGIWHLAFYND 548

15 QUERY: 516 GKDKEMVSFNTVVLDSVQDCPRNCHNGGECVSGVCHCFPGFLGADCAKACPVLCSGNGQ 575  
| | + | + | | | + | + | | + | | + | + | | | | | | | + | + | | | | |  
15 SBJCT: 549 GKSEVVVSFLTТАIESVDNCPNCSNCGNGDCISGTCHCFLGFLGPDCGRASCPVLCSGNGQ 608

20 QUERY: 636 CSSHGVCVNGECLCSPGWGGLNCELARVQCPDQCSGHGTYLPDTGLCSCDPNWMGPDCSV 695  
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | + | | | | + | | + | | | +  
20 SBJCT: 669 CSSRGVCVRGECHCSVGWGGTNCETPRATCLDQCSGHGTFPLDTGLCNCDSWTHGDCSI 728

25 QUERY: 696 EVCSVDCGTHGVCIGGACRCEEWTGAACDQRVCHPRCIEHGTCKDGKCECREGWNGEHC 755  
| + | + | | | | + | | | + | | | | | | | | | | + | | | | | | | |  
25 SBJCT: 729 EICAADCGGHGVCVGGTCRCEDGWMGAACDQACHPRCAEHGTCDGKCECSPGWNGEHC 788  
\*\*\*\*\*

30 QUERY: 756 TIGRQTAGTETDGCPLCNGNGRCTLGQNSWQCVCQTGWRGPGCNVAMETSCADNKDNEG 815  
| | + | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | + | + | | | | | + | |  
30 SBJCT: 789 TIAHYLDRVVKEGCPLCNGNGRCTLDLNGWHVCQLGWRGTGCDTSMETGCGDGKDNDG 848

35 QUERY: 816 DGLVDCCLDPDCLQSACQNSLLCRGSRDPLDIIQQGQT--DWPVAVKSFYDRIKLAGKDS 873  
| | | | + | | | | | | + | | | | | | + | | | | | | + | | | |  
35 SBJCT: 849 DGLVDCMDPDCLQLPLCHVNPLCLGSPDPLDIIQETQAPVSQQNLNPFYDRIKFLVGRDS 908

40 QUERY: 874 THIIPGENPFNSSLVSLIRGQVVTDTGTPLVGVNVSFVKYPKYGYTITRQDGTFDLIANG 933  
| | | | | | + | + | | | + | + | | | | | + | + | | + | | | + | |  
40 SBJCT: 909 THSIPGENPFDGGHACVIRGQVMTSDGTPLVGVNISFINNPLFGYTISRQDGSFDLVING 968

45 QUERY: 934 GASLTLHFERAPFMSQERTVWLPWNSFYAMDTLVMKTEENSIPSCDLSGFVRPDPIIIS 993  
| + | | | | + | + | | + | + | + | + | | | | | | | + | + |  
45 SBJCT: 969 GISIILRFERAPFITQEHTLWLPWDRFFVMETIVMRHEENEIPSCDLSNFARPNPVVSPS 1028

50 QUERY: 994 PLSTFFSAAPGQNPVIVPETQVLHEEIELEPGSNVKLRYLSSRTAGYKSLKITMTQSTVPL 1053  
| | + | + | + | | | | | | | + | + | | | | | | + | + | + | + |  
50 SBJCT: 1029 PLTSFASSCAEKGPIVPEIQALQEEIIVAGCKMRLSYLSSRTPGYKSVLRISLTHPTIPF 1088

55 QUERY: 1054 NLIRVHLMVAVEGHLFQKSFQASPNLASTFIWDKTDAYGQRVYGLSDAVVSVGFYEYTCP 1113  
| | + | | | | | | | | + | + | + | | | | | | + | + | + | | + | |  
55 SBJCT: 1089 NLMKVHLMVAVEGRLFRKWFAAAPDLSYFIWDKTDVYNQKVFGFSEAFVSVGYEYESCP 1148

60 QUERY: 1114 SLILWEKRTALLQGFEIDPSNLGGWSLDKHHILNVKSGILHKGTEGENQFLTQQPAIITSI 1173  
| | | | | | + | | + | + | | | | | | | + | | | | | | + | | |  
60 SBJCT: 1149 DLILWEKRTAVLQGYEIDASKLGGWSLDKHHALNIQSGILHKGNGENQFVSQQPPVIGSI 1208

65 QUERY: 1174 MGNRRRSISCPSCNGLAEGNKLLAPVALAVGIDGSLYVGDFNYIRIRIFPSRNVTSILEL 1233  
| | | | | | | | | | + | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | + | | + |  
65 SBJCT: 1209 MGNRRRSISCPSCNGLADGNKLLAPVALTCGSDGSLYVGDFNYIRIRIFPSGNVTNILEM 1268

70 QUERY: 1234 RNKEFKHSNNPAHKYYLAVDPVSGSLYVSDTNSRRIYRVKSLSGTKDLAGNSEVVAGTGE 1293  
| | + | + | + | | | | | + | + | + | + | | | + | + | | | + |  
70 SBJCT: 1269 RNKDFRHSHPAHKYYLATDPMSGAVFLSDTNSRRVFKVKSTTVVKDLVKNSEVVAGTGD 1328

QUERY: 1294 QCLPFDEARCGDGGKAIDATLMSPRGIAVDKNGLMYFVDATMIRKVDQNGIISTLLGSND 1353  
| | | | + | | | | | + | | + | | | | | + | | | | | | | | | |  
75 SBJCT: 1329 QCLPFDDTRCGDGGKATEATLTNPRGITVDKFLIYFVDGTMIRVDQNGIISTLLGSND 1388

QUERY: 1354 LTAVRPLSCDSSMDVAQVRLEWPTDLAVNPMDNSLYVLENNVILRITENHQVSIAGRPM 1413  
| + | | | | | + | + | | | | | + | | | | | + | + | + | + | + | |  
80 SBJCT: 1389 LTSARPLSCDSVMEISQVRLEWPTDLAINPMDNSLYVLDNNVVLQISENHQVRIVAGRPM 1448





5 SBJCT: 2467 KCFMTDVNSWLLTFGFQLHNVIPGYPKPDTDAMEPSYELVHTQMKTQEWDNSSKILGVQC 2526

QUERY: 2488 TTERHNQAFMALE-----GQVITKKLHASIREKAGHWFATTTPIIGKGIMFAIKEGRVT 2541

++ +||+ || || | +| ||++ |||+ |||+|||

10 SBJCT: 2527 EVQKQLKAFVTLERFDQLYGSTITSCQAPETKK---FASSGSIFGKGVKFALKDGRVT 2582

QUERY: 2542 TGVSSIASEDSRKVASVLNNAYYLDKMHSYIEGKDTHYFVKIGSADGDLVTLGTTIGRKV 2601

| + |+|+|| ++|++|||+|+| +|++|+| ||||| | ++|| | | + ||+

10 SBJCT: 2583 TDIISVANEDGRRIAAILNNAHYLENLHFTIDGVDTHYFVKPGPSEGLAILGLSGGRRT 2642

QUERY: 2602 LESGVNVTVSQPTLLVNGRTRRFTNIEFQYSTLLLSIRYGLTPDTLDEEKARVLDQARQR 2661

||+||| ||| | +++|||+|+|+ || | | + || | +||| |||+ |||

15 SBJCT: 2643 LENGVNVTVSQINTMLSGRTRRYTDIQLQYRALCLNTRYG---TTVDEEKVRVLELARQR 2699

QUERY: 2662 ALGTAWAKEQQKARDGREGSRLWTEGEKQQLLSTGRVQGYEGYVLPVEQYPELADSSSN 2721

|+ |||+|||+ |+| || | |+|||+|+|||+|++| |||||+||++|

15 SBJCT: 2700 AVRQAWAREQQRLREGEEGLRAWTDGEKQQVLNTGRVQGYDGFVTSVEQYPELSDSANN 2759

20 QUERY: 2722 IQFLRQNEGMKR 2733

| |+|+|||+|

20 SBJCT: 2760 IHFMRQSEMGR 2771

SCORE = 161 BITS (407), EXPECT = 2E-37

IDENTITIES = 93/157 (59%), POSITIVES = 118/157 (74%), GAPS = 4/157 (2%)

25 QUERY: 1 MDVKDRR-HRSLTRGRCGKECRYTSSSLDSEDCRVPTQKSYSSSETLKAYDHDSRMHYGN 59

|||+|+ +||| | | ||||| |||+ + | ||||| ||||| |||+|+ ||+

25 SBJCT: 1 MDVKERKPYRSLTRRR-DAERRYTSADSEEGKP-QKSYSSSETLKAYDQDARLAYGS 58

30 QUERY: 60 RVTDLIHRESDEFPRQGTNFTLAELGICEPS-PHRSGYCSMDGILHQGYSLSTGSDADSD 118

|| |++ +|++| | ||||| |||+ | + || + |+|+ | |||+ ||| +

30 SBJCT: 59 RVKDMVPQEAEEFCRTGTNFTLRELGLGEMTPPHGTLYRTDIGLPHCGYSMGASSDADLE 118

35 QUERY: 119 TEGGMSPEHAIRLWGRGIKSRSSGLSSRENSALTLT 155

+ +||| +||| | + ||| ||| |||

35 SBJCT: 119 ADTVLSPEHPVRLWGRSTRSGRSSCLSSRANSNLTLT 155

SCORE = 72.1 BITS (176), EXPECT = 8E-11

IDENTITIES = 59/152 (38%), POSITIVES = 68/152 (43%), GAPS = 42/152 (27%)

40 QUERY: 285 PAPAPND--LATP-----ESVQLQDSWVLNSNVPLETR----- 316

|+||| | |+ | | |+|+|||+|||

40 SBJCT: 211 PSPAPTDSLSGEPAGSAQEPTHAQDNWLLNSNIPLETRNLGKQPFLGTLQDNLIEMDI 270

45 QUERY: 317 -----HFLFKXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXYPLTSGTVYTPPPRLLPNTFSRKAFK 363

|||| | ||| |||+||| |||+||| ||

45 SBJCT: 271 LSASRHDGAYSDBGHFLFK-PGGTSPLFCTTSPGYPLTSSTVYSPPPRPLPRSTFSRPAFN 329

50 QUERY: 364 LKKPSKYCSWKXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXYFI 395

|||||+||| ||+

50 SBJCT: 330 LKKPSKYCNWKAALSAILISATLVILLAYFV 361

\*FCTR3F DOES NOT CONTAIN THESE AMINO ACIDS

55 The 997-2733 amino acid fragment of the FCTR3bcde and f protein was also found to have 1695 of 1737 amino acid residues (97%) identical to, and 1695 of 1737 residues (97%) positive with the amino a 1737 amino acid residue protein KIAA1127 protein [*Homo sapiens*] (GenBank Acc:(AB032953) (SEQ ID NO:71), (Table 3S).

**Table 3S. BLASTP of FCTR3b, c, d, e, and f against *Homo sapiens* KIAA1127 protein (SEQ ID NO:71)**

>GI|6329763|DBJ|BAA86441.1| (AB032953) KIAA1127 PROTEIN [HOMO SAPIENS]  
LENGTH = 1737

Year	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100
1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	

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QUERY: 2017 GFSCITIRYRKIGPLVDKQIYRFSEEGMVNARFDYTYHDNSFRIASIKPVISETPLPVDLY 2076  
 SBJCT: 1021 GFSCITIRYRKIGPLVDKQIYRFSEEGMVNARFDYTYHDNSFRIASIKPVISETPLPVDLY 1080  
 QUERY: 2077 RYDEISGKVEHFGKFGVIYYDINQIITTAVMTLSKHFDTHGRIKEVQYEMFRSLMYWMTV 2136  
 SBJCT: 1081 RYDEISGKVEHFGKFGVIYYDINQIITTAVMTLSKHFDTHGRIKEVQYEMFRSLMYWMTV 1140  
 QUERY: 2137 QYDSMGRVIKRELKLGPIYANTTKYTYDYDGDGQLQSVAVNDRPTWRYSDXXXXXXXXXX 2196  
 SBJCT: 1141 QYDSMGRVIKRELKLGPIYANTTKYTYDYDGDGQLQSVAVNDRPTWRYSDYDLNGLHLLNP 1200  
 QUERY: 2197 XXSVRLMPLRYDLRDRITRLGDVQYKIDDDGYLCQRGSDIFEYNSKGLLTRAYNKASGWS 2256  
 SBJCT: 1201 GNSVRLMPLRYDLRDRITRLGDVQYKIDDDGYLCQRGSDIFEYNSKGLLTRAYNKASGWS 1260  
 QUERY: 2257 VQYRYDGVGRRASYSKTNLGHHLQYFYSDLHNPTRITHVYNHNSSEITSLYYDLQGHFLFAM 2316  
 SBJCT: 1261 VQYRYDGVGRRASYSKTNLGHHLQYFYSDLHNPTRITHVYNHNSSEITSLYYDLQGHFLFAM 1320  
 QUERY: 2317 ESSSGEEYYVASDNTGTPLAVFSINGLMIKQLQYTAYGEIYYDSNPDFQMVGIFHGGLYD 2376  
 SBJCT: 1321 ESSSGEEYYVASDNTGTPLAVFSINGLMIKQLQYTAYGEIYYDSNPDFQMVGIFHGGLYD 1380  
 QUERY: 2377 PLTKLVHFTQRDYLVDLAGRWTSPTYMWKNVGKEPAPFNLYMFKSNNPLSSELDLKNYVT 2436  
 SBJCT: 1381 PLTKLVHFTQRDYLVDLAGRWTSPTYMWKNVGKEPAPFNLYMFKSNNPLSSELDLKNYVT 1440  
 QUERY: 2437 DVKSWLVMFGFQLSNIIPGFPRAKMYFVPPPYELSESQASENGQLITGVQQTTERHNOAF 2496  
 SBJCT: 1441 DVKSWLVMFGFQLSNIIPGFPRAKMYFVPPPYELSESQASENGQLITGVQQTTERHNOAF 1500  
 QUERY: 2497 MALEGQVITKKLHASIREKAGHWFATTPTIIGKGIMFAIKEGRVTTGVSSIASEDSRKVA 2556  
 SBJCT: 1501 MALEGQVITKKLHASIREKAGHWFATTPTIIGKGIMFAIKEGRVTTGVSSIASEDSRKVA 1560  
 QUERY: 2557 SVLNNAYYLDKMHYSIEGKDTYFVKIGSADGDLVTLGTTIGRKVLESGVNVTVSQPTLL 2616  
 SBJCT: 1561 SVLNNAYYLDKMHYSIEGKDTYFVKIGSADGDLVTLGTTIGRKVLESGVNVTVSQPTLL 1620  
 QUERY: 2617 VNGRTRRFTNIEFQYSTLLLSIRYGLTPDLDDEEKARVLDQARQALGTAWAKEQQKARD 2676  
 SBJCT: 1621 VNGRTRRFTNIEFQYSTLLLSIRYGLTPDLDDEEKARVLDQARQALGTAWAKEQQKARD 1680  
 QUERY: 2677 GREGSRLWTEGEKQQLSTGRVQGYEGYVLPVEQYPELADSSSNIQFLRQNEGMGR 2733  
 SBJCT: 1681 GREGSRLWTEGEKQQLSTGRVQGYEGYVLPVEQYPELADSSSNIQFLRQNEGMGR 1737

The amino acid sequences of the FCTR3bcde and f proteins were also found to have 2528 of 2774 amino acid residues (91%) identical to, and 2557 of 2774 residues (92%) positive with, the 2765 amino acid residue protein neurestin alpha [*Rattus norvegicus*] (GenBank Acc:AF086607) (SEQ ID NO:72), shown in Table 3T.

**Table 3T. BLASTP of FCTR3bcd and f against *Rattus norvegicus* Neurestin alpha (SEQ ID NO:72)**

>GI|9910320|REF|NP\_064473.1| NEURESTIN ALPHA [RATTUS NORVEGICUS]  
 GI|5712201|GB|AAD47383.1|AF086607\_1 (AF086607) NEURESTIN ALPHA [RATTUS NORVEGICUS]  
 LENGTH = 2765  
 SCORE = 4988 BITS (12938), EXPECT = 0.0  
 IDENTITIES = 2528/2774 (91%), POSITIVES = 2557/2774 (92%), GAPS = 50/2774 (1%)  
 QUERY: 1 MDVKDRRHRSLTRGRCGKECRYTSSSLDSEDCRVPTQKSYSSSETLKAYDHDSRMHYGNR 60



QUERY: 1040 SLLKITMTQSTVPLNLRVHLMVAVEGHLFQKSFQASPNLASTFIWDKTDAYGQRVYGLS 1099  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 1072 SLLKITMTQSTVPLNLRVHLMVAVEGHLFQKSFQASPNLAYTFIWDKTDAYGQRVYGLS 1131  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 1100 DAVSVSGFEYETCPSSLILWEKRTALLQGFEIDPSNLGGWSLDKHHILNVKSGILHKGKTGE 1159  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 1132 DAVSVSGFEYETCPSSLILWEKRTALLQGFEIDPSNLGGWSLDKHTLNVKSGILLKGKTGE 1191  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 1160 NQFLTQQPAIITSIMGNRRRSISCPSCNGLAEGNKLLAPVALAVGIDGSLYVGFDFNYIR 1219  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||+||||||  
 SBJCT: 1192 NQFLTQQPAIITSIMGNRRRSISCPSCNGLAEGNKLLAPVALAVGIDGSLFVGFDFNYIR 1251  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 1220 RIFPSRNVTSILELRNKEFKHSNNPAHKYYLAVDPVSGSLYVSDTNSRRIYRVKSLSGTK 1279  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||+||||||||||+||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 1252 RIFPSRNVTSILELRNKEFKHSNSPGHKYYLAVDPVTGSLYVSDTNSRRIYRVKSLSGAK 1311  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 1280 DLAGNSEVVAGTGEQCLPFDEARCGDGGKAIDATLMSPRGIAVDKNGLMYFVDATMIRKV 1339  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||+||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 1312 DLAGNSEVVAGTGEQCLPFDEARCGDGGKAIDATLMSPRGIAVDKNGLMYFVDATMIRKV 1371  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 1340 DQNGIISTLLGSNDLTAVRPLSCDSSMDVAQVRLEWPTDLAVNPMDNSLYVLENNVILRI 1399  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 1372 DQNGIISTLLGSNDLTAVRPLSCDSSMDVAQVRLEWPTDLAVNPMDNSLYVLENNVILRI 1431  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 1400 TENHQVSI IAGRPMHCQVPGIDYSLSKXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXGVLVITETDEKKINR 1459  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||+||||||||||+||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 1432 TENHQVSI IAGRPMHCQVPGIDYSLSKLAHSALESASAIASHGVLVITETDEKKINR 1491  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 1460 LRQVTTNGEICLLAGAASXXXXXXXXXXXXXSGDDAYATDAILNSPSSLAVAPDGTIYIA 1519  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||+||||||||||+||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 1492 LRQVTTNGEICLLAGAASDCDCCKNDVNCICYSGDDAYATDAILNSPSSLAVAPDGTIYIA 1551  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 1520 DLGNIRIRAVSKNKPVLNAFNQYEAASPGQEELYVFNADGIHQYTVSLVTGEYLYNFTYS 1579  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 1552 DLGNIRIRAVSKNKPVLNAFNQYEAASPGQEELYVFNADGIHQYTVSLVTGEYLYNFTYS 1611  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 1580 TDNDVTELIDNNGNSLKIIRDSSGMPRHLLMPDNQIITLTVGTNGGLKVSTQNLELGLM 1639  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 1612 ADNDVTELIDNNGNSLKIIRDSSGMPRHLLMPDNQIITLTVGTNGGLKAVSTQNLELGLM 1671  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 1640 TYDGNTGLLATKSDETGWTFYDYDHEGRLTNVTRPTGVVTSLHREMEKSITIDIENSNR 1699  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||+||||||  
 SBJCT: 1672 TYDGNTGLLATKSDETGWTFYDYDHEGRLTNVTRPTGVVTSLHREMEKSITVDIENSNR 1731  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 1700 DDDVTVITNLSSVEASYTVVQDQVRNSYQLCNGTLRVMYANGMGISFHSEPHVLAGTIT 1759  
 |+||||||||||||||||||||||+||||||||||+||||||||||+||  
 SBJCT: 1732 DNDVTVITNLSSVEASYTVVQDQVRNSYQLCSNGTLRVMYANGMGVSFHSEPHVLAGTIT 1791  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 1760 PTIGRCNISLPMENGLNSIEWRLRKEQIKGVTIFGRKLRVHGRNLLSIDYDRNIRTEKI 1819  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 1792 PTIGRCNISLPMENGLNSIEWRLRKEQIKGVTIFGRKLRVHGRNLLSIDYDRNIRTEKI 1851  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 1820 YDDHRKFTLRRIYDQVGRPFLWLPSSGLAAVNVSYFFNGRLAGLQRGAMSERTDIDKQGR 1879  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 1852 YDDHRKFTLRRIYDQVGRPFLWLPSSGLAAVNVSYFFNGRLAGLQRGAMSERTDIDKQGR 1911  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 1880 IVSRMFADGKVWSYSYLDKSMVLLLQSQRQYIFEYDSSDRLLAVTMPSPVARHSMSTHTSI 1939  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 1912 IVSRMFADGKVWSYSYLDKSMVLLLQSQRQYIFEYDSSDRLLHAVTMPSPVARHSMSTHTSI 1971  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 1940 GYIRNIYNPPESNASVIFDYSDDGRILKTSFLGTGRQVFYKYGKLSKLSEIVYDSTAVTF 1999  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 1972 GYIRNIYNPPESNASVIFDYSDDGRILKTSFLGTGRQVFYKYGKLSKLSEIVYDSTAVTF 2031  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 2000 GYDETTGVLKMNVLQSGGFSCTIRYRKIGPLVDKQIYRFSEEGMVNARFDYTYHDNSFRI 2059  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||+||||||||||+||||||||||+||  
 SBJCT: 2032 GYDETTGVLKMNVLQSGGFSCTIRYRKVGPLVDKQIYRFSEEGMINARFDYTYHDNSFRI 2091  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 QUERY: 2060 ASIKPVISETPLPVDLYRYDEISGKVEHFGKFGVIYYDINQIITTAVMTLSKHFDTHGRI 2119  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||

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5  SBJCT: 2092 ||||| ASIKPVISETPLPVDLYRYDEISGKVEHFGKFGVIYYDINQIITTAVMTLSKHFDTHGRI 2151
    QUERY: 2120 KEVQYEMFRSLMYWMTVQYDSMGRVIKRELKLGPYANTTKYTYDYDGDGQLQSVAVNDRP 2179
    SBJCT: 2152 ||||| KEVQYEMFRSLMYWMTVQYDSMGRVIKRELKLGPYANTTKYTYDYDGDGQLQSVAVNDRP 2211
    QUERY: 2180 TWRYSYDXXXXXXXXXXXXSVRLMPLRYDLRDRITRLGDVQYKIDDDGYLCQRGSDIFEY 2239
10  SBJCT: 2212 ||||| TWRYSYDLNGLHLLNPGNSARLMPLRYDLRDRITRLGDVQYKIDDDGYLCQRGSDIFEY 2271
    QUERY: 2240 NSKGLLTRAYNKASGWSVQYRYDGVRRASYKTNLGHHLQYFYSDLHNPTRITHVYNHNS 2299
    SBJCT: 2272 ||||| NSKGLLTRAYNKASGWSVQYRYDGVRRASYKTNLGHHLQYFYSDLHNPTRITHVYNHNS 2331
15  QUERY: 2300 SEITSLYYDLQGHLFAMESSSGEEYYVASDNTGTPLAVFSINGLMIKQLQYTAYGEIYYD 2359
    SBJCT: 2332 ||||| SEITSLYYDLQGHLFAMESSSGEEYYVASDNTGTPLAVFSINGLMIKQLQYTAYGEIYYD 2391
    QUERY: 2360 SNPDFQMVIGFHGGLYDPLTKLVHFTQRDYDVLAGRWTSPDYTMWKNVGKEPAPFNLYMF 2419
    SBJCT: 2392 ||||| SNPDFQMVIGFHGGLYDPLTKLVHFTQRDYDVLAGRWTSPDYTMWRNVGKEPAPFNLYMF 2451
20  QUERY: 2420 KSNPNLSSELDLKNYVTDVKSWMVFGFQLSNII PGFPRAKMYFVPPPYELSESQASENG 2479
    SBJCT: 2452 ||||| KSNPNLSSELDLKNYVTDVKSWMVFGFQLSNII PGFPRAKMYFVPPPYELSESQASENG 2511
25  QUERY: 2480 QLITGVQQTTERHNQAFMALEGQVITKKLHASIREKAGHWFATTTP IIGKGIMFAIKEGR 2539
    SBJCT: 2512 ||||| QLITGVQQTTERHNQAFMALEGQVITKKLHASIREKAGHWFATTTP IIGKGIMFAIKEGR 2571
30  QUERY: 2540 VTTGVSSIASEDSRKVASVLNNAYYLDKMHYSIEGKDTHYFVKIGSADGDLVTLGTTIGR 2599
    SBJCT: 2572 ||||| VTTGVSSIASEDSRKVASVLNNAYYLDKMHYSIEGKDTHYFVKIGSADGDLVTLGTTIGR 2631
35  QUERY: 2600 KVLESGVNVTVSQPTLLVNGRTRRFTNIEFQYSTLLLSIRYGLTPDTLDEEKARVLDQAR 2659
    SBJCT: 2632 ||||| KVLESGVNVTVSQPTLLVNGRTRRFTNIEFQYSTLLLSIRYGLTPDTLDEEKARVLDQAR 2691
40  QUERY: 2660 QRALGTAWAKEQQKARDGREGSRLWTEGEKQQLLSTGRVQGYEGYYVLPVEQYPELADSS 2719
    SBJCT: 2692 ||||| QRALGTAWAKEQQKARDGREGSRLWTEGEKQQLLSTGRVQGYEGYYVLPVEQYPELADSS 2751
45  QUERY: 2720 SNIQFLRQNE MGKR 2733
    SBJCT: 2752 ||||| SNIQFLRQNE MGKR 2765

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\* = FCTR3F DOES NOT CONTAIN THESE AMINO ACIDS

50        The amino acid sequences of the FCTR3bcde and f proteins were also found to have 2536 of 2774 amino acid residues (91%) identical to, and 2558 of 2774 residues (91%) positive with, the 2764 amino acid residue protein Odd Oz/ten-m homolog 2 (*Drosophila*) (GenBank Acc:NP\_035986.2) (SEQ ID NO:65), shown in Table 3U.

**Table 3U. BLASTP of FCTR3bcde and f against Odd Oz/ten-m homolog 2 (SEQ ID NO:65)**

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55  >GI|7657415|REF|NP_035986.2| ODD OZ/TEN-M HOMOLOG 2 (DROSOPHILA); ODD OZ/TEN-M HOMOLOG
    3 (DROSOPHILA) [MUS MUSCULUS]
    GI|4760778|DBJ|BAA77397.1| (AB025411) TEN-M2 [MUS MUSCULUS]
60  LENGTH = 2764
    SCORE = 4996 BITS (12961), EXPECT = 0.0

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IDENTITIES = 2536/2774 (91%), POSITIVES = 2558/2774 (91%), GAPS = 51/2774 (1%)

5 QUERY: 1 MDVKDRRHSRLTRGRCGKECRYTSSSLDSEDCRVPTQKSYSSSETLKAYDHDSRMHYGNR 60  
SBJCT: 1 MDVKDRRHSRLTRGRCGKECRYTSSSLDSEDCRVPTQKSYSSSETLKAYDHDSRMHYGNR 60

10 QUERY: 61 VTDLIHRESDEFPRQGTNFTLAEGLICEPSPHRSGYCSDMGILHQGYSLTGSDADSDTE 120  
SBJCT: 61 VTDLVHRESDEFPSRQGTNFTLAEGLICEPSPHRSGYCSDMGILHQGYSLTGSDADSDTE 120

15 QUERY: 121 GGMSPEHAIRLWGRGIKSRSSGLSSRENSALTLTXXXXXXXXXXXXXGRXXXXXXXXXXXX 180  
SBJCT: 121 GGMSPEHAIRLWGRGIKSRSSGLSSRENSALTLTDSDNENKSDDDNGRPIPTSSSSLL 180

20 QUERY: 181 XXXXXXXXHNPPPVSCQMPLLDSNTSHQIMDTNPDEEFSPNSYLLRACXXXXXXXXXXXX 240  
SBJCT: 181 PSAQLPSSHNPVSCQMPLLDSNTSHQIMDTNPDEEFSPNSYLLRACSGPQQASSGPP 240

25 QUERY: 241 NHHSQXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXQIHAPAPAPNDLATTPEVQ 300  
SBJCT: 241 NHHSQSTLRPPLPPPHNHTLSHHSSANSNLRNSLTNRRSQIHAPAPAPNDLATTPEVQ 300

30 QUERY: 301 LQDSWVLNSNVPLETRHFLFKXXXXXXXXXXXXXPLTSGTVYTPPPRLLPRNTFSRK 360  
SBJCT: 301 LQDSWVLNSNVPLETRHFLFKTSSGSTPLFSSSSPGYPLTSGTVYTPPPRLLPRNTFSRK 360

35 QUERY: 361 AFKLKKPSKYCSWKCKXXXXXXXXXXXXXFI----- 395  
SBJCT: 361 AFKLKKPSKYCSWKAALSAIAAALLAILLAYFIAMHLGLNWQLQPADGHTFNNGVRT 420

40 QUERY: 396 -----VPWSLKNSSIDSGEAEVGRVQTQEVPPGVFWRSQIHISQPQFLK 439  
SBJCT: 421 GLPGNDDVATVPSGKVPWSLKNSSIDSGEAEVGRVQTQEVPPGVFWRSQIHISQPQFLK 480

45 QUERY: 440 FNISLGKDALFGVYIRRGPPSHAQYDFMERLDGKEKWSVVESPRERRSIQTLVQNEAVF 499  
SBJCT: 481 FNISLGKDALFGVYIRRGPPSHAQYDFMERLDGKEKWSVVESPRERRSIQTLVQNEAVF 540

50 QUERY: 500 VQYLDVGLWHLAFYNDGKDKEMVSFNTVVLDSVQDCPRNCHGNCEVSGVCHCFPGFLGA 559  
SBJCT: 541 VQYLDVGLWHLAFYNDGKDKEMVSFNTVVLDSVQDCPRNCHGNCEVSGGLCHCFPGFLGA 600

55 QUERY: 560 DCAKAACPVLCSGNGQYSKGTCQCYSGWKGAECDVPMNQCIDPSCGHHGSCIDGNCVCSA 619  
SBJCT: 601 DCAKAACPVLCSGNGQYSKGTCQCYSGWKGAECDVPMNQCIDPSCGHHGSCIDGNCVCAA 660

60 QUERY: 620 GYKGEHCEEVDCLDPTCSSHGVCVNGECLCSPGWGGLNCELARVQCPDQCSGHGTYLPDT 679  
SBJCT: 661 GYKGEHCEEVDCLDPTCSSHGVCVNGECLCSPGWGGLNCELARVQCPDQCSGHGTYLPDS 720

65 QUERY: 680 GLCSCDPNWMGPDCSV-EVVCSDCGTHGVCIGGACRCEEGWTGAACDQRVCHPRCIEHGTC 739  
SBJCT: 721 GLCSCDPNWMGPDCSV-VCSVDCGTHGVCIGGACRCEEGWTGAACDQRVCHPRCIEHGTC 779  
\*\*\*\*\*

70 QUERY: 740 KDKGCECREGWNGEHCTIGRQTAGTETDGCPLCNGNGRCTLGQNSWQCVCQTGWRGPGC 799  
SBJCT: 780 KDKGCECREGWNGEHCTI-----DGCPDLCNGNGRCTLGQNSWQCVCQTGWRGPGC 830

75 QUERY: 800 NVAMETSCADNKDNEGDGLVDCLDPDCCLQSACQNSLLCRGSRDPLDIIQQGQTDWPAVK 859  
SBJCT: 831 NVAMETSCADNKDNEGDGLVDCLDPDCCLQSACQNSLLCRGSRDPLDIIQQGQTDWPAVK 890

80 QUERY: 860 SFYDRIKLLAGKDSSTHIIIPGENPFNSSLVSLIRGQVVTMDGTPLVGVNVSFVKYPKYGYT 919  
SBJCT: 891 SFYDRIKLLAGKDSSTHIIIPGDNPFNSSLVSLIRGQVVTMDGTPLVGVNVSFVKYPKYGYT 950

85 QUERY: 920 ITRQDGTFDLIANGGASLTLLHFERAPFMSQERTVWLPWNSFYAMDTLVMKTEENSIPSCD 979  
SBJCT: 951 ITRQDGTFDLIANGGASLTLLHFERAPFMSQERTVWLPWNSFYAMDTLVMKTEENSIPSCD 1010



QUERY: 980 LSGFVRPDPIIISSPLSTFFSAAPGQNPIVETQVLHHEEIELPGSNVKLRYLSSRTAGYK 1039  
 |||||+|||+|||  
 SBJCT: 1011 LSGFVRPDPIIISSPLSTFFSASPASNPIVETQVLHHEEIELPGTNVKLRYLSSRTAGYK 1070

5 QUERY: 1040 SLLKITMTQSTVPLNLRVHLMVAVEGHLFQKSFQASPNLASTFIWDKTDAYGQRVYGLS 1099  
 |||||+|||+|||  
 SBJCT: 1071 SLLKITMTQSTVPLNLRVHLMVAVEGHLFQKSFQASPNLAYTFIWDKTDAYGQRVYGLS 1130

10 QUERY: 1100 DAVSVSGFEYETCPSLILWEKRTALLQGFEIDPSNLGGWSLDKHHILNVKSGILHKGTE 1159  
 |||||+|||+|||  
 SBJCT: 1131 DAVSVSGFEYETCPSLILWEKRTALLQGFEIDPSNLGGWSLDKHTLNKSGILHKGTE 1190

15 QUERY: 1160 NQFLTQQPAIITSIMGNRRRSISCPSCNGLAEGNKLLAPVALAVGIDGSLYVGFDFNYIR 1219  
 |||||+|||+|||  
 SBJCT: 1191 NQFLTQQPAIITSIMGNRRRSISCPSCNGLAEGNKLLAPVALAVGIDGSLFVGDFNYIR 1250

20 QUERY: 1220 RIFPSRNVTSILELRNKEFKHSNNPAHKYYLAVDPVSGSLYVSDTNSRRIYRVKSLSGTK 1279  
 |||||+|||+|||  
 SBJCT: 1251 RIFPSRNVTSILELRNKEFKHSNSPGHKYYLAVDPVTGSLYVSDTNSRRIYRVKSLSGAK 1310

25 QUERY: 1280 DLAGNSEVVAGTGEQCLPFDEARCGDGGKAIDATLMSPRGIAVDKNGLMYFVDATMIRKV 1339  
 |||||+|||+|||  
 SBJCT: 1311 DLAGNSEVVAGTGEQCLPFDEARCGDGGKAIDATLMSPRGIAVDKNGLMYFVDATMIRKV 1370

30 QUERY: 1340 DQNGIISTLLGSNDLTAVRPLSCDSSMDVAQVRLEWPTDLAVNPMDNSLYVLENNVILRI 1399  
 |||||+|||+|||  
 SBJCT: 1371 DQNGIISTLLGSNDLTAVRPLSCDSSMDVAQVRLEWPTDLAVNPMDNSLYVLENNVILRI 1430

35 QUERY: 1400 TENHQVSIAGRPMHCQVPGIDYSLSKXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXGVLITETDEKKINR 1459  
 |||||+|||+|||  
 SBJCT: 1431 TENHQVSIAGRPMHCQVPGIDYSLSKLAIHSALESASAIASHTGVLITETDEKKINR 1490

40 QUERY: 1460 LRQVTTNGEICLLAGAASXXXXXXXXXXSYGDDAYATDAILNSPSSLAVAPDGTIYIA 1519  
 |||||+|||+|||  
 SBJCT: 1491 LRQVTTNGEICLLAGAASDCCKNDVNCICYSGDDAYATDAILNSPSSLAVAPDGTIYIA 1550

45 QUERY: 1520 DLGNIRIRAVSKNKPVLNAFNQYEAASPEQEELYVFNADGIHQYTVSLVTGEYLYNFTYS 1579  
 |||||+|||+|||  
 SBJCT: 1551 DLGNIRIRAVSKNKPVLNAFNQYEAASPEQEELYVFNADGIHQYTVSLVTGEYLYNFTYS 1610

50 QUERY: 1580 TDNDVTEIDNNGNSLKIIRDSSGMPRHLLMPDNQIITLTVGTNGGLKVVSTQNLELGLM 1639  
 |||||+|||+|||  
 SBJCT: 1611 ADNDVTEIDNNGNSLKIIRDSSGMPRHLLMPDNQIITLTVGTNGGLKAVSTQNLELGLM 1670

55 QUERY: 1640 TYDGNTGLLATKSDETGWTFYDYDHEGRLTNVTRPTGVVTSLHREMEKSITIDIENSNR 1699  
 |||||+|||+|||  
 SBJCT: 1671 TYDGNTGLLATKSDETGWTFYDYDHEGRLTNVTRPTGVVTSLHREMEKSITIDIENSNR 1730

60 QUERY: 1700 DDDVTVITNLSSVEASYTVVQDQVRNSYQLCNGTLRVMYANGMGISFHSEPHVLAGTIT 1759  
 |||||+|||+|||  
 SBJCT: 1731 DDDVTVITNLSSVEASYTVVQDQVRNSYQLCNGTLRVMYANGMAVSFHSEPHVLAGTIT 1790

65 QUERY: 1760 PTIGRCNISLPMENGLNSIEWRLRKEQIKGVTFIQRKLRVHGRNLLSIDYDRNIRTEKI 1819  
 |||||+|||+|||  
 SBJCT: 1791 PTIGRCNISLPMENGLNSIEWRLRKEQIKGVTFIQRKLRVHGRNLLSIDYDRNIRTEKI 1850

70 QUERY: 1820 YDDHRKFTLRRIYDQVGRPFLWLPSSGLAAVNVSYFFNGRLAGLQRGAMSERTDIDKQGR 1879  
 |||||+|||+|||  
 SBJCT: 1851 YDDHRKFTLRRIYDQVGRPFLWLPSSGLAAVNVSYFFNGRLAGLQRGAMSERTDIDKQGR 1910

QUERY: 1880 IVSRMFADGKVWSYSYLDKSMVLLLSQSRQYIFEYDSSDRLLAVTMPSPVARHSMSTHTSI 1939  
 |||||+|||+|||  
 SBJCT: 1911 IVSRMFADGKVWSYSYLDKSMVLLLSQSRQYIFEYDSSDRLLAVTMPSPVARHSMSTHTSI 1970

QUERY: 1940 GYIRNIYNPPESNASVIFDYSDDGRIKTSFLGTGRQVFYKYGKLSKLSEIVYDSTAVTF 1999  
 |||||+|||+|||  
 SBJCT: 1971 GYIRNIYNPPESNASVIFDYSDDGRIKTSFLGTGRQVFYKYGKLSKLSEIVYDSTAVTF 2030

QUERY: 2000 GYDETTGVLKMNVLQSGGFSCTIRYRKIGPLVDKQIYRFSEEGMVNARFDYTYHDNSFRI 2059  
 |||||+|||+|||

SBJCT: 2031 GYDETTGVLKMNVLQSGGFSCITRYRKVGPLVDKQIYRFSEEGMINARFDYTYHDNSFRI 2090  
 QUERY: 2060 ASIKPVISETPLPVDLYRYDEISGKVEHFGKFGVYYDINQIITTAVMTLSKHFDTHGRI 2119  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 5 SBJCT: 2091 ASIKPVISETPLPVDLYRYDEISGKVEHFGKFGVYYDINQIITTAVMTLSKHFDTHGRI 2150  
 QUERY: 2120 KEVQYEMFRSLMYWMTVQYDSMGRVIKRELKLGYPYANTTKYTYDYDGDGQLQSVAVNDRP 2179  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 10 SBJCT: 2151 KEVQYEMFRSLMYWMTVQYDSMGRVIKRELKLGYPYANTTKYTYDYDGDGQLQSVAVNDRP 2210  
 QUERY: 2180 TWRYSYDXXXXXXXXXXXXSVRLMPLRYDLRDRITRLGDVQYKIDDDGYLCQRGSDIFEY 2239  
 ||||| | ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2211 TWRYSYDLNGLHLLNPGNSARLMPLRYDLRDRITRLGDVQYKIDDDGYLCQRGSDIFEY 2270  
 15 QUERY: 2240 NSKGLLTRAYNKASGWSVQYRYDGVGRRASYKTNLGHHLQYFYSDLHNPTRITHVYNHSN 2299  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2271 NSKGLLTRAYNKASGWSVQYRYDGVGRRASYKTNLGHHLQYFYSDLHNPTRITHVYNHSN 2330  
 20 QUERY: 2300 SEITSLYDYLQGHLFAMESSSGEEYYVASDNTGTPLAVFSINGLMIKQLQYTAYGEIYYD 2359  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||+||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2331 SEITSLYDYLQGHLFAMESSSGEEYYVASDNTGTPLAVYSINGLMIKQLQYTAYGEIYYD 2390  
 QUERY: 2360 SNPDMFQMVIGFHGGLYDPLTKLVHFTQRDYDVLGRWTSPTYTMWKNVGKEPAPFNLYMF 2419  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||+||||||||||||||||||  
 25 SBJCT: 2391 SNPDMFQMVIGFHGGLYDPLTKLVHFTQRDYDVLGRWTSPTYTMWRNVGKEPAPFNLYMF 2450  
 QUERY: 2420 KSNPNLSSELDLKNYVTDVKSWMFVGFQLSNIIIPGFPRAKMYFVPPPYELSESQASENG 2479  
 |+|||||+||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 30 SBJCT: 2451 KNNPNLSNELDLKNYVTDVKSWMFVGFQLSNIIIPGFPRAKMYFVPPPYELSESQASENG 2510  
 QUERY: 2480 QLITGVQQTTERHNAFLALEGQVITKKLHASIREKAGHWFATTPIIGKGIMFAIKEGR 2539  
 ||||||||||||||||+||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2511 QLITGVQQTTERHNAFLALEGQVITKKLHASIREKAGHWFATTPIIGKGIMFAIKEGR 2570  
 35 QUERY: 2540 VTTGVSSIASEDSRKVASVLNNAYYLDKMYSIEGKDTHYFVKIGSADGDLVTLGTTIGR 2599  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||+||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2571 VTTGVSSIASEDSRKVASVLNNAYYLDKMYSIEGKDTHYFVKIGAADGDLVTLGTTIGR 2630  
 40 QUERY: 2600 KVLESGVNVTVSQPTLLVNGRTRRFTNIEFQYSTLLLSIRYGLTPDTLDEEKARVLDQAR 2659  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 2631 KVLESGVNVTVSQPTLLVNGRTRRFTNIEFQYSTLLLSIRYGLTPDTLDEEKARVLDQAG 2690  
 QUERY: 2660 QRALGTAWAKEQQKARDGREGSRLWTEGEKQQLLSTGRVQGYEGYVLPVEQYPELADSS 2719  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 45 SBJCT: 2691 QRALGTAWAKEQQKARDGREGSRLWTEGEKQQLLSTGRVQGYEGYVLPVEQYPELADSS 2750  
 QUERY: 2720 SNIQFLRQNEGMGR 2733  
 ||||||||||||  
 50 SBJCT: 2751 SNIQFLRQNEGMGR 2764

\* = FCTR3F DOES NOT CONTAIN THESE AMINO ACIDS

FCTR3 is related to rat neurestin, a gene implicated in neuronal development (Otaki JM,  
 Firestein S Dev Biol 1999 Aug 1;212(1):165-81) Neurestin shows homology to human gamma-  
 55 heregulin, a *Drosophila* receptor-type pair-rule gene product, Odd Oz (Odz) / Ten(m), and  
 Ten(a). Neurestin has putative roles in synapse formation and brain morphogenesis. A mouse  
 neurestin homolog, DOC4, has independently been isolated from the NIH-3T3 fibroblasts.  
 DOC4 is also known as tenascin M (TNM), a *Drosophila* pair-rule gene homolog containing  
 extracellular EGF-like repeats. The significant homology to these molecules and in particular,  $\gamma$ -  
 60 heregulin, have important implications regarding the potential contribution of FCTR3 to disease  
 progression. Heregulin is the ligand for HER-2/ErbB2/NEU, a proto-oncogene receptor tyrosine

kinase implicated in breast and prostate cancer progression that was originally identified in rat neuro/glioblastoma cell lines. Extopic expression of HER-2/ErbB2/NEU in MDA-MB-435 breast adenocarcinoma cells confers chemoresistance to Taxol-induced apoptosis relative to vector transfected control cells (Yu et al. Overexpression of ErbB2 blocks Taxol-induced apoptosis by up-regulation of p21Cip1, which inhibits p34Cdc2 kinase. Molec. Cell 2: 581-591, 1998).

### **FCTR3 related tenascins and cancer biology**

As mentioned, FCTR3 also has significant homology to DOC4, (AKA tenascin M), a *Drosophila* pair-rule gene homolog containing extracellular EGF-like repeats. The tenascins are a growing family of extracellular matrix proteins that play prominent roles in tissue interactions critical to embryogenesis. Overexpression of tenascins has been described in multiple human solid malignancies.

The role of the tenascin family of related proteins is to regulate epithelial-stromal interactions, participate in fibronectin-dependent cell attachment and interaction. Indeed, tenascin-C (TN) is overexpressed in the stroma of malignant ovarian tumours particularly at the interface between epithelia and stroma leading to suggestions that it may be involved in the process of invasion (Wilson et al (1996) Br J Cancer 74: 999-1004). Tenascin-C is considered a therapeutic target for certain malignant brain tumors (Gladson CL : J Neuropathol Exp Neurol 1999 Oct;58(10):1029-40). Stromal or moderate to strong periductal Tenascin-C expression in DCIS (ductal carcinoma in situ) correlates with tumor cell invasion. (Jahkola et al. Eur J Cancer 1998 Oct;34(11):1687-92. Tenascin-C expression at the invasion border of early breast cancer is a useful predictor of local and distant recurrence. Jahkola T, et al. Br J Cancer. 1998 Dec;78(11):1507-13). Tenascin (TN) is an extracellular matrix protein found in areas of cell migration during development and expressed at high levels in migratory glioma cells. Treasurywala S, Berens ME Glia 1998 Oct;24(2):236-43 Migration arrest in glioma cells is dependent on the alphaV integrin subunit. Phillips GR, Krushel LA, Crossin KL J Cell Sci 1998 Apr;111 ( Pt 8):1095-104 Domains of tenascin involved in glioma migration. Finally, tenascin expression in hormone-dependent tissues of breast and endometrium indicate that Tenascin expression reflects malignant progression and is down-regulated by antiprogestins during terminal differentiation of rat mammary tumors (Vollmer et al. Cancer Res 1992 Sep 1;52(17):4642-8 )

### **Potential role of FCTR3 in oncologic disease progression:**

Based on the bioactivity described in the medical literature for related molecules, FCTR3 may play a role in one or more aspects of tumor cell biology that alter the interactions of tumor epithelial cells with stromal components. In consideration, FCTR3 may play a role in the following malignant properties:

- Autocrine/paracrine stimulation of tumor cell proliferation
- Autocrine/paracrine stimulation of tumor cell survival and tumor cell resistance to cytotoxic therapy
- Local tissue remodeling, paranechmal and basement membrane invasion and motility of tumor cells thereby contributing to metastasis.
- Tumor-mediated immunosuppression of T-cell mediated immune effector cells and pathways resulting in tumor escape from immune surveillance.

### **Therapeutic intervention targeting FCTR3 in oncologic and central nervous system indications:**

Predicted disease indications from expression profiling in 41 normal human tissues and 55 human cancer cell lines (see Example 2) include a subset of human gliomas, astrocytomas, mixed glioma/astrocytomas, renal cells carcinoma, breast adenocarcinoma, ovarian cancer, melanomas. Targeting of FCTR3 by human or humanized monoclonal antibodies designed to disrupt predicted interactions of FCTR3 with its cognate ligand may result in significant anti-tumor/anti-metastatic activity and the amelioration of associated symptomatology. Identification of small molecules that specifically/selectively interfere with downstream signaling components engaged by FCTR3/ligand interactions would also be expected to result in significant anti-tumor/anti-metastatic activity and the amelioration of associated symptomatology. Likewise, modified antisense ribonucleotides or antisense gene expression constructs (plasmids, adenovirus, adeno-associated viruses, “naked” DNA approaches) designed to diminish the expression of FCTR3 transcripts/messenger RNA (mRNA) would be anticipated based on predicted properties of FCTR3 to have anti-tumor impact.

Based on the relatedness to neurestin and heregulins, as well as its high level expression in brain tissue, FCTR3 may also be used for remyelination in order to promote regeneration/repair/remyleination of injured central nervous system cells resulting from ischemia, brain trauma and various neurodegenerative diseases.. This postulate is based on reports indicating that neuregulin, glial growth factor 2, diminishes autoimmune demyelination and enhances remyelination in a chronic relapsing model for multiple sclerosis (Cannella et al. .

Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. 95: 10100-10105, 1998). The expression of the related molecule neurestin can be induced in external tufted cells during regeneration of olfactory sensory neurons.

## FCTR4

FCTR4 is a plasma membrane protein related to NF-Kappa-B P65delta3 protein. The clone is expressed in fetal liver tissues.

The novel FCTR4 nucleic acid of 609 nucleotides (also referred to as 29692275.0.1) is shown in Table 4A. An ORF begins with an ATG initiation codon at nucleotides 99-101 and ends with a TAA codon at nucleotides 522-524. A putative untranslated region upstream from the initiation codon and downstream from the termination codon is underlined in Table 4A, and the start and stop codons are in bold letters.

**Table 4A. FCTR4 Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO:14)**

CTGACATACTATATTAGTTGTTTGTTCCTCCTCCACTCCAGCTAGAATATAAGTTCCATAGGGCAGAGTTTTGTTCA  
CTGCTATATTTTATAAGCATGAATGAATGCATGAACGAATGGACTGATAACCCACAAGCCAAAGACCTCCATGACCTGCC  
ACTGCCCTCCTTTCATTTTATTCTCACCTCTACCAATACTAAATCACCTAGTTATGTAAATACGATATGCACCTTTCATGG  
CCCCCTTGCTTTGTCATATGCTGTTCCCTTTGCCTGGAATATAAACTCTCAAATACCATCCACATTTTAAAATCTTCTCC  
AGAAAGCTTCTCTGTCCACCCCCACCCTCCACCCCCATATAGAGTAAGTCAGTCTTTCCTTTGTGCTACATTTGTACC  
TGATCTACAGTGGCTCTAATCAAACCTGCACTGTGTCTCTCACTTCTAGATTGTGAACCTCTTTGAGGCTGAAGACTACT  
TATTCATCTCTTTACCTCCAATGCCTAGGACAGGACCTTCATAAAGCAACTACTCTATAAATGTTGAAACATATGCATGA  
CTATTCTGTAAACAGGAATGAAAATATGGCATTTCAGAAGTCACTACTC

The FCTR4 protein encoded by SEQ ID NO:14 has 141 amino acid residues and is presented using the one-letter code in Table 4B. The Psort profile for FCTR4 predicts that this sequence has no N-terminal signal peptide and is likely to be localized at the plasma membrane with a certainty of 0.6000. The most likely cleavage site for a peptide is between amino acids 39 and 40, *i.e.*, at the dash in the amino acid sequence ACT-CCA, based on the SignalP result. The predicted molecular weight of this protein is 16051.5 Daltons.

**Table 4B. Encoded FCTR4 protein sequence (SEQ ID NO:15).**

MNECMNEWTDNPQAKDLHDLPLPSFHFILTSNTKSPSYVNTICTFMAPCFVICCSLCLEYKLSKYHPHFKIFSRKLPSTPTLPP  
PYRVSQSFLCATFVPVSTVALIKLHCVSHFLDCELFEAEDYLFISLPPMPRTGPS

The predicted amino acid sequence was searched in the publicly available GenBank database FCTR4 protein showed 30 % identities (22 over 72 amino acids) and 43% homologies (31 over 72 amino acids) with hypothetical 10 kD protein of *Trypanosoma cruzi* (86 aa; ACC:Q99233) shown in Table 4C. The best homologies with a human protein were 54 % identities (114 over 343 amino acids) with NF-Kappa-B P65delta3 protein (71 aa fragment; ACC:Q13313) (SEQ ID NO:77).

**Table 4C. BLASTP of FCTR4 against protein sequences**

BLAST X search results are shown below:

ptnr:SPTREMBL-ACC:Q99233 HYPOTHETICAL 10 KD PROTEIN +3, 68, 0.60, 1, (SEQ ID

NO:73)

ptnr:SPTREMBL-ACC:Q16896 GABA RECEPTOR SUBUNIT - AEDES +3, 66, 0.81, 4 (SEQ ID NO:74)

ptnr:SPTREMBL-ACC:O76473 GABA RECEPTOR SUBUNIT - LEPTI... +3, 66, 0.99, 2 (SEQ ID NO:75)

ptnr:TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD28317 F13J11.13 PROTEIN - Arabid... +3, 62, 0.99, 1 (SEQ ID NO:76)

Based upon homology, FCTR4 proteins and each homologous protein or peptide may share at least some activity.

## FCTR5

FCTR5 is a protein bearing sequence homology to human complement C1R component precursor. The clone is expressed in breast, heart, lung, fetal lung, salivary gland, adrenal gland, spleen, kidney, and fetal kidney.

The novel FCTR5 nucleic acid of 1667 nucleotides (also referred to as 32125243.0.21) is shown in Table 5A. An ORF begins with an ATG initiation codon at nucleotides 34-36 and ends with a TGA codon at nucleotides 1495-1497. A putative untranslated region upstream from the initiation codon and downstream from the termination codon is underlined in Table 5A, and the start and stop codons are in bold letters.

**Table 5A. FCTR5a Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO:16)**

GTCTCTCGCAGGTCCCAGATGTCCAGTTCAGATGCCTGGACCCAGAGTGTGGGGGAAATATCTCTGGAGAAGCCCTCA  
CTCCAAAGGCTGTCCAGGCGCAATGTGGTGGCTGCTTCTCTGGGGAGTCTCTCCAGGCTTGCCCAACCCGGGGCTCCGTCC  
TCTTGGCCCAAGAGCTACCCAGCAGCTGACATCCCCCGGTACCCAGAGCCGTATGGCAAAGGCCAAGAGAGCAGCAG  
GACATCAAGGCTCCAGAGGGCTTTGCTGTGAGGCTCGTCTTCCAGGACTTCGACCTGGAGCCGTCCAGGACTGTGCAGG  
GGACTCTGTCAATCTCATTCGTCGGTTCGGATCCAAGCCAGTTCGTGGTCAGCAAGGCTCCCTCTGGGCAGGCCCC  
CTGGTCAGAGGGAGTTGTATCTCAGGGAGGAGTTTGGCGGTGACCTTCGCAACAGCCTTCCTCGGAGAACAAGACT  
GCCCCACTCCACAAGGGCTTCCTGGCCCTCTACCAAACCGTGGCTGTGAATATAGTCAGCCCATCAGCGAGGCCAGCAG  
GGGCTCTGAGGCCATCAACGCACCTGGAGACAACCTGCCAAGGTCCAGAACCACTGCCAGGAGCCCTATTATCAGGCCG  
CGGCAGCAGGGGCACTCACCTGTGCAACCCAGGGACCTGGAAGACAGACAGGATGGGGAGGAGGTTCTTCAGTGTATG  
CCTGTCTGCGGACGGCCAGTCACCCCCATTGCCCAGAATCAGACGACCTCGGTTCTTCCAGAGCCAAGCTGGGCAACTT  
CCCCTGGAAGCCTTCACCAATATCCACGGCCGTGGGGGCGGGCCCTGCTGGGGACAGATGGATCCTCACTGCTGCCC  
ACACCATCTACCCCAAGGACAGTGTCTCTCAGGAAGAACCAGAGTGTGAATGTGTTCTTGGGCCACACAGCCATAGAT  
GAGATGCTGAAACTGGGGAACCACTGTCCACCGTGTGCTGTGCACCCGACTACCGTCAGAATGAGTCCCATAACTT  
TAGCGGGACATCGCCCTCCTGGAGCTGCAGCACAGCATCCCCCTGGGCCCCAACGTCCTCCCGTCTGTCTGCCCGATA  
ATGAGACCCTCTACCGCAGCGGCTTGTGGGTACGTAGTGGGTTTGGCATGGAGATGGGCTGGCTAACTACTGAGCTG  
AAGTACTCGAGGCTGCTGTAGCTCCAGGGAGGCTGCAACGCTGGCTCCAAAAGAGACAGAGACCCGAGGTGTTTTC  
TGACAAATATGTTCTGTGTTGGGGATGAGACGCAAAGGCACAGTGTCTGCCAGGGGGACAGTGGCAGCCTCTATGTGGTAT  
GGGACAATCATGCCCATCACTGGGTGGCCACGGGCATTGTGCTCTGGGGCATAGGGTGTGGCGAAGGGTATGACTTCTAC  
ACCAAGGTGCTCAGCTATGTGACTGGATCAAGGGAGTGATGAATGGCAAGAATTGACCCTGGGGGGCTTGAACAGGGACT  
GACCAGCAGTGGAGCCCCAGGCAACAGAGGCGCTGGAGTGAGGACTGAACACTGGGGTAGGGGGTGGGGGTTTCTCT  
TGCAGTGGCTTGGTGCAACAGTGTGTAATAGGATTCCCTTTTTTTTTTTTTTAAAAAAA

The FCTR5 protein encoded by SEQ ID NO:16 has 487 amino acid residues, and is presented using the one-letter code in Table 5B. FCTR5 was searched against other databases using SignalPep and PSort search protocols. The FCTR5 protein is most likely microbody (peroxisome) (Certainty=0.6406) and seems to have no N-terminal signal sequence. The predicted molecular weight of FCTR5 protein is 53511.9 daltons.

Table 5B. Encoded FCTR5a protein sequence (SEQ ID NO:17).

MPGPRVWGKYLWRSPhSKGCPGAMWLLWGVLLQACPTRGSVLLAQELPQQLTSPGYPEPYGKGQESSTDIKAPEGFAVRLVFQDF  
DLEPSQDCAGDSVTISFVGSDFPSQFCGQQSPLGRPPGQREFVSSGRSLRLTFRTQPSSSENKTAHLHKGFALYQTVAVNYSQPISEASRGSEAINAPGDNPAKVQNHCEPYYQAAAAGALTCAATPGTWKDRQDGEEVLQCMFVCGRPVTPPIAQNTTLGSSRAKLGNF  
PWQAFTSIHGRGGGALLGDRWILTAAHTIYPKDSVSLRKNQSVNVFLGHTAIDEMCLKGNHPVHRVVVHPDYRQNESHNFGSDIALLE  
LQHSIPLGPNVLPVCLPDNETLYRSGLLYVSGFGMEMGWLTTELKYSRLPVAPREACNAWLQKRQRPVDFSDNMFVCGDETQRHS  
VCQGDGSGSLYVVDNHAHHWVATGIVSWGIGCGEGYDFYTKVLSYVDWIKGVMNGKN

An alternative embodiment, FCTR5b, is a 1691 base sequence shown in Table 5C.

Table 5C. FCTR5b Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO:18)

TTTTTTTTTAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAGGGAATCCTATTCACATCACTGTTGCACCAAGCCACTGCAAGAGAAACCCCAACCCCT  
ACCCAGTGTTTCAGTCTCACTCCAGGCCCTCTGTTGCCTGGGGCCTCCACTGTGCTGGTCAGTCCCTGTTCAAGCCCCCAGGGTC  
AATCTTGCCATTCACTCCCTTGATCCAGTCCACATAGCTGAGCACCTTGGTGTAGAAGTCATACCCTTCGCCACACCCATATG  
CCCCAGGACACAATGCCGTGGCCACCCAGTGATGGGCATGATTGTCCCATACACATAGAGGCTGCCACTGTCCCCCTGGCAGAC  
ACTGTGCCTTTGCGTCTCATCCCCAACACAGAACATATTGTGAGAAAACACCTCGGGTCTCTGTCTCTTTTGGAGCCAGGCGTTGC  
AGGCCTCCCTGGGAGCTACAGGCAGCCTCGAGTACTTCAGCTCAGTAGTTAGCCAGCCCATCTCCATGCCAAACCCACTGACGTAG  
CCCCAACAGCCGCTGCGGTAGAGGGTCTCATTATCGGGCAGACAGACCGGGAGGACGTTGGGGCCCAGGGGGATGCTGTGCTGCAG  
CTCCAGGAGGGCGATGTCCCCGCTAAAGTTATGGGACTCATTCTGACGGTAGTCGGGGTGCAACGACACGGTGAGCAGGGTGGT  
TCCCCAGTTTCAGCATCTCATCTATGGCTGTGTGGCCCCAAGAACACATTCACACTCTGGTTCTTCTCTGAGAGAAACACTGTCTTG  
GGTAGATGGTGTGGGCAGCAGTGAGGATCCATCTGTCCCCCAGCAGGGCCCCCGCCCCACGGCCGTGGATACTGGTGAAGGCTTG  
CCAGGGGAAGTTGCCAGCTTGCTCTGGAAGAACCAGGGTCTGTGATTCTGGGCAATGGGGTGACTGGCCGTCCGCAGACAG  
GCATACACTGAAGAACCTCCTCCCCATCCTGTCTGTCTTTCCAGGTCCCTGGGGTTGCACAGGTGAGTGCCCTGTGCCGCGGCC  
TGATAATAGGGCTCCTGGCAGTGGTTCTGGACCTTGGCAGGGTGTCTCCAGGTGCGTTGATGGCCTCAGAGCCCCGTGCTGGCCTC  
GCTGATGGGCTGACTATAGTTACAGCCACGGTTTGGTAGAGGGCCAGGAAGCCCTTGTGGAGGTGGGCAGTCTTGTCTCCGAGG  
AAGGCTGTGTGCGGAAGGTGAGCCGCAAACTCCTCCCTGAGGATACAACTCCCTCTGACCAGGGGGCTGCCAGAGGGGAGCCT  
TGCTGACCACAGAAGTGGCTTGGATCCGAACCGACGAATGAGATTGTGACAGAGTCCCTGCACAGTCTGGGACGGCTCCAGGTC  
GAAGTCTGGAAGACGAGCCTCAGAGCAAGCCCTGTGAGCCCTTGATGTCCGTGCTGTCTCTTGGCCTTTGCCATACGGCTCTG  
GGTACCCGGGGGATGTGAGCTGTGGGGTAGCTCTTGGGCCAAGAGGACGAGCCCCGGGTGGGCAAGCCTGGAGGACTCCCCAG  
AGAAGCAGCCACCACATTGCGCCTGGACAGCCTTTGGAGTGAGGGCTTCTCCAGAGATATTTCCCCCACTCTGGGTCCAGGCAT  
CTGGAAGTGGACATCTGGGACCTGCGAGAGAACTGGCCCAGGATAGGGAACAAAAGG

The FCTR5b protein encoded by SEQ ID NO:18 has 487 amino acid residues, and is presented using the one-letter code in Table 5D. FCTR5 was searched against other databases using SignalPep and PSort search protocols. The FCTR5b protein is most likely microbody (peroxisome) (Certainty=0.6406) and seems to have no N-terminal signal sequence. The predicted molecular weight of FCTR5 protein is 53511.9 daltons.

Table 5D. Encoded FCTR5b protein sequence (SEQ ID NO:19).

MPGPRVWGKYLWRSPhSKGCPGAMWLLWGVLLQACPTRGSVLLAQQLPQQLTSPGYPEPYGKGQESSTDIKAPEGFAVRLVFQDF  
DLEPSQDCAGDSVTISFVGSDFPSQFCGQQSPLGRPPGQREFVSSGRSLRLTFRTQPSSSENKTAHLHKGFALYQTVAVNYSQPISEASRGSEAINAPGDNPAKVQNHCEPYYQAAAAGALTCAATPGTWKDRQDGEEVLQCMFVCGRPVTPPIAQNTTLGSSRAKLGNF  
PWQAFTSIHGRGGGALLGDRWILTAAHTIYPKDSVSLRKNQSVNVFLGHTAIDEMCLKGNHPVHRVVVHPDYRQNESHNFGSDIALLE  
LQHSIPLGPNVLPVCLPDNETLYRSGLLYVSGFGMEMGWLTTELKYSRLPVAPREACNAWLQKRQRPVDFSDNMFVCGDETQRHS  
VCQGDGSGSLYVVDNHAHHWVATGIVSWGIGCGEGYDFYTKVLSYVDWIKGVMNGKN

The predicted amino acid sequence was searched in the publicly available GenBank database FCTR5a protein showed 58 % identities (177 over 302 amino acids) and 74 % homologies (226 over 302 amino acids) with human complement C1R component precursor (EC 3.4.21.41) (705 aa.; ACC:P00736). Based upon homology, FCTR5 proteins and each homologous protein or peptide may share at least some activity.

In a search of sequence databases, it was found, for example, that the nucleic acid sequence the nucleotides 17-1594 of FCTR5a have 1575 of 1578 bases (99 %) identical to *Homo sapiens* complement C1r-like proteinase precursor (GENBANK-ID: XM\_007061.1) (SEQ ID NO:78) (Table 5E).

**Table 5E. BLASTN of FCTR5a against *Homo sapiens* complement C1r-like proteinase precursor (SEQ ID NO:78)**

>GJ|11436767|REF|XM\_007061.1| HOMO SAPIENS COMPLEMENT C1R-LIKE PROTEINASE PRECURSOR, (LOC51279),

MRNA  
LENGTH = 3318

SCORE = 3104 BITS (1566), EXPECT = 0.0  
IDENTITIES = 1575/1578 (99%)  
STRAND = PLUS / PLUS

```

QUERY: 17  CAGATGTCCAGTTCCAGATGCCTGGACCCAGAGTGTGGGGGAAATATCTCTGGAGAAGCC 76
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
SBJCT: 1    CAGATGTCCAGTTCCAGATGCCTGGACCCAGAGTGTGGGGGAAATATCTCTGGAGAAGCC 60

QUERY: 77  CTCACTCCAAAGGCTGTCCAGGCGCAATGTGGTGGCTGCTTCTCTGGGGAGTCTCCAGG 136
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
SBJCT: 61  CTCACTCCAAAGGCTGTCCAGGCGCAATGTGGTGGCTGCTTCTCTGGGGAGTCTCCAGG 120

QUERY: 137 CTTGCCCAACCCGGGGCTCCGTCCTCTTGGCCCAAGAGCTACCCAGCAGCTGACATCCC 196
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
SBJCT: 121 CTTGCCCAACCCGGGGCTCCGTCCTCTTGGCCCAAGAGCTACCCAGCAGCTGACATCCC 180

QUERY: 197 CCGGGTACCCAGAGCCGTATGGCAAAGGCCAAGAGAGCAGCACGGACATCAAGGCTCCAG 256
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
SBJCT: 181 CCGGGTACCCAGAGCCGTATGGCAAAGGCCAAGAGAGCAGCACGGACATCAAGGCTCCAG 240

QUERY: 257 AGGGCTTTGCTGTGAGGCTCGTCTTCCAGGACTTCGACCTGGAGCCGTCCAGGACTGTG 316
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
SBJCT: 241 AGGGCTTTGCTGTGAGGCTCGTCTTCCAGGACTTCGACCTGGAGCCGTCCAGGACTGTG 300

QUERY: 317 CAGGGGACTCTGTACAAATCTCATTCTCGTCGGTTCGGATCCAAGCCAGTTCTGTGGTCAGC 376
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
SBJCT: 301 CAGGGGACTCTGTACAAATCTCATTCTCGTCGGTTCGGATCCAAGCCAGTTCTGTGGTCAGC 360

QUERY: 377 AAGGCTCCCCTCTGGGCAGGCCCCCTGGTCAGAGGGAGTTTGTATCCTCAGGGAGGAGTT 436
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
SBJCT: 361 AAGGCTCCCCTCTGGGCAGGCCCCCTGGTCAGAGGGAGTTTGTATCCTCAGGGAGGAGTT 420

QUERY: 437 TGGCGCTGACCTTCCGCACACAGCCTTCTCGGAGAACAAGACTGCCACCTCCACAAGG 496
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
SBJCT: 421 TGGCGCTGACCTTCCGCACACAGCCTTCTCGGAGAACAAGACTGCCACCTCCACAAGG 480

QUERY: 497 GCTTCCTGGCCCTCTACCAAACCGTGGCTGTGAATATAGTCAGCCCATCAGCGAGGCCA 556
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
SBJCT: 481 GCTTCCTGGCCCTCTACCAAACCGTGGCTGTGAATATAGTCAGCCCATCAGCGAGGCCA 540

QUERY: 557 GCAGGGGCTCTGAGGCCATCAACGCACCTGGAGACAACCCTGCCAAGGTCCAGAACCACT 616
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||

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**Table 5G. BLASTP of FCTR5a and b against Complement C1R-like proteinase precursor**

**(SEQ ID NO:80)**

>GI|7706083|REF|NP\_057630.1| COMPLEMENT C1R-LIKE PROTEINASE PRECURSOR, [HOMO SAPIENS]  
 5 GI|11436768|REF|XP\_007061.1| COMPLEMENT C1R-LIKE PROTEINASE PRECURSOR, [HOMO SAPIENS]  
 GI|7271475|GB|AAF44349.1|AF178985\_1 (AF178985) COMPLEMENT C1R-LIKE PROTEINASE  
 PRECURSOR [HOMO SAPIENS]  
 LENGTH = 487

SCORE = 972 BITS (2513), EXPECT = 0.0

10 IDENTITIES = 485/487 (99%), POSITIVES = 487/487 (100%)

R

QUERY: 1 MPGPRVWGKYLWRSPHSKGCPCGAMWWLLLWGVLQACPTRGSVLLAQELPQQLTSPGYPEP 60  
 |||||  
 SBJCT: 1 MPGPRVWGKYLWRSPHSKGCPCGAMWWLLLWGVLQACPTRGSVLLAQELPQQLTSPGYPEP 60

15 QUERY: 61 YGKGQESSTDIIKAPEGFAVRLVFQDFDLEPSQDCAGDSVTISFVGSDDPSQFCGQGSPLG 120  
 |||||  
 SBJCT: 61 YGKGQESSTDIIKAPEGFAVRLVFQDFDLEPSQDCAGDSVTISFVGSDDPSQFCGQGSPLG 120

20 QUERY: 121 RPPGQREFVSSGRSLRLTFRTQPSSSENKTAHLHKGFLALYQTVAVNYSQPISEASRGSEA 180  
 |||||  
 SBJCT: 121 RPPGQREFVSSGRSLRLTFRTQPSSSENKTAHLHKGFLALYQTVAVNYSQPISEASRGSEA 180

25 QUERY: 181 INAPGDNPAKVQNHCEPYYQAAAAGALTCATPGTWKDRQDGEEVLQCMFVCGRPVTPIA 240  
 |||||  
 SBJCT: 181 INAPGDNPAKVQNHCEPYYQAAAAGALTCATPGTWKDRQDGEEVLQCMFVCGRPVTPIA 240

30 QUERY: 241 QNQTTLGSSRAKLGNFPWQAFTSIHGRGGGALLGDRWILTAHTIYPKDSVSLRKNQSVN 300  
 |||||+|||  
 SBJCT: 241 QNQTTLGSSRAKLGNFPWQAFTSIHGRGGGALLGDRWILTAHTIYPKDSVSLRKNQSVN 300

35 QUERY: 301 VFLGHTAIDEMKLGNHPVHRVVVHPDYRQNESHNFSGDIALLELQHSIPLGPNVLPVCL 360  
 |||||  
 SBJCT: 301 VFLGHTAIDEMKLGNHPVHRVVVHPDYRQNESHNFSGDIALLELQHSIPLGPNVLPVCL 360

40 QUERY: 361 PDNETLYRSGLLGYSVSGFGMEMGWLTTTELKYSRLPVAPREACNAWLQKRQRPEVFSDNMF 420  
 |||||  
 SBJCT: 361 PDNETLYRSGLLGYSVSGFGMEMGWLTTTELKYSRLPVAPREACNAWLQKRQRPEVFSDNMF 420

45 QUERY: 481 GVMNGKN 487  
 |||||  
 SBJCT: 481 GVMNGKN 487

R = AT RESIDUE 46, FCTR5B DIFFERS FROM FCTR5A IN THAT Q46R. THE REST OF THE HOMOLOGY  
 50 IS THE SAME.

The full amino acid sequence of the protein of FCTR5a has 175 of 303 amino acid  
 residues (58%) identical to, and 226 of 303 residues (74%) positive with the 400-701 amino acid  
 segment, 72 of 157 residues (45%) identical and 94 of 157 residues (59%) positive with amino  
 55 acids 1-155, and 36 of 139 residues (25%) identical and 58 of 139 residues (40%) positive with  
 amino acids 188-312 of the 705 amino acid Complement C1R Component Precursor from *Homo*  
*sapiens* (GenBank-ACC: AAA51851.1) (SEQ ID NO:43) (Table 5H).



R = AT RESIDUE 46, FCTR5B DIFFERS FROM FCTR5A IN THAT Q46R. THE REST OF THE HOMOLOGY IS THE SAME.

Based upon homology, FCTR5 proteins and each homologous protein or peptide may share at least some activity.

## FCTR6

The novel nucleic acid of 1078 nucleotides FCTR6a (also designated 27455183.0.19) encoding a novel human blood coagulation factor XI-like protein is shown in Table 6A. An ORF was identified beginning with an ATG initiation codon at nucleotides 243-245 and ending with a TAA codon at nucleotides 1044-1046. A putative untranslated region upstream from the initiation codon and downstream from the termination codon is underlined in Table 6A, and the start and stop codons are in bold letters.

**Table 6A FCTR6a Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO:20)**

TTGATCCGTGCCAAGTGGCTTTTTGTGGGCTCTGTAGAGTGCTCTAAACCCAGCTCGGCCTTTGCTGTATTAGACAGAAGCACCTC  
ATTCATATCCCTGGGGCCCTGATGGTGCAGTGGTCTGGCTGTGGTCTGCACACCAGCTATTCTGTTTTGTTTTGTTTTTT  
TCCTACCTTTTCCAATCTCACACCTTCTGATCAACAGCCCCAGTAGGGTTTAAAGGTCTTAGAGCTACATGGGATTTAGGTTTC  
TGGGCACAGCCAATTCTGCCACTTTTGAGACTTCCCTTCCCTTCCACTTGCCCCCTCTCTGGTCTCTGCCACCAGTCCAGAAGAA  
CTGAGTGTCGTCTGGGGACCAACGACTTAAGTACCCATCCATGGAAATAAAGGAGGTGCGCCAGCATCATTCTTCACAAAGACTT  
TAAGAGAGCCAACATGGACAATGACATTGCCTTGCTGCTGCTGGCTTGGCCATCAAGCTCGATGACCTGAAGGTGCCCATCTGCC  
TCCCCACGAGCCCGGCCCTGCCACATGGCGCGAATGCTGGGTGGCAGGTGGGGCCAGACCAATGCTGCTGACAAAACTCTGTG  
AAAACGGATCTGATGAAAGTGCCAATGGTCATCATGGACTGGGAGGAGTGTTCAAAGATGTTTCCAAAACCTACCAAAATATGCT  
GTGTGCCGATACAAGAATGAGAGCTATGATGCCTGCAAGGGTGACAGTGGGGGGCTCTGGTCTGCACCCAGAGCCTGGTGAGA  
AGTGGTACCAGGTGGGCATCATCAGCTGGGAAAGAGCTGTGGAGATAAGAACACCCAGGGATATACACCTCGTTGGTGAACCTAC  
AACCTCTGGATCGAGAAAGTGACCCAGCTAGGAGGCAGGCCCTTCAATGCAGAGAAAAGGAGGACTTCTGTCAAACAGAAACCTAT  
GGGCTCCCCAGTCTCGGGAGTCCCAGAGCCAGGCAGCCCCAGATCCTGGCTCCTGCTCTGTCCCTGTCCCATGTGTTGTTTCAGAG  
CTATTTGTACTGATAATAAAATAGAGGCTATTCTTTCAACCGAAA

The FCTR6a protein encoded by SEQ ID NO:20 has 267 amino acid residues and is presented using the one-letter code in Table 6B. FCTR6a was searched against other databases using SignalPep and PSort search protocols. The FCTR6a protein is most likely mitochondrial matrix space (Certainty= 0.4372) and seems to have no N-terminal signal sequence. The predicted molecular weight of FCTR6a protein is 29412.8 daltons.

**Table 6B. Encoded FCTR6a protein sequence (SEQ ID NO:21).**

MGFRFLGTANSATFETSLPLPLAPLWFSATSPHEELSVVLGTNDLTSPSMEIKEVASIILHKDFKRANMDNDIALLLASPIKLDL  
KVPICLPQTQPGPATWRECVAGWGQTNAADKNSVKTDLMKVPVIMDWEECSKMFPLTKNMLCAGYKNESYDACKGDSGGPLVCT  
PEPGEKQYQVGIISWGKSCGDKNTPGIYTSLVNYNLWIEKVTLGGRPFNAEKRTSVKQKPMGSPVSGVPEPGSPRSWLLCPLS  
HVLFRAILY

In an alternative embodiment, FCTR6b (alternatively referred to as 27455183.0.145) has the 1334 residue sequence shown in Table 6C. An ORF was identified beginning with an ATG initiation codon at nucleotides 499-501 and ending with a TAA codon at nucleotides 1300-1302. A putative untranslated region upstream from the initiation codon and downstream from the termination codon is underlined in Table 6C, and the start and stop codons are in bold letters.

Year	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100
1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	

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15966-697

SBJCT: 671 CCCTTTCACTCGCCCCTCTCTGGTTCTCTGCCACCAGTCCAGAAGAACTGAATGTCGTGC 730  
 QUERY: 614 TGGGGACCAACGACTTAACTAGCCCATCCATGGAAATAAAGGAGGTCGCCAGCATCATTC 673  
 SBJCT: 731 TGGGGACCAACGACTTAACTAGCTCATCCATGGAAATAAAGGAGGTCGCCAGCATCATTC 790  
 QUERY: 674 TTCACAAAGACTTTAAGAGAGCCAACATGGACAATGACATTGCCTTGCTGCTGCTGGCTT 733  
 SBJCT: 791 TTCACAAGGACTTTAAGAGAGCCAACATGGACAATGACATTGCCTTGCTGCTGCTGGCCT 850  
 QUERY: 734 CGCCCATCAAGCTCGATGACCTGAAGGTGCCCATCTGCCTCCCCACGCAGCCCGGCCCTG 793  
 SBJCT: 851 CGCCCATCACACTCGATGACCTGAAGGTGCCCATCTGCCTCCCTACGCAGCACGGCCCCG 910  
 QUERY: 794 CCACATGGCGCGAATGCTGGGTGGCAGGTTGGGGCCAGACCAATGCTGCTGACAAAACT 853  
 SBJCT: 911 CCACATGGCACGAATGCTGGGTGGCAGGTTGGGGCCAGACCAATGCTGCTGACAAAACT 970  
 QUERY: 854 CTGTGAAAACGGATCTGATGAAAGTGCCAATGGTCATCATGGACTGGGAGGAGTGTTCAT 913  
 SBJCT: 971 CTGTGAAAACGGATCTGATGAAAGCGCCGATGGTCATCATGGACTGGGAGGAGTGTTCAT 1030  
 QUERY: 914 AGATGTTTCCAAAACCTACCAAAAAATATGCTGTGTGCCGGATACAAGAATGAGAGCTATG 973  
 SBJCT: 1031 AGGCGTTTCCAAAACCTACCAAAAAATATGCTGTGTGCTGGATACAATAATGAGAGCTATG 1090  
 QUERY: 974 ATGCCTGCAAGGGTGACAGTGGGGGGCCTCTGGTCTGCACCCAGAGCCTGGTGAGAAGT 1033  
 SBJCT: 1091 ACGCCTGCCAGGGTGACAGCGGGGGACCTCTGGTCTGCACCCAGAGCCTGGTGAGAAGT 1150  
 QUERY: 1034 GGTACCAGGTGGGCATCATCAGCTGGGGAAAGAGCTGTGGAGAGAAGAACACCCAGGGA 1093  
 SBJCT: 1151 GGTACCAGGTGGGTATCATCAGCTGGGGAAAGAGCTGTGGAGAGAAGAACACCCAGGGA 1210  
 QUERY: 1094 TATACACCTCGTTGGTGAACCTACAACCTCTGGATCGAGAAAGTGACCCAGCTAGAGGGCA 1153  
 SBJCT: 1211 TATACACCTCGTTGGTGAACCTACAACCTCTGGATCGAGAAGGTGACCCAGCTAGAGGGCA 1270  
 QUERY: 1154 GGCCCTTCAATGCAGAGAAAAGGAGGACTTCTGTCAAACAGAAACCTATGGGCTCCCCAG 1213  
 SBJCT: 1271 GGCCCTTCAGTGCAGAGAAAATGAGGACCTCTGTCAAACAGAAACCTATGGGCTCCCCAG 1330  
 QUERY: 1214 TCTCGGGAGTCCAGAGCCAGGCAGCCCCAGATCCTGGCTCCTGCTCTGTCCCCTGTCCC 1273  
 SBJCT: 1331 TCTCGGGGTCCAGAGCCAGGCGGCCTCAGATCCTGGCTCCTGCTCTGTCCCCTGTCCC 1390  
 QUERY: 1274 ATGTGTTGTTTCAAGCTATTTTGTACTGATAATAAAATAGAGGCTATTCTTTCAACC 1330  
 SBJCT: 1391 ATGTGTTGTTTCAAGCTATTTTGTACTGATAATAAAATAGAGGCTATTTTTTTAACC 1447

SCORE = 428 BITS (216), EXPECT = E-117  
 IDENTITIES = 346/388 (89%), GAPS = 1/388 (0%)  
 STRAND = PLUS / PLUS

QUERY: 1 GATTTTAGAAGGTTAATCAAAAACCCGGGGACAGTTTCTTCATGGCATAACCACAGACCT 60  
 SBJCT: 127 GATTTTAGAAGGTTAATCAAAAACCCAAGGACAGTTTCTTCATGTCATAACCAAGACCC 186  
 QUERY: 61 TTGTGGCACCCGCTGCTGCTGGGATATCAAATATCCTCTGGGGTTCGGAATGTGGGCTTAT 120  
 SBJCT: 187 TTGTGGCACCTGCTGTCATGGGATAACAAATATCTTGTGGGTTCTGAATGTGGACTTAT 246  
 QUERY: 121 TACTGAAGATCCTGTCTGCTTGGTCAGTGGCAGGTCTAGACTAACTTCTGGTCCTGAGTT 180  
 SBJCT: 247 TACTGAAGCTCCTGTCTGCTTGGTCAGTGG-TGGTCTAGACTAACTTCTGGTCCTGAGAT 305  
 QUERY: 181 TCTAAAGTGCTGGTAGACCAGTTGATACAAAACAGATATAATAATGAATGCCTTATCTAT 240  
 SBJCT: 306 TCTAAAGTGTTGGTAGACCGGTTGAGATAAAAGATATATAATAATGAATGCCTTACCTAT 365  
 QUERY: 241 CTGAAGGTCAGTTTGATCCGTGCCAAGTGGCTTTTGTGGGCTGTGTAGAGTGCTCTAAA 300

```

      |||||  |||||||||||||||||||  |||||||||||||||  |||||||  |||||
SBJCT: 366 CTGAAAACCAAGTTTGATCCGTGCCAAGGGGCTTTTTGTGGGCTCTGTAGAGTGCCCTAAA 425

5  QUERY: 301 CCCAGCTCGGCCTTTGCTGTATTAGACAGAAGCACCTCATTATCCCTGGGGCCCTG 360
      |||||  |||||||||||  |||||||||||  |||||  ||  |||||||
SBJCT: 426 CCCAGCTCTGCCTTTGCTGTGTTAGACAGAAGCACGCCATTACATCTCTGGGGCCCCCA 485

QUERY: 361 ATGGTGCACTGGTCTGGCTGTGGTCTGC 388
      |||||  ||||  ||  |||||||
10 SBJCT: 486 ATGGTGCCATGGTGTGGTTGTGGTCTGC 513

```

In a search of sequence databases, it was found, for example, that the FCTR6a nucleic acid sequence has 295 of 378 bases (78 %) identical to bases 410-779 of *Mus musculus* adult male testis cDNA, RIKEN full-length enriched (GENBANK-ID:AK09660) (Table 6F).

**Table 6F. BLASTN of FCTR6a against *Mus musculus* adult male testis cDNA, RIKEN full-length enriched (SEQ ID NO:83)**

```

>GI|12855429|DBJ|AK016601.1|AK016601 MUS MUSCULUS ADULT MALE TESTIS CDNA, RIKEN FULL-
LENGTH ENRICHED
20  LIBRARY, CLONE:4933401F05, FULL INSERT SEQUENCE
      LENGTH = 1047

      SCORE = 97.6 BITS (49), EXPECT = 2E-17
      IDENTITIES = 295/378 (78%), GAPS = 8/378 (2%)
      STRAND = PLUS / PLUS

25  QUERY: 697 AACATGGACAATGACATTGCCTTGCTGCTGCTGGCTTCGCCCCATCAAGCTCGATGACCTG 756
      |||||  |||||||||||  |||||||||||  |||||  ||  |||||  ||
SBJCT: 410 AACATGGACAACGACATTGCCTTGCTGCTGCTAGCCAAGCCCTTGACGTTCAATGAGCTG 469

30  QUERY: 757 AAGGTGCCCCATCGCCTCCCCACGCAGCCCGGCCCTGCCACATGGCGGAATGCTGGGTG 816
      |  |||||||||||  ||  |||||  ||||  ||  |||||  |||||||
SBJCT: 470 ACGGTGCCCCATCGCCTTCCTCTCTGGCCCGCCCTCCAGCTGGCACGAATGCTGGGTG 529

35  QUERY: 817 GCAGGTTGGGGCCAGACCAATGCTGCTGACAAAACCTCTGTGAAAACGGATCTGATGAAA 876
      |||||  |||||  |||||  |  |||||||  |  ||  ||  |||||||
SBJCT: 530 GCAGGATGGGGCGTAACCAACTCAACTGACAAGGAATCTATGTCAACGGATCTGATGAAG 589

40  QUERY: 877 GTGCCAATGGTCATCATGGACTGGGAGGAGTGTTCAAAGATGTTTCCAAAACCTTACCAA 936
      |||||  ||  |||||  ||  |||||||  ||  ||  |||||||  |||||
SBJCT: 590 GTGCCCATGCGTATCATAGAGTGGGAGGAATGCTTACAGATGTTTCCAGCCTCACCACA 649

QUERY: 937 AATATGCTGTGTGCCGATACAAGAATGAGAGCTATGATGCCTGCAAGGGTGACAGTGGG 996
      ||  |||||||||||  ||  |||||||||||  |||||  ||  |||||||
45 SBJCT: 650 AACATGCTGTGTGCCTCATATGGTAATGAGAGCTACGATGCTTGC-----CAGTGGG 701

QUERY: 997 GGGCCTCTGGTCTGCACCCCAGAGCCTGGTGAGAAGTGGTACCAGGTGGGCATCATCAGC 1056
      ||  ||  ||  |||||||||||  ||||  |||||  |  |||||||||||
50 SBJCT: 702 GGACCGCTTGTCTGCACACAGATCCTGGCAGTAGGTGGTACCAGGTGGGCATCATCAGC 761

QUERY: 1057 TGGGGAAAGAGCTGTGGA 1074
      |||||  |||||||||||
SBJCT: 762 TGGGGCAAGAGCTGTGGA 779

```

The FCTR6a amino acid has 247 of 267 amino acid residues (92%) identical to, and 251 of 307 residues (94%) positive with, the 267 amino acid hypothetical protein [*Macaca fascicularis*] (GenBank: AB046651) (SEQ ID NO:84) (Table 6G).



**(SEQ ID NO:84)**

SCORE = 467 BITS (1202), EXPECT = E-131  
IDENTITIES = 247/267 (92%), POSITIVES = 251/267 (94%)

QUERY: 61 KDFKRANMDNDIALLLASPIKLDDLKVPICLPTQPGPATWRECWVAGWGQTNAADKNSV 120  
 ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||  
 SBJCT: 61 KDFKRANMDNDIALLLASPIITLDDLKVPICLPTQHGPGATWHECWVAGWGQTNAADKNSV 120

```

QUERY: 121 KTDLMKVPVIMDWEECSKMFPKLTKNMLCAGYKNESYDACKGDSGGPLVCTPEPGEKWY 180
          |||||+|||||
SBJCT: 121 KTDLMKAPVMIMDWEECSKAFPKLTKNMLCAGYNNESYDACOGDSGGPLVCTPEPGEKWY 180

```

QUERY: 181 QVGIISWGKSCGDKNTPGIYTSLVNYNLWIEKVTQLGGRPFNAEKRTSVKQKPMGSPVS 240  
 |||||+|||||+|||||  
 SBJCT: 181 OVGIISWGKSCGEKNTPGIYTSLVNYNLWIEKVTQLEGRPFSAEKMRSTVKQKPMGSRVS 240

```

QUERY:  241  GVPEPGSPRSWLLLCPLSHVLFRAILY  267
          |||||
SUBJCT:  241  GVPEPGGLRSWLLLCPLSHVLFRAILY  267

```

K AND E ARE RESIDUES THAT DIFFER BETWEEN FCTR6A AND B. D193K, AND G217E.

The FCTR6a amino acid has 80 of 201 amino acid residues (39%) identical to, and 119 of 201 residues (58%) positive with, the 638 amino acid plasma kallikrein B1 precursor (GENBANK-ID:NP\_000883.1) (SEQ ID NO:85) (Table 6H).

**Table 6H. BLASTP of FCTR6a and b against plasma kallikrein B1 precursor (SEQ ID NO:85)**

>GI|4504877|REF|NP\_000883.1| PLASMA KALLIKREIN B1 PRECURSOR; KALLIKREIN, PLASMA;  
KALLIKREIN B

PLASMA; KALLIKREIN 3, PLASMA; FLETCHER FACTOR [HOMO  
SAPIENS]

GI | 125184 | SP | P03952 | KAL HUMAN PLASMA KALLIKREIN PRECURSOR (PLASMA PREKALLIKREIN)  
(KININOGENIN)  
(FLETCHER FACTOR)

GI|67591|PIR|[KQHUP] PLASMA KALLIKREIN (EC 3.4.21.34) PRECURSOR - HUMAN  
GI|190263|GB|AAA60153.1| (M13143) PLASMA PREKALLIKREIN [HOMO SAPIENS]  
GI|8809781|GB|AAF79940.1| (AF232742) PLASMA KALLIKREIN PRECURSOR [HOMO SAPIENS]  
LENGTH = 638

SCORE = 133 BITS (334), EXPECT = 3E-30  
IDENTITIES = 80/201 (39%), POSITIVES = 119/201 (58%), GAPS = 18/201 (8%)

QUERY: 20 LPLAPLWFSATSPEELSVVLGTNDLT--SPSMEIKEVASIILHKDFKRANMDNDIALLLL 77  
 ||| +| | +| +|+| +| +|| ||+|+++| + ++|||+ |  
 SBJCT: 439 LPLQDVW-----RIYSGILNLSIDITKDPFISOIKE---IIIHONYKVSEGNHDIALIKL 489

QUERY: 78 ASPIKLDDLKVPICLPTQPGPAT-WRECWVAGWGQTNAADKNSVKTDLMKVPMVIMDWE 136  
 +|+ + + |||||++ +| + ||| ||| + +| ++ | || + ++ ||  
 SBJCT: 490 QAPLNYTEFOKPICLPSKGDTSITYTNCNVTVGWGFSK--EKGEIONILOKVNIPVLTNEE 547

QUERY: 137 CSKMFP--KLTKNMLCAGYKNESYDACKGDSGGPLVCTPEPGEKWIYOVGIIISWGKSCGDK 194

SBJCT: 548 CQKRYQDYKITQRMVCAGYKEGGKDACKGDSGGPLVC--KHNGMWRLVVGITSWGEGCARR 605  
 QUERY: 195 NTPGIYTSLVNYNLWIEKVTO 215  
 SBJCT: 606 EQPGVYTKVAEYMDWILEKTQ 626  
 K IS A RESIDUE THAT DIFFERS BETWEEN FCTR6A AND B. D193K.

The FCTR6a amino acid has 73 of 183 amino acid residues (39%) identical to, and 110 of 183 residues (59%) positive with, the 643 amino acid kallikrein [*Sus scrofa*] (GENBANK-ID:BAA37147.1) (SEQ ID NO:86) (Table 6I).

**Table 6I. BLASTP of FCTR6a and b against kallikrein [*Sus scrofa*] (SEQ ID NO:86)**

>GI|4165315|DBJ|BAA37147.1| (AB022425) KALLIKREIN [SUS SCROFA]  
 LENGTH = 643  
 SCORE = 128 BITS (322), EXPECT = 9E-29  
 IDENTITIES = 73/183 (39%), POSITIVES = 110/183 (59%), GAPS = 12/183 (6%)  
 QUERY: 38 VLGTNDLT--SPSMEIKEVASIILHKDFKRANMDNDIALLLASPIKLDLKVPICLPTQ 95  
 SBJCT: 459 ILNISEITKETPFSQVKE---IIHQNYKILESCHDIALLKLETPLNYTDFQKPICLPSR 515  
 QUERY: 96 PGP-ATWRECWVAGWGQTNAADKNSVKTDLMKVPVIMDWEECSKMFP--KLTKNMLCAG 152  
 SBJCT: 516 DDTNVVYTNCWVTGWGFTE--EKGEIQNILQKVNIPVLSNEECQKSYRDHKISKQMICAG 573  
 QUERY: 153 YKNESYDACKGDSGGPLVCTPEPGEKQYQVGIISWGKSCGDKNTPGIYTSLVNYNLWIEK 212  
 SBJCT: 574 YKEGGKDACKGESGGPLVC--KYNGIWHLVGTTSWGEGCARREQPGVYTKVIEYMDWILE 631  
 QUERY: 213 VTQ 215  
 SBJCT: 632 KTQ 634  
 K IS A RESIDUE THAT DIFFERS BETWEEN FCTR6A AND B. D193K.

The FCTR6a amino acid has 81 of 205 amino acid residues (39%) identical to, and 112 of 205 residues (54%) positive with, the 625 amino acid Coagulation factor XI [*Homo sapiens*] (embCAA64368.1) (SEQ ID NO:87) (Table 6J).

**Table 6J. BLASTP of FCTR6a and b against Coagulation factor XI [*Homo sapiens*] (SEQ ID NO:87)**

>GI|180352|GB|AAA51985.1| (M20218) COAGULATION FACTOR XI [HOMO SAPIENS]  
 LENGTH = 625  
 SCORE = 127 BITS (320), EXPECT = 1E-28  
 IDENTITIES = 81/205 (39%), POSITIVES = 112/205 (54%), GAPS = 17/205 (8%)  
 QUERY: 20 LPLAPLWFSATSPPELSVVLGTNDLTSPSMEIKE-----VASIILHKDFKRANMDNDIA 73  
 SBJCT: 427 LTAACHCFYGVESPKILRVYSGILNQS----BIKEDTSFFGVQEIIHDQYKMAESGYDIA 482  
 QUERY: 74 LLLASPIKLDLKVPICLPTQPG-PATWRECWVAGWGQTNAADKNSVKTDLMKVPVIM 132  
 SBJCT: 483 LLKLETTVNYTDSQRPICLPSKGRNVIYTDWVTGWGYRKLDRK--IQNTLQKAKIPLV 540  
 QUERY: 133 DWEECSKMFP--KLTKNMLCAGYKNESYDACKGDSGGPLVCTPEPGEKQYQVGIISWGKS 190

||| | + | + | + ||| + ||| ||| ||| | + | | + ||| ||| +  
 SBJCT: 541 TNEECQKRYRGHKITHKMICAGYREGGKDACKGDSGGPLSC--KHNEVWHLVGITSWGEG 598  
 K  
 QUERY: 191 CGDKNTPGIYTSLVNYNLWIEKVTQ 215  
 | + ||| ++ | | | + ||  
 SBJCT: 599 CAQRERPGVYTNVVEYVDWILEKTQ 623

K IS A RESIDUE THAT DIFFERS BETWEEN FCTR6A AND B. D193K.

The number of new cases of renal cell carcinoma in the United States in 1996 was projected to be 30,600 with an estimated 12,000 deaths. Tumors with a proposed histogenesis from the proximal tubule (clear-cell and chromophilic tumors) amount to 85% of renal cancers, whereas tumors with a proposed histogenesis from the connecting tubule/collecting duct (chromophobic-, oncocytic-, and duct Bellini-type tumors) amount to only 11%.

Adenocarcinomas may be separated into clear cell and granular cell carcinomas, although the 2 cell types may occur together in some tumors. The distinction between well-differentiated renal carcinomas and renal adenomas can be difficult. The diagnosis is usually made arbitrarily on the basis of size of the mass, but size alone should not influence the treatment approach, since metastases can occur with lesions as small as 0.5 centimeters.

While radical nephrectomy with regional lymphadenectomy, is the accepted, often curative therapy for stage I (localized disease) renal cell cancer, very little therapy is available for advance disease that represent about 70% of the patients. Radiotherapy as a postoperative adjuvant has not been effective, and when used preoperatively, may decrease local recurrence but does not appear to improve 5-yr survival. A chemotherapeutic agent capable of significantly altering the course of metastatic renal cell carcinoma has not been identified. (Renal Cell Cancer (PDQ®) Treatment - Health Professionals, Cancernet, NCI)

There is therefore a need to identify genes that are differentially modulated in renal-cell carcinomas. In addition there is a need for methods to assay candidate therapeutic substances for modulating expression of these genes. These substances might be recombinant protein expressed by the identified genes or antibodies that bind to the identified proteins. There is yet additionally a need for an effective method of identifying target molecules or related components. These and related needs and defects are addressed in the present invention.

### Novel kallikrein-like/coagulation factor XI-like Proteins and Nucleic Acids Encoding Same

FCTR6 is surprisingly found to be differentially expressed in clear cell Renal cell carcinoma tissues vs the normal adjacent kidney tissues. The present invention discloses a novel protein encoded by a cDNA and/or by genomic DNA and proteins similar to it, namely, new proteins bearing sequence similarity to kallikrein-like, nucleic acids that encode these proteins or

fragments thereof, and antibodies that bind immunospecifically to a protein of the invention. It may have use as a therapeutic agent in the treatment of renal cancer and liver cirrhosis.

### **The utility of kallikrein family members in protein therapy of Renal cancer**

5 The treatment of renal cell carcinoma with recombinant kallikrein could improve disease outcome through several potential mechanisms. The literature suggests that members of this protein family are inhibitory to the process of angiogenesis, a process of vital importance to tumor progression. Renal cell carcinoma is known to be a highly angiogenic cancer. Thus, treatment of renal cell carcinoma with kallikrein may effectively shutdown the active recruitment  
10 of a blood supply to a tumor. Members of this protein family are known to play a role in vascular coagulation. Similar to anti-angiogenic therapy, a factor produced by cancer cells that is pro-coagulatory may also act to inhibit cancer growth by effectively “clogging” the tumor vascular supply. In addition, through its proteolytic activity, kallikrein may degrade ECM proteins or growth factors necessary for the progressive growth of cancer cells. Following is a relevant reference underlining the importance of Kallikrein in cancer therapy.  
15

### **The New Human Kallikrein Gene Family: Implications in Carcinogenesis.**

Diamandis EP; Yousef GM; Luo I; Magklara I; Obiezu CV

Department of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine, Mount Sinai Hospital, Toronto,

20 Ontario, Canada.

Trends Endocrinol Metab 2000 Mar;11(2):54-60.

ABSTRACT: The traditional human kallikrein gene family consists of three genes, namely KLK1 [encoding human kallikrein 1 (hK1) or pancreatic/renal kallikrein], KLK2 (encoding hK2, previously known as human glandular kallikrein 1) and KLK3 [encoding hK3 or prostate-specific antigen (PSA)]. KLK2 and KLK3 have important applications in prostate  
25 cancer diagnostics and, more recently, in breast cancer diagnostics. During

the past two to three years, new putative members of the human kallikrein gene family have been identified, including the PRSSL1 gene [encoding normal epithelial cell-specific 1 gene (NES1)], the gene encoding zyme/protease M/neurosin, the gene encoding prostate/PLK-L1, and the genes encoding neuropsin, stratum corneum chymotryptic enzyme and trypsin-like  
30 serine protease. Another five putative kallikrein genes, provisionally named KLK-L2, KLK-L3, KLK-L4, KLK-L5 and KLK-L6, have also been identified. Many of the newly identified kallikrein-like genes are regulated by steroid hormones, and a few kallikreins (NES1, protease M, PSA) are known to be downregulated in breast and possibly other cancers. NES1 appears to

be a novel breast cancer tumor suppressor protein and PSA a potent inhibitor of angiogenesis. This brief review summarizes recent developments and possible applications of the newly defined and expanded human kallikrein gene locus.

### **The utility of kallikrein-like/coagulation factor XI-like family members in protein therapy of liver cirrhosis**

Results related to inflammation shown below in Example A, Table CC3, panel 4, indicate over-expression of 27455183.0.19 in the liver cirrhosis sample, as compared to panel 1 data (Table CC1), where there is little or no expression in normal adult liver. Panel 4 was generated from various human cell lines that were untreated or resting as well as the same cells that were treated with a wide variety of immune modulatory molecules. There are several disease tissues represented as well as organ controls.

### **Potential Role(s) of FCTR6 in Inflammation:**

Liver cirrhosis occurs in patients with hepatitis C and also in alcoholics. This protein is 41% related to coagulation factor XI and its potential role in liver cirrhosis may be related to cleavage of kininogen. A reference for this follows:

*Thromb Haemost* 2000 May;83(5):709-14 High molecular weight kininogen is cleaved by FXIa at three sites: Arg409-Arg410, Lys502-Thr503 and Lys325-Lys326. Mauron T, Lammle B, Wuillemin WA Central Hematology Laboratory, University of Bern, Inselspital, Switzerland. Abstract:

We investigated the cleavage of high molecular weight kininogen (HK) by activated coagulation factor XI (FXIa) in vitro. Incubation of HK with FXIa resulted in the generation of cleavage products which were subjected to SDS-Page and analyzed by silverstaining, ligand-blotting and immunoblotting, respectively. Upon incubation with FXIa, bands were generated at 111, 100, 88 kDa on nonreduced and at 76, 62 and 51 kDa on reduced gels. Amino acid sequence analysis of the reaction mixtures revealed three cleavage sites at Arg409-Arg410, at Lys502-Thr503 and at Lys325-Lys326. Analysis of HK-samples incubated with FXIa for 3 min, 10 min and 120 min indicated HK to be cleaved first at Arg409-Arg410, followed by cleavage at Lys502-Thr503 and then at Lys325-Lys326. In conclusion, HK is cleaved by FXIa at three sites. Cleavage of HK by FXIa results in the loss of the surface binding site of HK, which may constitute a mechanism of inactivation of HK and of control of contact system activation.

### **Impact of Therapeutic Targeting of FCTR6 in Inflammation:**

Therapeutic targeting of FCTR6 with a monoclonal antibody is anticipated to limit or block the extent of breakdown of kininogen and thereby reduce the degradation of liver that occurs in liver cirrhosis. A pertinent reference is:

*Thromb Haemost* 1999 Nov;82(5):1428-32 Parallel reduction of plasma levels of high and low molecular weight kininogen in patients with cirrhosis.

Cugno M, Scott CF, Salerno F, Lorenzano E, Muller-Esterl W, Agostoni A, Colman RW  
Department of Internal Medicine, IRCCS Maggiore Hospital, University of Milan, Italy.  
massimo.cugno@unimi.it

Abstract:

Little is known about the regulation of high-molecular-weight-kininogen (HK) and low-molecular-weight-kininogen (LK) or the relationship of each to the degree of liver function impairment in patients with cirrhosis. In this study, we evaluated HK and LK quantitatively by a recently described particle concentration fluorescence immunoassay (PCFIA) and qualitatively by SDS PAGE and immunoblotting analyses in plasma from 33 patients with cirrhosis presenting various degrees of impairment of liver function. Thirty-three healthy subjects served as normal controls. Patients with cirrhosis had significantly lower plasma levels of HK (median 49 microg/ml [range 22-99 microg/ml]) and LK (58 microg/ml [15-100 microg/ml]) than normal subjects (HK 83 microg/ml [65-115 microg/ml]; LK 80 microg/ml [45-120 microg/ml]) ( $p < 0.0001$ ). The plasma concentrations of HK and LK were directly related to plasma levels of cholinesterase ( $P < 0.0001$ ) and albumin ( $P < 0.0001$  and  $P < 0.001$ ) and inversely to the Child-Pugh score ( $P < 0.0001$ ) and to prothrombin time ratio ( $P < 0.0001$ ) (reflecting the clinical and laboratory abnormalities in liver disease). Similar to normal individuals, in patients with cirrhosis, plasma HK and LK levels paralleled one another, suggesting that a coordinate regulation of those proteins persists in liver disease. SDS PAGE and immunoblotting analyses of kininogens in cirrhotic plasma showed a pattern similar to that observed in normal controls for LK (a single band at 66 kDa) with some lower molecular weight forms noted in cirrhotic plasma. A slight increase of cleavage of HK (a major band at 130 kDa and a faint but increased band at 107 kDa) was evident. The increased cleavage of HK was confirmed by the lower cleaved kininogen index (CKI), as compared to normal controls. These data suggest a defect in hepatic synthesis as well as increased destructive cleavage of both kininogens in plasma from patients with cirrhosis. The decrease of important regulatory proteins like kininogens may contribute to the imbalance in coagulation and fibrinolytic systems, which frequently occurs in cirrhotic patients.

In summary, the differential expression of FCTR6 (Kallikrein family) in renal cell carcinoma is an important finding that could have immense potential in renal carcinogenesis. In

addition, overexpression of the above gene in liver cirrhosis demonstrates its anticipated use as an immunotherapeutic target.

## FCTR7

The novel nucleic acid of 1498 nucleotides FCTR7 (also designated. 32592466.0.64) encoding a novel trypsin inhibitor-like protein is shown in Table 7A. An ORF begins with an ATG initiation codon at nucleotides 470-472 and ends with a TAA codon at nucleotides 1369-1371. Putative untranslated regions, if any, are found upstream from the initiation codon and downstream from the termination codon.

**Table 7A. FCTR7 Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO:24)**

AGGCGCCTGGTTCTGCGCGTACTGGCTGTACGGAGCAGGAGCAAGAGGTCGCCGCCAGCCTCCGCCGCCGAGCCTCGTTTCGTGTCC  
CCGCCCCCTCGCTCCTGCAGCTACTGCTCAGAAACGCTGGGGCGCCACCCTGGCAGACTAACGAAGCAGCTCCCTTCCCACCCCAA  
CTGCAGGTCTAATTTTGGACGCTTTGCCTGCCATTTCTCCAGGTTGAGGGAGCCGCAGAGGCGGAGGCTCGCGTATTCTTCGCAGT  
CAGCACCCACGTCGCCCCCGGACGCTCGGTGCTCAGGCCCTTCGCGAGCGGGGCTCTCCGTCGCGGTCCCTTGTGAAGGCTCTGG  
GCGGCTGCAGAGGCCGCGCGTCCGTTTGGCTCACCTCTCCCAGGAACTTCACACTGGAGAGCCAAAAGGAGTGGAAGAGCCTGT  
CTTGGAGATTTTCTGGGAAATCCTGAGGTCATTATTGAAGTGTACCGCGCGGGAGTGGCTCAGAGTAACCACAGTGCTGTT  
CATGGCTAGAGCAATTCAGCCATGGTGGTTCCCAATGCCACTTTATTTGGAGAACTTTTGGAAAAATACATGGATGAGGATGGTG  
AGTGGTGGATAGCCAAACAACGAGGGAAGGGCCATCACAGACAATGACATGCAGAGTATTTTGGACCTTCATAATAAATTACGA  
AGTCAGGTGTATCCAACAGCCTCTAATATGGAGTATATGACATGGGATGTAGAGCTGGAAGATCTGCAGAATCCAGGGCTGAAAT  
TGCTTGTGGGAACATGGACCTGCAAGCTTGCTTCCATCAATTGGACAGAATTTGGGAGCACACTGGGGAAGATATAGGCCCCCGAC  
GTTTCATGTACAATCGTGGTATGATGAAGTGAAAGACTTTAGCTACCCATATGAACATGAATGCAACCCATATTGTCCATTCAGGT  
GTTCTGGCCCTGTATGTACACATTATACACAGGTGCTGTGGGCAACTAGTAACAGAATCGGTTGTGCCATTAATTTGTGTCTAAC  
ATGAACATCTGGGGGAGATATGGCCCAAAGCTGTCTACCTGGTGTGCAATTACTCCCCAAAGGGAACTGGTGGGGCCATGCCCC  
TTACAAACATGGGCGGCCCTGTTCTGCTTGCCACCTAGTTTGGAGGGGGCTGTAGAGAAAATCTGTGCTACAAAGAAGGTCAG  
ACAGGTATTATCCCCCTCGAGAAGAGGAACAAATGAAATAGAACGCGCAGTCACAAGTCCATGACACCCATGTCCGGACAAGA  
TCAGATGATAGTAGCAGAAATGAAGTCATTAGCTTTGGGAAAAGTAATGAAAATATAATGGTTTTAGAAATCCTGTGTTAAATATT  
GTATATTTTCTTAGCAGTTATTCTACAGTTAATTACATAGTCATGATTGTTCTACGTTTCATATATTATATGGTGCTTTGTATA  
TGCCCTAATAAAATGAATCTAAACATTGAAAAAA

The FCTR7 protein encoded by SEQ ID NO:24 has 300 amino acid residues and is presented using the one-letter code in Table 7B. The FCTR7 gene was found to be expressed in: brain; germ cell tumors. FCTR7 gene maps to Unigene cluster Hs.182364 which is expressed in the following tissues: brain, breast, ear, germ cell, heart, liver, lung, whole embryo, ovary, pancreas, pooled, prostate, stomach, testis, uterus, vascular. Therefore the FCTR7 protein described in this invention is also expressed in the above tissues.

The SignalP, Psort and/or Hydropathy profile for FCTR7 predict that this sequence has a signal peptide and is likely to be localized outside of the cell with a certainty of 0.4228. The SignalP shows a cleavage site between amino acids 20 and 21, *i.e.*, at the dash in the sequence amino acid ARA-IP. The predicted molecular weight of FCTR7 is 34739.9 Daltons. Hydropathy profile shows an amino terminal hydrophobic region. This region could function as a signal peptide and target the invention to be secreted or plasma membrane localized.

**Table 7B. Encoded FCTR7 protein sequence (SEQ ID NO:25).**

MKCTAREWLRVTTVLFMARAIPAMVVPNATLLEKLEKYMDEDEGEWWIAKQKGKRAITDNDMQSILDLHNKLRSQVYPTASNMEYM  
TWDVELERSAESRAESCLWEHGPASLLPSIGQNLGAHWGRYPPTFHVQSWYDEVKDFSYPYEHECNPYCPFRCSGPVCTHYTQVV  
WATSNRIGCAINLCHNMNIWGQIWPKAVYLVCNYSKGNWWGHAPYKHGRPCSAACPPSFGGGCRENLCKEGRSDRYYPREEETNE  
IERQQSQVHDTHVRTRSDSSRNEVISFGKSNENIMVLEILC

This gene maps to Unigene cluster Hs.182364 which has been assigned the following mapping information shown in table 7C. Therefore the chromosomal assignment for this gene is the same as that for Unigene cluster 182364.

**Table 7C. Mapping Information.**

**Chromosome:** 8  
**Gene Map 98:** Marker SHGC-32056 , Interval D8S279-D8S526  
**Gene Map 98:** Marker SGC32056 , Interval D8S526-D8S275  
**Gene Map 98:** Marker sts-G20223 , Interval D8S526-D8S275  
**Gene Map 98:** Marker stSG30385 , Interval D8S526-D8S275  
**Whitehead map:** EST67946, Chr.8  
**dbSTS entries:** G25853, G29349, G20223

The predicted amino acid sequence was searched in the publicly available GenBank database

FCTR7 protein showed Score = 743 (261.5 bits), Expect = 1.4e-73, P = 1.4e-73, 54 % identities (129 over 237 amino acids) and 43% homologies (167 over 237 amino acids) with human 25 kD trypsin inhibitor protein (258 aa; ACC:O43692) (Table 7D).

**Table 7D. BLAST X search results are shown below:**

ptnr:SPTREMBL-ACC:O43692 25 KDA TRYPSIN INHIBITOR - HO... +2 743 8.4e-73 1 (SEQ ID NO:88)  
ptnr:SPTREMBL-ACC:O44228 HRTT-1 - HALOCYNTHIA RORETZI ... +2 325 2.9e-28 1 (SEQ ID NO:89)  
ptnr:SWISSPROT-ACC:P48060 GLIOMA PATHOGENESIS-RELATED ... +2 314 5.3e-27 1 (SEQ ID NO:90)  
ptnr:PIR-ID:JC4131 glioma pathogenesis-related protein... +2 309 2.0e-26 1 (SEQ ID NO:91)  
ptnr:SWISSNEW-ACC:O19010 CYSTEINE-RICH SECRETORY PROTE... +2 258 9.4e-21 1 (SEQ ID NO:92)

The nucleotide sequence of FCTR7 has 954 of 957 residues (99 %) identical to the 1-957 base segment, and 174 of 175 residues (99%) identical to bases 1317-1953 of the 2664



nucleotide *Homo sapiens* putative secretory protein precursor, mRNA (GenBank-ACC: AF142573) (SEQ ID NO:93) (Table 7E).

**Table 7E. BLASTN of FCTR7 against Putative secretory protein precursor (SEQ ID NO:93)**

```

5  >gi|12002310|gb|AF142573.1|AF142573 Homo sapiens putative secretory protein
    precursor, mRNA, complete cds
        Length = 2664

    Score = 1865 bits (941), Expect = 0.0
10   Identities = 954/957 (99%), Gaps = 1/957 (0%)
    Strand = Plus / Plus

Query: 364  gtccggttttggtcacctctcccaggaaacttcacactggagagccaaaaggagtggaag 423
          |||
Sbjct: 1    gtccggttttggtcacctctcccaggaaacttcacactggagagccaaaaggagtggaag 60

Query: 424  agcctgtcttgagattttcctggggaaatcctgaggtcattcattatgaagtgtaccgc 483
          |||
Sbjct: 61  agcctgtcttgagattttcctggggaaatcctgaggtcattcattatgaagtgtaccgc 120

20  Query: 484  gcgggagtggtcagagtaaccacagtgtgttcatggctagagcaattccagccatggt 543
          |||
Sbjct: 121  gcgggagtggtcagagtaaccacagtgtgttcatggctagagcaattccagccatggt 180

25  Query: 544  ggttcccaatgccactttattggagaaacttttggaaaaatacatggatgaggatggtga 603
          |||
Sbjct: 181  ggttcccaatgccactttattggagaaacttttggaaaaatacatggatgaggatggtga 240

30  Query: 604  gtggtggatagccaaacaacgagggaaaagggccatcacagacaatgacatgcagagtat 663
          |||
Sbjct: 241  gtggtggatagccaaacaacgagggaaaagggccatcacagacaatgacatgcagagtat 300

35  Query: 664  tttggaccttcataataaattacgaagtcaggtgtatccaacagcctctaataatggagta 723
          |||
Sbjct: 301  tttggaccttcataataaattacgaagtcaggtgtatccaacagcctctaataatggagta 360

40  Query: 724  tatgacatgggatgtagagctggaaagatctgcagaatccagggctgaaa-ttgcttgtg 782
          |||
Sbjct: 361  tatgacatgggatgtagagctggaaagatctgcagaatcctgggctgaaagtgtgcttgtg 420

45  Query: 783  ggaacatggacctgcaagcttgcttccatcaattggacagaatttgggagcacactgggg 842
          |||
Sbjct: 421  ggaacatggacctgcaagcttgcttccatcaattggacagaatttgggagcacactgggg 480

50  Query: 843  aagatataggccccgacgtttcatgtacaatcgtggtatgatgaagtgaaagacttttag 902
          |||
Sbjct: 481  aagatataggccccgacgtttcatgtacaatcgtggtatgatgaagtgaaagacttttag 540

55  Query: 903  ctacccatatgaacatgaatgcaaccatattgtccattcaggtgttctggccctgtatg 962
          |||
Sbjct: 541  ctacccatatgaacatgaatgcaaccatattgtccattcaggtgttctggccctgtatg 600

Query: 963  tacacattatacacaggtcgtgtgggcaactagtaacagaatcggttgtgccattaattt 1022
          |||
Sbjct: 601  tacacattatacacaggtcgtgtgggcaactagtaacagaatcggttgtgccattaattt 660

Query: 1023  gtgtcataacatgaacatctgggggcagatatggcccaaagctgtctacctgggtgtgcaa 1082
          |||
Sbjct: 661  gtgtcataacatgaacatctgggggcagatatggcccaaagctgtctacctgggtgtgcaa 720

```

Query: 1083 ttactccccaagggaactggtggggccatgcccttacaacatgggcgccctgttc 1142  
 Sbjct: 721 ttactccccaagggaactggtggggccatgcccttacaacatgggcgccctgttc 780

Query: 1143 tgettgcacacctagttttggagggggctgtagagaaaatctgtgctacaaagaaggggtc 1202  
 Sbjct: 781 tgettgcacacctagttttggagggggctgtagagaaaatctgtgctacaaagaaggggtc 840

Query: 1203 agacaggtattatccccctcgagaagaggaaacaaatgaaatagaacggcagcagtcaca 1262  
 Sbjct: 841 agacaggtattatccccctcgagaagaggaaacaaatgaaatagaacggcagcagtcaca 900

Query: 1263 agtccatgacacccatgtccggacaagatcagatgatagtagcagaaatgaagtcac 1319  
 Sbjct: 901 agtccatgacacccatgtccggacaagatcagatgatagtagcagaaatgaagtcac 957

Score = 339 bits (171), Expect = 3e-90  
 Identities = 174/175 (99%)  
 Strand = Plus / Plus

Query: 1317 cattagctttgggaaaagtaatgaaaatataatgggttttagaaatcctgtgttaaatt 1376  
 Sbjct: 1779 cattagctttgggaaaagtaatgaaaatataatgggttttagaaatcctgtgttaaatt 1838

Query: 1377 gctatatatttcttagcagttatttctacagttaattacatagtcattgttctacgtt 1436  
 Sbjct: 1839 gctatatatttcttagcagttatttctacagttaattacatagtcattgttctacgtt 1898

Query: 1437 tcatatattatatggtgctttgtatatgccctaataaaatgaatctaaacattg 1491  
 Sbjct: 1899 tcatatattatatggtgctttgtatatgccctaataaaatgaatctaaacattg 1953

The FCTR7 amino acid has 284 of 285 amino acid residues (99%) identical to, and 284 of 285 amino acid residues (99%) similar to, the 500 amino acid Putative secretory protein precursor [*Homo sapiens*] (GenBank-Acc No.: AF142573) (SEQ ID NO:94) (Table 7F).

**Table 7F. BLASTP alignments of FCTR7 against Putative secretory protein precursor, (SEQ ID NO:94)**

>gi|12002311|gb|AAG43287.1|AF142573\_1 (AF142573) putative secretory protein precursor [*Homo sapiens*]  
 Length = 500

Score = 581 bits (1499), Expect = e-165  
 Identities = 284/285 (99%), Positives = 284/285 (99%)

Query: 1 MKCTAREWLRVTTVLFMARAIPAMVVPNATLLEKLLEKYMDEDEGEWWIAKQRGKRAITDN 60  
 Sbjct: 1 MKCTAREWLRVTTVLFMARAIPAMVVPNATLLEKLLEKYMDEDEGEWWIAKQRGKRAITDN 60

Query: 61 DMQSILDLHNKLR SQVYPTASNMEYMTWDVELERSAESRAESCLWEHGPASLLPSIGQNL 120  
 Sbjct: 61 DMQSILDLHNKLR SQVYPTASNMEYMTWDVELERSAESWAESCLWEHGPASLLPSIGQNL 120

Query: 121 GAHWGRYRPPTFHVQSWYDEVKDFSYPYEHECNPYCPFRCSGPVCTHYTQVWATSNRIG 180  
 Sbjct: 121 GAHWGRYRPPTFHVQSWYDEVKDFSYPYEHECNPYCPFRCSGPVCTHYTQVWATSNRIG 180

Query: 181 CAINLCHNMNIWGQIWPKAVYLVLCNYSKGNWWGHAPYKHGRPCSACPPSFGGGCRENL 240

|||||  
 Sbjct: 181 CAINLCHNMNIWGQIWPKAVYLCNYSKGNWWGHAPYKHGRPCACPPSFGGGCRENL 240  
 Query: 241 YKEGSDRYPPREEETNEIERQQSQVHDTHVRTRSDSSRNEVIS 285  
 5 |||||  
 Sbjct: 241 YKEGSDRYPPREEETNEIERQQSQVHDTHVRTRSDSSRNEVIS 285

The FCTR7 amino acid has 137 of 176 amino acid residues (78%) identical to, and 151  
 of 176 amino acid residues (86%) similar to, the 188 amino acid Late gestation lung protein 1  
 10 [*Rattus norvegicus*] (GenBank-Acc No.: AF109674) (SEQ ID NO:95) (Table 7G).

**Table 7G. BLASTP alignments of FCTR7 against Late gestation lung protein 1, (SEQ ID  
 NO:95)**

>gi|4324682|qb|AAD16986.1| (AF109674) late gestation lung protein 1 [*Rattus  
 norvegicus*]

Length = 188

Score = 277 bits (709), Expect = 1e-73

Identities = 137/176 (78%), Positives = 151/176 (86%)

20 Query: 68 LHNKLRSQVYPTASNMEYMTWDVELERSAESRAESCLWEHGPA SLLPSIGQNLGAHWGRY 127  
 ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||  
 Sbjct: 2 LHNKLRGQVYPPASNMEYMTWDEELERSAAAWAQRCLWEHGPA SLLVSIGQNLAVHWGRY 61  
 Query: 128 RPPTFHVQSWYDEVKDFSYPYEHECNYPYCFRC SGVPVCTHYTQV VWATSNRIGCAINLCH 187  
 25 | | ||||| ||||| ++ || ||||| + || ||||| + ||||| + ||||| + ||||| ++ |  
 Sbjct: 62 RSPGFHVQSWYDEVKDYTPYPHECNWPCPERCSGAMCTHYTQM VWATTNKIGCAVHTCR 121  
 Query: 188 NMNIWGQIWPKAVYLCNYSKGNWWGHAPYKHGRPCACPPSFGGGCRENL CYKE 243  
 + || ++ || || ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| + ||||| ||||| + |  
 30 Sbjct: 122 SMSVWGDIWENAVYLCNYSKGNWIG EAPYKHGRPCSECPSSYGGGCRNNLCYRE 177

The FCTR7 amino acid has 130 of 237 amino acid residues (55%) identical to, and 165  
 of 237 amino acid residues (70%) similar to, the 258 amino acid R3H domain-containing  
 preproprotein; 25 kDa trypsin inhibitor [*Homo sapiens*] (GenBank-Acc No.: D45027) (SEQ ID  
 35 NO:96) (Table 7H).

**Table 7H. BLASTP alignments of FCTR7 against R3H domain-containing preproprotein,  
 25 kDa trypsin inhibitor (SEQ ID NO:96)**

>gi|7705676|ref|NP\_056970.1| R3H domain-containing preproprotein; 25 kDa  
 40 trypsin inhibitor; R3H

domain (binds single-stranded nucleic acids) containing  
 [Homo sapiens]

gi|2943716|dbj|BAA25066.1| (D45027) 25 kDa trypsin inhibitor [Homo sapiens]  
 45 Length = 258

Score = 265 bits (678), Expect = 4e-70

Identities = 130/237 (55%), Positives = 165/237 (70%), Gaps = 3/237 (1%)

50 Query: 12 TTVLFMARAI PAMVVPNATLLEKLLKYMDE DGEWWIAKQ R GKRAITDNDMQS ILDLHNK 71  
 + || + + + | | + | + + | | | | | + | | | + | | | +  
 Sbjct: 20 STVLLNSTDSSPPTNFTDIEAALKAQLDSAD --- IPKARRKRYISQNDMIAILDYHNQ 76



aa.

Score = 743 (261.5 bits), Expect = 1.6e-73, P = 1.6e-73  
Identities = 129/237 (54%), Positives = 167/237 (70%)

The FCTR7 amino acid has 79 of 193 amino acid residues (40%) identical to, and 110 of 193 amino acid residues (56%) similar to, the 266 amino acid Glioma Pathogenesis-Related Protein (RTVP-1 Protein) - *Homo sapiens* (SWISSPROT Acc No.: P48060) (SEQ ID NO:90) (Table 7K).

**Table 7K. BLASTP alignments of FCTR7 against Glioma Pathogenesis-Related Protein, (SEQ ID NO:90)**

ptnr:SWISSPROT-ACC:P48060 GLIOMA PATHOGENESIS-RELATED PROTEIN (RTVP-1 PROTEIN)  
- *Homo sapiens* (Human), 266 aa

Score = 314 (110.5 bits), Expect = 4.7e-28, P = 4.7e-28  
Identities = 79/193 (40%), Positives = 110/193 (56%)

The FCTR7 amino acid has 66 of 186 amino acid residues (35%) identical to, and 91 of 186 amino acid residues (48%) similar to, the 186 amino acid Neutrophil granules matrix glycoprotein SGP28 precursor from *Homo sapiens* (SWISSPROT Acc No.: S68691) (SEQ ID NO:98) (Table 7L).

**Table 7L. BLASTP alignments of FCTR7 against Neutrophil granules matrix glycoprotein, (SEQ ID NO:98)**

ptnr:PIR-ID:S68691 neutrophil granules matrix glycoprotein SGP28 precursor -  
human

Score = 254 (89.4 bits), Expect = 1.1e-21, P = 1.1e-21  
Identities = 66/186 (35%), Positives = 91/186 (48%)

A novel developmentally regulated gene with homology to a tumor derived trypsin inhibitor is expressed in lung mesenchyme, as described in Am. J. Physiol. 0:0-0(1999). cDNA cloning of a novel trypsin inhibitor with similarity to pathogenesis-related proteins, and its frequent expression in human brain cancer cells is disclosed in Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1395:202-208(1998). RTVP-1, a novel human gene with sequence similarity to genes of diverse species, is expressed in tumor cell lines of glial but not neuronal origin, as published in Gene 180:125-130(1996). The human glioma pathogenesis-related protein is structurally related to plan pathogenesis-related proteins and its gene is expressed specifically in brain tumors (Gene 159:131-135(1995)). Structure comparison of human glioma pathogenesis-related protein GliPR and the plant pathogenesis-related protein P14a indicates a functional link between the human

immune system and a plant defense system (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 95:2262-2266(1998)). GliPR is highly expressed in the human brain tumor, glioblastoma multiform/astrocytome, but neither in normal fetal or adult brain tissue, nor in other nervous system tumors. GliPR belongs to a family that groups mammalian SCP/TPX1; insects AG3/AG5; FUNGI SC7/SC14 and plants PR-1. SGP28, a novel matrix glycoprotein in specific granules of human neutrophils with similarity to a human testis-specific gene product and to a rodent sperm-coating glycoprotein (FEBS Lett. 380, 246-250, 1996). The primary structure and properties of helothermine, a peptide toxin that blocks ryanodine receptors is described in Biophys. J. 68:2280-2288(1995). As GliPR, Helothermine belongs to a family that groups mammalian SCP/TPX1; insects AG3/AG5; FUNGI SC7/SC14 and plants PR-1.

Based upon homology, FCTR7 protein and each homologous protein or peptide may share at least some activity.

#### Therapeutic uses:

FCTR7 protein has homology to trypsin inhibitors, Q91055 helothermine, tumor derived trypsin inhibitors, glioma pathogenesis-related protein, Q9Z0U6 LATE GESTATION LUNG PROTEIN 1, and to the Prosite family which groups mammalian SCP/TPX1;INSECTS AG3/AG5; FUNGI SC7/SC14 AND PLANTS PR-1 proteins. Therefore the FCTR7 protein disclosed in this invention could function like the proteins which it has homology to. These functions include tissue development *in vitro* and *in vivo*, and cancer pathogenesis.

Based the tissue expression pattern, the gene is implicated in diseases of tissues in which it is expressed. These diseases include but are not limited to:

- Glioma,
- cancer,
- lung diseases,
- gestation,
- male and female reproductive diseases,
- deafness,
- neurological disorders,
- gastric disorders, and
- pancreatic diseases like diabetes.

These materials are further useful in the generation of antibodies that bind immunospecifically to the novel FCTR7 substances for use in therapeutic or diagnostic methods.

These antibodies may be generated according to methods known in the art, using prediction from hydrophobicity charts, as described in the “Anti-FCTR7 Antibodies” section below. In one embodiment, a contemplated FCTR7 epitope is from aa 40 to 120. In another embodiment, a FCTR7 epitope is from aa 130 to 170. In additional embodiments, FCTR7 epitopes are from aa 210 to 230, and from aa 240 to 280.

**TABLE 8A: Summary Of Nucleic Acids And Proteins Of The Invention**

Name	Tables	Clone; Description of Homolog	Nucleic Acid SEQ ID NO	Amino Acid SEQ ID NO
FCTR1	1A, 1B,	58092213.0.36 follistatin-like protein	1	2
FCTR2	2A, 2B	AC012614 1.0.123; KIAA1061-like protein	3	4
FCTR3	3A, 3B	10129612.0.118; neurestin-like protein	5	6
	3C, 3D	10129612.0.405; neurestin-like protein	7	8
	3E	10129612.0.154; neurestin-like protein	9	
	3F	10129612.0.67; neurestin-like protein	10	
	3G	10129612.0.258; neurestin-like protein	11	
	3H, 3I	10129612.0.352; neurestin-like protein	12	13
FCTR4	4A, 4B	29692275.0.1; NF-Kappa-B P65delta3-like protein	14	15
FCTR5	5A, 5B	32125243.0.21; human complement C1R component precursor -like protein	16	17
	5C, 5D		18	19
FCTR6	6A, 6B	27455183.0.19; novel human blood coagulation factor XI -like protein	20	21
	6C, 6D	27455183.0.145; novel human blood coagulation factor XI -like protein	22	23
FCTR7	7A, 7B	32592466.0.64; trypsin inhibitor -like protein	24	25
FCTR1	Example 2	Ag809 Forward	26	
FCTR1	Example 2	Ag809 Probe	27	
FCTR1	Example 2	Ag809 Reverse	28	
FCTR4	Example 2	Ag2773 Forward	29	
FCTR4	Example 2	Ag2773 Probe	30	
FCTR4	Example 2	Ag2773 Reverse	31	
FCTR5	Example 2	Ag427 Forward	32	
FCTR5	Example 2	Ag427 Probe	33	
FCTR5	Example 2	Ag427 Reverse	34	
FCTR6	Example 2	Ag1541 Forward	35	
FCTR6	Example 2	Ag1541 Probe	36	
FCTR6	Example 2	Ag1541 Reverse	37	

**TABLE 8B: Summary of Query Sequences Disclosed**

Table	Database	Acc. No.	Sequence Name	Species	SEQ ID NO.
1C, 1K	remtrEmbl	BAA21725	IGFBP-like protein	mouse	38
1D	sptrEmbl	Q61581	Follistatin-like protein-2	Mouse	39

1E	SpPtrEmbl	Q07822	Mac25 protein	Human	40
1F, 1K	SpPtrEmbl	O88812	Mac25 protein	Mouse	41
1G, 1K	SpPtrEmbl	Q16270	Prostacyclin-stimulating factor	Human	42
1H, 1K	PIR	B40098	Colorectal cancer suppressor	Rat	43
1I	TrEmblnew	AAD9360	PTP sigma (brain) precursor	Human	44
1J	SpPtrEmbl	Q13332	PTP sigma precursor	Human	45
2C	GenBank	AB028984	KIAA1061 cDNA	Human	46
2D	TrEmblnew	BAA85677	KIAA1263	Human	47
2E	TrEmblnew	BAA83013	KIAA1061 protein fragment	Human	48
2F	Embl	CAB70877.1	Hypothetical protein DKFzp566D234.1	Human	49
2G	GenBank	Q62632	Follistatin-related protein-1 precursor	Rat	50
2H	GenBank	Q62536	Follistatin-related protein-1 precursor	Mouse	51
2I	GenBank	JG0187	Follistatin related protein	African clawed frog	52
2J	GenBank	Q12841	Follistatin related protein-1 precursor	Human	53
2K	Embl	CAB42968.1	Flik protein	Chicken	54
2L	GenBank	T13822	Frazzled gene protein	Fruit fly	55
2M	GenBank	AAC38849.1	Roundabout 1	Fruit fly	56
2N	GenBank	O60469	Down Syndrome Cell Adhesion Molecule Precursor	Human	57
2O	SwissProt	Q13449	Limbic system-associated membrane protein precursor	Human	58
2P	SpPtrEmbl	O70246	Putative neuronal cell adhesion molecule, short form	Mouse	59
2Q	SpPtrEmbl	O02869	CHLAMP, G11-isoform precursor	Chicken	60
2R	SwissProt	Q62813	Limbic system-associated membrane protein precursor	Rat	61
3J	GenBank	NM_011856.2	Odd Oz/ten-m homology 2	Fruit fly	62
3K	Embl	AJ245711.1	Teneurin-2 cDNA, short splice variant	Chicken	63
3L	GenBank	AB032953	KIAA 1127 cDNA	Human	64
3M, 3U	GenBank	AB025411	Ten-m2 cDNA	Mouse	65
3N	GenBank	NM_020088.1	Neurestin alpha cDNA	Rat	66
3O	Embl	GGA278031	Teneurin-2	Chicken	67
3P	GenBank	NP_035986.2	Odd Oz/ten-m homology 2	Fruit fly	68
3Q	Embl	CAC09416.1	Teneurin-2	Chicken	69
3R	GenBank	BAA77399.1	Ten-m4	Mouse	70
3S	GenBank	AB032953	KIAA1127 protein	Human	71
3T	GenBank	AF086607	Neurestin alpha	Rat	72
4C	SpPtrEmbl	Q99233	Hypothetical 10 kD protein	Trypanosome	73
4C	SpPtrEmbl	Q16896	GABA receptor subunit		74
4C	SpPtrEmbl	O76473	GABA receptor subunit		75
4C	TrEmblnew	AAD28317	FI3J11.13 protein		76



Text p. 90	SptrEmbl	Q13313	NF-kappa B P65 delta 3 protein	Human	77
5E	GenBank	XM_007061.1	Complement C1R-like proteinase precursor	Human	78
5F	GenBank	NM_001733.1	Complement component 1, R subcomponent cDNA	Human	79
5G	GenBank	AAF44349.1	Complement C1R-like proteinase precursor	Human	80
5H	GenBank	AAA5185.1	Complement C1R component precursor	Human	81
6E	GenBank	AB046651	Brain cDNA clone Qcc-17034	Macaque	82
6F	GenBank	AK09660	Adult testis cDNA, RIKEN full length enriched	Mouse	83
6G	GenBank	AB046651	Hypothetical protein	Macaque	84
6H	GenBank	NP_000838.1	Plasma kallikrein B1 precursor	Human	85
6I	GenBank	BAA37147.1	Kallikrein	Pig	86
6J	Embl	CAA64368.1	Coagulation factor XI	Human	87
7D, 7J	SptrEmbl	O43692	25 kDa trypsin inhibitor	Human	88
7D	SptrEmbl	O44228	HRTT-1		89
7D, 7K	SptrEmbl	P418060	Glioma pathogenesis-related protein	Human	90
7D	PIR-ID	JC4131	Glioma pathogenesis-related protein	Human	91
7D	SwissProt	O19010	Cysteine-rich secretory protein		92
7E	GenBank	AF142573	Putative secretory protein precursor cDNA	Human	93
7F	GenBank	AF142573	Putative secretory protein precursor	Human	94
7G	GenBank	AF109674	Late gestation lung protein 1	Rat	95
7H	GenBank	D45027	R3H domain containing preprotein, 25 kDa trypsin inhibitor	Human	96
7I	Embl	AL117382	Novel protein similar to a trypsin inhibitor	Human	97
7L	PIR-ID	S68691	Neutrophil granules matrix glycoprotein SGP28 precursor	Human	98

## FCTR<sub>X</sub> Nucleic Acids and Polypeptides

One aspect of the invention pertains to isolated nucleic acid molecules that encode FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptides or biologically-active portions thereof. Also included in the invention are nucleic acid fragments sufficient for use as hybridization probes to identify FCTR<sub>X</sub>-encoding nucleic acids (*e.g.*, FCTR<sub>X</sub> mRNAs) and fragments for use as PCR primers for the amplification and/or mutation of FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleic acid molecules. As used herein, the term “nucleic acid molecule” is intended to include DNA molecules (*e.g.*, cDNA or genomic DNA), RNA molecules (*e.g.*, mRNA), analogs of the DNA or RNA generated using nucleotide analogs, and derivatives, fragments and homologs thereof. The nucleic acid molecule may be single-stranded or double-stranded, but preferably is comprised double-stranded DNA.

An FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleic acid can encode a mature FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide. As used herein, a “mature” form of a polypeptide or protein disclosed in the present invention is the product of a naturally occurring polypeptide or precursor form or proprotein. The naturally occurring polypeptide, precursor or proprotein includes, by way of nonlimiting example, the full length gene product, encoded by the corresponding gene. Alternatively, it may be defined as the polypeptide, precursor or proprotein encoded by an ORF described herein. The product “mature” form arises, again by way of nonlimiting example, as a result of one or more naturally occurring processing steps as they may take place within the cell, or host cell, in which the gene product arises. Examples of such processing steps leading to a “mature” form of a polypeptide or protein include the cleavage of the N-terminal methionine residue encoded by the initiation codon of an ORF, or the proteolytic cleavage of a signal peptide or leader sequence. Thus a mature form arising from a precursor polypeptide or protein that has residues 1 to N, where residue 1 is the N-terminal methionine, would have residues 2 through N remaining after removal of the N-terminal methionine. Alternatively, a mature form arising from a precursor polypeptide or protein having residues 1 to N, in which an N-terminal signal sequence from residue 1 to residue M is cleaved, would have the residues from residue M+1 to residue N remaining. Further as used herein, a “mature” form of a polypeptide or protein may arise from a step of post-translational modification other than a proteolytic cleavage event. Such additional processes include, by way of non-limiting example, glycosylation, myristoylation or phosphorylation. In general, a mature polypeptide or protein may result from the operation of only one of these processes, or a combination of any of them.

The term “probes”, as utilized herein, refers to nucleic acid sequences of variable length, preferably between at least about 10 nucleotides (nt), 100 nt, or as many as approximately, *e.g.*, 6,000 nt, depending upon the specific use. Probes are used in the detection of identical, similar, or complementary nucleic acid sequences. Longer length probes are generally obtained from a natural or recombinant source, are highly specific, and much slower to hybridize than shorter-length oligomer probes. Probes may be single- or double-stranded and designed to have specificity in PCR, membrane-based hybridization technologies, or ELISA-like technologies.

The term “isolated” nucleic acid molecule, as utilized herein, is one which is separated from other nucleic acid molecules which are present in the natural source of the nucleic acid. Preferably, an “isolated” nucleic acid is free of sequences which naturally flank the nucleic acid (*i.e.*, sequences located at the 5'- and 3'-termini of the nucleic acid) in the genomic DNA of the organism from which the nucleic acid is derived. For example, in various embodiments, the isolated FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleic acid molecules can contain less than about 5 kb, 4 kb, 3 kb, 2 kb, 1 kb,

0.5 kb or 0.1 kb of nucleotide sequences which naturally flank the nucleic acid molecule in genomic DNA of the cell/tissue from which the nucleic acid is derived (*e.g.*, brain, heart, liver, spleen, etc.). Moreover, an "isolated" nucleic acid molecule, such as a cDNA molecule, can be substantially free of other cellular material or culture medium when produced by recombinant techniques, or of chemical precursors or other chemicals when chemically synthesized.

A nucleic acid molecule of the invention, *e.g.*, a nucleic acid molecule having the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24, or a complement of this aforementioned nucleotide sequence, can be isolated using standard molecular biology techniques and the sequence information provided herein. Using all or a portion of the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24 as a hybridization probe, FCTR<sub>X</sub> molecules can be isolated using standard hybridization and cloning techniques (*e.g.*, as described in Sambrook, *et al.*, (eds.), MOLECULAR CLONING: A LABORATORY MANUAL 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989; and Ausubel, *et al.*, (eds.), CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, John Wiley & Sons, New York, NY, 1993.)

A nucleic acid of the invention can be amplified using cDNA, mRNA or alternatively, genomic DNA, as a template and appropriate oligonucleotide primers according to standard PCR amplification techniques. The nucleic acid so amplified can be cloned into an appropriate vector and characterized by DNA sequence analysis. Furthermore, oligonucleotides corresponding to FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleotide sequences can be prepared by standard synthetic techniques, *e.g.*, using an automated DNA synthesizer.

As used herein, the term "oligonucleotide" refers to a series of linked nucleotide residues, which oligonucleotide has a sufficient number of nucleotide bases to be used in a PCR reaction. A short oligonucleotide sequence may be based on, or designed from, a genomic or cDNA sequence and is used to amplify, confirm, or reveal the presence of an identical, similar or complementary DNA or RNA in a particular cell or tissue. Oligonucleotides comprise portions of a nucleic acid sequence having about 10 nt, 50 nt, or 100 nt in length, preferably about 15 nt to 30 nt in length. In one embodiment of the invention, an oligonucleotide comprising a nucleic acid molecule less than 100 nt in length would further comprise at least 6 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24, or a complement thereof. Oligonucleotides may be chemically synthesized and may also be used as probes.

In another embodiment, an isolated nucleic acid molecule of the invention comprises a nucleic acid molecule that is a complement of the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24, or a portion of this nucleotide sequence (*e.g.*, a

fragment that can be used as a probe or primer or a fragment encoding a biologically-active portion of an FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide). A nucleic acid molecule that is complementary to the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24, is one that is sufficiently complementary to the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24, that it can hydrogen bond with little or no mismatches to the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24, thereby forming a stable duplex.

As used herein, the term "complementary" refers to Watson-Crick or Hoogsteen base pairing between nucleotides units of a nucleic acid molecule, and the term "binding" means the physical or chemical interaction between two polypeptides or compounds or associated polypeptides or compounds or combinations thereof. Binding includes ionic, non-ionic, van der Waals, hydrophobic interactions, and the like. A physical interaction can be either direct or indirect. Indirect interactions may be through or due to the effects of another polypeptide or compound. Direct binding refers to interactions that do not take place through, or due to, the effect of another polypeptide or compound, but instead are without other substantial chemical intermediates.

Fragments provided herein are defined as sequences of at least 6 (contiguous) nucleic acids or at least 4 (contiguous) amino acids, a length sufficient to allow for specific hybridization in the case of nucleic acids or for specific recognition of an epitope in the case of amino acids, respectively, and are at most some portion less than a full length sequence. Fragments may be derived from any contiguous portion of a nucleic acid or amino acid sequence of choice. Derivatives are nucleic acid sequences or amino acid sequences formed from the native compounds either directly or by modification or partial substitution. Analogs are nucleic acid sequences or amino acid sequences that have a structure similar to, but not identical to, the native compound but differs from it in respect to certain components or side chains. Analogs may be synthetic or from a different evolutionary origin and may have a similar or opposite metabolic activity compared to wild type. Homologs are nucleic acid sequences or amino acid sequences of a particular gene that are derived from different species.

Derivatives and analogs may be full length or other than full length, if the derivative or analog contains a modified nucleic acid or amino acid, as described below. Derivatives or analogs of the nucleic acids or proteins of the invention include, but are not limited to, molecules comprising regions that are substantially homologous to the nucleic acids or proteins of the invention, in various embodiments, by at least about 70%, 80%, or 95% identity (with a preferred identity of 80-95%) over a nucleic acid or amino acid sequence of identical size or

when compared to an aligned sequence in which the alignment is done by a computer homology program known in the art, or whose encoding nucleic acid is capable of hybridizing to the complement of a sequence encoding the aforementioned proteins under stringent, moderately stringent, or low stringent conditions. See *e.g.* Ausubel, *et al.*, CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, John Wiley & Sons, New York, NY, 1993, and below.

A "homologous nucleic acid sequence" or "homologous amino acid sequence," or variations thereof, refer to sequences characterized by a homology at the nucleotide level or amino acid level as discussed above. Homologous nucleotide sequences encode those sequences coding for isoforms of FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptides. Isoforms can be expressed in different tissues of the same organism as a result of, for example, alternative splicing of RNA. Alternatively, isoforms can be encoded by different genes. In the invention, homologous nucleotide sequences include nucleotide sequences encoding for an FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide of species other than humans, including, but not limited to: vertebrates, and thus can include, *e.g.*, frog, mouse, rat, rabbit, dog, cat, cow, horse, and other organisms. Homologous nucleotide sequences also include, but are not limited to, naturally occurring allelic variations and mutations of the nucleotide sequences set forth herein. A homologous nucleotide sequence does not, however, include the exact nucleotide sequence encoding human FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein. Homologous nucleic acid sequences include those nucleic acid sequences that encode conservative amino acid substitutions (see below) in SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25, as well as a polypeptide possessing FCTR<sub>X</sub> biological activity. Various biological activities of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins are described below.

An FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide is encoded by the open reading frame ("ORF") of an FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleic acid. An ORF corresponds to a nucleotide sequence that could potentially be translated into a polypeptide. A stretch of nucleic acids comprising an ORF is uninterrupted by a stop codon. An ORF that represents the coding sequence for a full protein begins with an ATG "start" codon and terminates with one of the three "stop" codons, namely, TAA, TAG, or TGA. For the purposes of this invention, an ORF may be any part of a coding sequence, with or without a start codon, a stop codon, or both. For an ORF to be considered as a good candidate for coding for a *bona fide* cellular protein, a minimum size requirement is often set, *e.g.*, a stretch of DNA that would encode a protein of 50 amino acids or more.

The nucleotide sequences determined from the cloning of the human FCTR<sub>X</sub> genes allows for the generation of probes and primers designed for use in identifying and/or cloning FCTR<sub>X</sub> homologues in other cell types, *e.g.* from other tissues, as well as FCTR<sub>X</sub> homologues from other vertebrates. The probe/primer typically comprises substantially purified oligonucleotide. The oligonucleotide typically comprises a region of nucleotide sequence that

hybridizes under stringent conditions to at least about 12, 25, 50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350 or 400 consecutive sense strand nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24; or an anti-sense strand nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24; or of a naturally occurring mutant of SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24.

Probes based on the human FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleotide sequences can be used to detect transcripts or genomic sequences encoding the same or homologous proteins. In various embodiments, the probe further comprises a label group attached thereto, *e.g.* the label group can be a radioisotope, a fluorescent compound, an enzyme, or an enzyme co-factor. Such probes can be used as a part of a diagnostic test kit for identifying cells or tissues which mis-express an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein, such as by measuring a level of an FCTR<sub>X</sub>-encoding nucleic acid in a sample of cells from a subject *e.g.*, detecting FCTR<sub>X</sub> mRNA levels or determining whether a genomic FCTR<sub>X</sub> gene has been mutated or deleted.

"A polypeptide having a biologically-active portion of an FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide" refers to polypeptides exhibiting activity similar, but not necessarily identical to, an activity of a polypeptide of the invention, including mature forms, as measured in a particular biological assay, with or without dose dependency. A nucleic acid fragment encoding a "biologically-active portion of FCTR<sub>X</sub>" can be prepared by isolating a portion of SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24, that encodes a polypeptide having an FCTR<sub>X</sub> biological activity (the biological activities of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins are described below), expressing the encoded portion of FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein (*e.g.*, by recombinant expression *in vitro*) and assessing the activity of the encoded portion of FCTR<sub>X</sub>.

### **FCTR<sub>X</sub> Nucleic Acid and Polypeptide Variants**

The invention further encompasses nucleic acid molecules that differ from the nucleotide sequences shown in SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24, due to degeneracy of the genetic code and thus encode the same FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins as that encoded by the nucleotide sequences shown in SEQ ID NO NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24. In another embodiment, an isolated nucleic acid molecule of the invention has a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein having an amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25.

In addition to the human FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleotide sequences shown in SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24, it will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that DNA sequence polymorphisms that lead to changes in the amino acid sequences of the FCTR<sub>X</sub>

polypeptides may exist within a population (*e.g.*, the human population). Such genetic polymorphism in the FCTR<sub>X</sub> genes may exist among individuals within a population due to natural allelic variation. As used herein, the terms "gene" and "recombinant gene" refer to nucleic acid molecules comprising an open reading frame (ORF) encoding an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein, preferably a vertebrate FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein. Such natural allelic variations can typically result in 1-5% variance in the nucleotide sequence of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> genes. Any and all such nucleotide variations and resulting amino acid polymorphisms in the FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptides, which are the result of natural allelic variation and that do not alter the functional activity of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptides, are intended to be within the scope of the invention.

Moreover, nucleic acid molecules encoding FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins from other species, and thus that have a nucleotide sequence that differs from the human sequence of SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24, are intended to be within the scope of the invention. Nucleic acid molecules corresponding to natural allelic variants and homologues of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> cDNAs of the invention can be isolated based on their homology to the human FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleic acids disclosed herein using the human cDNAs, or a portion thereof, as a hybridization probe according to standard hybridization techniques under stringent hybridization conditions.

Accordingly, in another embodiment, an isolated nucleic acid molecule of the invention is at least 6 nucleotides in length and hybridizes under stringent conditions to the nucleic acid molecule comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24. In another embodiment, the nucleic acid is at least 10, 25, 50, 100, 250, 500, 750, 1000, 1500, or 2000 or more nucleotides in length. In yet another embodiment, an isolated nucleic acid molecule of the invention hybridizes to the coding region. As used herein, the term "hybridizes under stringent conditions" is intended to describe conditions for hybridization and washing under which nucleotide sequences at least 60% homologous to each other typically remain hybridized to each other.

Homologs (*i.e.*, nucleic acids encoding FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins derived from species other than human) or other related sequences (*e.g.*, paralogs) can be obtained by low, moderate or high stringency hybridization with all or a portion of the particular human sequence as a probe using methods well known in the art for nucleic acid hybridization and cloning.

As used herein, the phrase "stringent hybridization conditions" refers to conditions under which a probe, primer or oligonucleotide will hybridize to its target sequence, but to no other sequences. Stringent conditions are sequence-dependent and will be different in different circumstances. Longer sequences hybridize specifically at higher temperatures than shorter sequences. Generally, stringent conditions are selected to be about 5°C lower than the thermal

melting point (T<sub>m</sub>) for the specific sequence at a defined ionic strength and pH. The T<sub>m</sub> is the temperature (under defined ionic strength, pH and nucleic acid concentration) at which 50% of the probes complementary to the target sequence hybridize to the target sequence at equilibrium. Since the target sequences are generally present at excess, at T<sub>m</sub>, 50% of the probes are occupied at equilibrium. Typically, stringent conditions will be those in which the salt concentration is less than about 1.0 M sodium ion, typically about 0.01 to 1.0 M sodium ion (or other salts) at pH 7.0 to 8.3 and the temperature is at least about 30°C for short probes, primers or oligonucleotides (e.g., 10 nt to 50 nt) and at least about 60°C for longer probes, primers and oligonucleotides. Stringent conditions may also be achieved with the addition of destabilizing agents, such as formamide.

Stringent conditions are known to those skilled in the art and can be found in Ausubel, *et al.*, (eds.), CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, John Wiley & Sons, N.Y. (1989), 6.3.1-6.3.6. Preferably, the conditions are such that sequences at least about 65%, 70%, 75%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 98%, or 99% homologous to each other typically remain hybridized to each other. A non-limiting example of stringent hybridization conditions are hybridization in a high salt buffer comprising 6X SSC, 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 1 mM EDTA, 0.02% PVP, 0.02% Ficoll, 0.02% BSA, and 500 mg/ml denatured salmon sperm DNA at 65°C, followed by one or more washes in 0.2X SSC, 0.01% BSA at 50°C. An isolated nucleic acid molecule of the invention that hybridizes under stringent conditions to the sequences of SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24, corresponds to a naturally-occurring nucleic acid molecule. As used herein, a "naturally-occurring" nucleic acid molecule refers to an RNA or DNA molecule having a nucleotide sequence that occurs in nature (e.g., encodes a natural protein).

In a second embodiment, a nucleic acid sequence that is hybridizable to the nucleic acid molecule comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24, or fragments, analogs or derivatives thereof, under conditions of moderate stringency is provided. A non-limiting example of moderate stringency hybridization conditions are hybridization in 6X SSC, 5X Denhardt's solution, 0.5% SDS and 100 mg/ml denatured salmon sperm DNA at 55°C, followed by one or more washes in 1X SSC, 0.1% SDS at 37°C. Other conditions of moderate stringency that may be used are well-known within the art. See, e.g., Ausubel, *et al.* (eds.), 1993, CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, John Wiley & Sons, NY, and Kriegler, 1990; GENE TRANSFER AND EXPRESSION, A LABORATORY MANUAL, Stockton Press, NY.



In a third embodiment, a nucleic acid that is hybridizable to the nucleic acid molecule comprising the nucleotide sequences of SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24, or fragments, analogs or derivatives thereof, under conditions of low stringency, is provided. A non-limiting example of low stringency hybridization conditions are hybridization in 35% formamide, 5X SSC, 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 5 mM EDTA, 0.02% PVP, 0.02% Ficoll, 0.2% BSA, 100 mg/ml denatured salmon sperm DNA, 10% (wt/vol) dextran sulfate at 40°C, followed by one or more washes in 2X SSC, 25 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4), 5 mM EDTA, and 0.1% SDS at 50°C. Other conditions of low stringency that may be used are well known in the art (*e.g.*, as employed for cross-species hybridizations). See, *e.g.*, Ausubel, *et al.* (eds.), 1993, CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, John Wiley & Sons, NY, and Kriegler, 1990, GENE TRANSFER AND EXPRESSION, A LABORATORY MANUAL, Stockton Press, NY; Shilo and Weinberg, 1981. *Proc Natl Acad Sci USA* 78: 6789-6792.

### ***Conservative Mutations***

In addition to naturally-occurring allelic variants of FCTR<sub>X</sub> sequences that may exist in the population, the skilled artisan will further appreciate that changes can be introduced by mutation into the nucleotide sequences of SEQ ID NO NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24, thereby leading to changes in the amino acid sequences of the encoded FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins, without altering the functional ability of said FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins. For example, nucleotide substitutions leading to amino acid substitutions at "non-essential" amino acid residues can be made in the sequence of SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25. A "non-essential" amino acid residue is a residue that can be altered from the wild-type sequences of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins without altering their biological activity, whereas an "essential" amino acid residue is required for such biological activity. For example, amino acid residues that are conserved among the FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins of the invention are predicted to be particularly non-amenable to alteration. Amino acids for which conservative substitutions can be made are well-known within the art.

Another aspect of the invention pertains to nucleic acid molecules encoding FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins that contain changes in amino acid residues that are not essential for activity. Such FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins differ in amino acid sequence from SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25, yet retain biological activity. In one embodiment, the isolated nucleic acid molecule comprises a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence at least about 45% homologous to the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25. Preferably, the protein encoded by the nucleic acid molecule is at least about 60% homologous to SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25; more

preferably at least about 70% homologous to SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25; still more preferably at least about 80% homologous to SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25; even more preferably at least about 90% homologous to SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25; and most preferably at least about 95% homologous to SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25.

An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein homologous to the protein of SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25, can be created by introducing one or more nucleotide substitutions, additions or deletions into the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24, such that one or more amino acid substitutions, additions or deletions are introduced into the encoded protein.

Mutations can be introduced into SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25, by standard techniques, such as site-directed mutagenesis and PCR-mediated mutagenesis. Preferably, conservative amino acid substitutions are made at one or more predicted, non-essential amino acid residues. A "conservative amino acid substitution" is one in which the amino acid residue is replaced with an amino acid residue having a similar side chain. Families of amino acid residues having similar side chains have been defined within the art. These families include amino acids with basic side chains (*e.g.*, lysine, arginine, histidine), acidic side chains (*e.g.*, aspartic acid, glutamic acid), uncharged polar side chains (*e.g.*, glycine, asparagine, glutamine, serine, threonine, tyrosine, cysteine), nonpolar side chains (*e.g.*, alanine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, proline, phenylalanine, methionine, tryptophan), beta-branched side chains (*e.g.*, threonine, valine, isoleucine) and aromatic side chains (*e.g.*, tyrosine, phenylalanine, tryptophan, histidine). Thus, a predicted non-essential amino acid residue in the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein is replaced with another amino acid residue from the same side chain family. Alternatively, in another embodiment, mutations can be introduced randomly along all or part of an FCTR<sub>X</sub> coding sequence, such as by saturation mutagenesis, and the resultant mutants can be screened for FCTR<sub>X</sub> biological activity to identify mutants that retain activity. Following mutagenesis of SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25, the encoded protein can be expressed by any recombinant technology known in the art and the activity of the protein can be determined.

The relatedness of amino acid families may also be determined based on side chain interactions. Substituted amino acids may be fully conserved "strong" residues or fully conserved "weak" residues. The "strong" group of conserved amino acid residues may be any one of the following groups: STA, NEQK, NHQK, NDEQ, QHRK, MILV, MILF, HY, FYW, wherein the single letter amino acid codes are grouped by those amino acids that may be substituted for each other. Likewise, the "weak" group of conserved residues may be any one of

the following: CSA, ATV, SAG, STNK, STPA, SGND, SNDEQK, NDEQHK, NEQHRK, VLIM, HFY, wherein the letters within each group represent the single letter amino acid code.

In one embodiment, a mutant FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein can be assayed for (i) the ability to form protein:protein interactions with other FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins, other cell-surface proteins, or biologically-active portions thereof, (ii) complex formation between a mutant FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein and an FCTR<sub>X</sub> ligand; or (iii) the ability of a mutant FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein to bind to an intracellular target protein or biologically-active portion thereof; (*e.g.* avidin proteins).

In yet another embodiment, a mutant FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein can be assayed for the ability to regulate a specific biological function (*e.g.*, regulation of insulin release).

## 10 Antisense Nucleic Acids

Another aspect of the invention pertains to isolated antisense nucleic acid molecules that are hybridizable to or complementary to the nucleic acid molecule comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24, or fragments, analogs or derivatives thereof. An "antisense" nucleic acid comprises a nucleotide sequence that is complementary to a "sense" nucleic acid encoding a protein (*e.g.*, complementary to the coding strand of a double-stranded cDNA molecule or complementary to an mRNA sequence). In specific aspects, antisense nucleic acid molecules are provided that comprise a sequence complementary to at least about 10, 25, 50, 100, 250 or 500 nucleotides or an entire FCTR<sub>X</sub> coding strand, or to only a portion thereof. Nucleic acid molecules encoding fragments, homologs, derivatives and analogs of an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein of SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25; or antisense nucleic acids complementary to an FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24, are additionally provided.

In one embodiment, an antisense nucleic acid molecule is antisense to a "coding region" of the coding strand of a nucleotide sequence encoding an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein. The term "coding region" refers to the region of the nucleotide sequence comprising codons which are translated into amino acid residues. In another embodiment, the antisense nucleic acid molecule is antisense to a "noncoding region" of the coding strand of a nucleotide sequence encoding the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein. The term "noncoding region" refers to 5' and 3' sequences which flank the coding region that are not translated into amino acids (*i.e.*, also referred to as 5' and 3' untranslated regions).

Given the coding strand sequences encoding the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein disclosed herein, antisense nucleic acids of the invention can be designed according to the rules of Watson and

Crick or Hoogsteen base pairing. The antisense nucleic acid molecule can be complementary to the entire coding region of FCTR<sub>X</sub> mRNA, but more preferably is an oligonucleotide that is antisense to only a portion of the coding or noncoding region of FCTR<sub>X</sub> mRNA. For example, the antisense oligonucleotide can be complementary to the region surrounding the translation start site of FCTR<sub>X</sub> mRNA. An antisense oligonucleotide can be, for example, about 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45 or 50 nucleotides in length. An antisense nucleic acid of the invention can be constructed using chemical synthesis or enzymatic ligation reactions using procedures known in the art. For example, an antisense nucleic acid (*e.g.*, an antisense oligonucleotide) can be chemically synthesized using naturally-occurring nucleotides or variously modified nucleotides designed to increase the biological stability of the molecules or to increase the physical stability of the duplex formed between the antisense and sense nucleic acids (*e.g.*, phosphorothioate derivatives and acridine substituted nucleotides can be used).

Examples of modified nucleotides that can be used to generate the antisense nucleic acid include: 5-fluorouracil, 5-bromouracil, 5-chlorouracil, 5-iodouracil, hypoxanthine, xanthine, 4-acetylcytosine, 5-(carboxyhydroxymethyl) uracil, 5-carboxymethylaminomethyl-2-thiouridine, 5-carboxymethylaminomethyluracil, dihydrouracil, beta-D-galactosylqueosine, inosine, N6-isopentenyladenine, 1-methylguanine, 1-methylinosine, 2,2-dimethylguanine, 2-methyladenine, 2-methylguanine, 3-methylcytosine, 5-methylcytosine, N6-adenine, 7-methylguanine, 5-methylaminomethyluracil, 5-methoxyaminomethyl-2-thiouracil, beta-D-mannosylqueosine, 5'-methoxycarboxymethyluracil, 5-methoxyuracil, 2-methylthio-N6-isopentenyladenine, uracil-5-oxyacetic acid (*v*), wybutoxosine, pseudouracil, queosine, 2-thiocytosine, 5-methyl-2-thiouracil, 2-thiouracil, 4-thiouracil, 5-methyluracil, uracil-5-oxyacetic acid methylester, uracil-5-oxyacetic acid (*v*), 5-methyl-2-thiouracil, 3-(3-amino-3-N-2-carboxypropyl) uracil, (acp3)*w*, and 2,6-diaminopurine. Alternatively, the antisense nucleic acid can be produced biologically using an expression vector into which a nucleic acid has been subcloned in an antisense orientation (*i.e.*, RNA transcribed from the inserted nucleic acid will be of an antisense orientation to a target nucleic acid of interest, described further in the following subsection).

The antisense nucleic acid molecules of the invention are typically administered to a subject or generated *in situ* such that they hybridize with or bind to cellular mRNA and/or genomic DNA encoding an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein to thereby inhibit expression of the protein (*e.g.*, by inhibiting transcription and/or translation). The hybridization can be by conventional nucleotide complementarity to form a stable duplex, or, for example, in the case of an antisense nucleic acid molecule that binds to DNA duplexes, through specific interactions in the major groove of the

double helix. An example of a route of administration of antisense nucleic acid molecules of the invention includes direct injection at a tissue site. Alternatively, antisense nucleic acid molecules can be modified to target selected cells and then administered systemically. For example, for systemic administration, antisense molecules can be modified such that they specifically bind to receptors or antigens expressed on a selected cell surface (e.g., by linking the antisense nucleic acid molecules to peptides or antibodies that bind to cell surface receptors or antigens). The antisense nucleic acid molecules can also be delivered to cells using the vectors described herein. To achieve sufficient nucleic acid molecules, vector constructs in which the antisense nucleic acid molecule is placed under the control of a strong pol II or pol III promoter are preferred.

In yet another embodiment, the antisense nucleic acid molecule of the invention is an  $\alpha$ -anomeric nucleic acid molecule. An  $\alpha$ -anomeric nucleic acid molecule forms specific double-stranded hybrids with complementary RNA in which, contrary to the usual  $\beta$ -units, the strands run parallel to each other. See, e.g., Gaultier, *et al.*, 1987. *Nucl. Acids Res.* **15**: 6625-6641. The antisense nucleic acid molecule can also comprise a 2'-o-methylribonucleotide (see, e.g., Inoue, *et al.* 1987. *Nucl. Acids Res.* **15**: 6131-6148) or a chimeric RNA-DNA analogue (see, e.g., Inoue, *et al.*, 1987. *FEBS Lett.* **215**: 327-330).

#### **Ribozymes and PNA Moieties**

Nucleic acid modifications include, by way of non-limiting example, modified bases, and nucleic acids whose sugar phosphate backbones are modified or derivatized. These modifications are carried out at least in part to enhance the chemical stability of the modified nucleic acid, such that they may be used, for example, as antisense binding nucleic acids in therapeutic applications in a subject.

In one embodiment, an antisense nucleic acid of the invention is a ribozyme. Ribozymes are catalytic RNA molecules with ribonuclease activity that are capable of cleaving a single-stranded nucleic acid, such as an mRNA, to which they have a complementary region. Thus, ribozymes (e.g., hammerhead ribozymes as described in Haselhoff and Gerlach 1988. *Nature* 334: 585-591) can be used to catalytically cleave FCTR<sub>X</sub> mRNA transcripts to thereby inhibit translation of FCTR<sub>X</sub> mRNA. A ribozyme having specificity for an FCTR<sub>X</sub>-encoding nucleic acid can be designed based upon the nucleotide sequence of an FCTR<sub>X</sub> cDNA disclosed herein (i.e., SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24). For example, a derivative of a *Tetrahymena* L-19 IVS RNA can be constructed in which the nucleotide sequence of the active site is complementary to the nucleotide sequence to be cleaved in an FCTR<sub>X</sub>-encoding mRNA. See, e.g., U.S. Patent 4,987,071 to Cech, *et al.* and U.S. Patent

5,116,742 to Cech, *et al.* FCTR<sub>X</sub> mRNA can also be used to select a catalytic RNA having a specific ribonuclease activity from a pool of RNA molecules. See, *e.g.*, Bartel *et al.*, (1993) *Science* 261:1411-1418.

Alternatively, FCTR<sub>X</sub> gene expression can be inhibited by targeting nucleotide  
5 sequences complementary to the regulatory region of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleic acid (*e.g.*, the FCTR<sub>X</sub> promoter and/or enhancers) to form triple helical structures that prevent transcription of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> gene in target cells. See, *e.g.*, Helene, 1991. *Anticancer Drug Des.* 6: 569-84; Helene, *et al.* 1992. *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 660: 27-36; Maher, 1992. *Bioassays* 14: 807-15.

In various embodiments, the FCTR<sub>X</sub> nucleic acids can be modified at the base moiety,  
10 sugar moiety or phosphate backbone to improve, *e.g.*, the stability, hybridization, or solubility of the molecule. For example, the deoxyribose phosphate backbone of the nucleic acids can be modified to generate peptide nucleic acids. See, *e.g.*, Hyrup, *et al.*, 1996. *Bioorg Med Chem* 4: 5-23. As used herein, the terms "peptide nucleic acids" or "PNAs" refer to nucleic acid mimics (*e.g.*, DNA mimics) in which the deoxyribose phosphate backbone is replaced by a  
15 pseudopeptide backbone and only the four natural nucleobases are retained. The neutral backbone of PNAs has been shown to allow for specific hybridization to DNA and RNA under conditions of low ionic strength. The synthesis of PNA oligomers can be performed using standard solid phase peptide synthesis protocols as described in Hyrup, *et al.*, 1996. *supra*; Perry-O'Keefe, *et al.*, 1996. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93: 14670-14675.

PNAs of FCTR<sub>X</sub> can be used in therapeutic and diagnostic applications. For example,  
20 PNAs can be used as antisense or antigene agents for sequence-specific modulation of gene expression by, *e.g.*, inducing transcription or translation arrest or inhibiting replication. PNAs of FCTR<sub>X</sub> can also be used, for example, in the analysis of single base pair mutations in a gene (*e.g.*, PNA directed PCR clamping; as artificial restriction enzymes when used in combination  
25 with other enzymes, *e.g.*, S<sub>1</sub> nucleases (*see*, Hyrup, *et al.*, 1996. *supra*); or as probes or primers for DNA sequence and hybridization (*see*, Hyrup, *et al.*, 1996, *supra*; Perry-O'Keefe, *et al.*, 1996. *supra*).

In another embodiment, PNAs of FCTR<sub>X</sub> can be modified, *e.g.*, to enhance their stability  
30 or cellular uptake, by attaching lipophilic or other helper groups to PNA, by the formation of PNA-DNA chimeras, or by the use of liposomes or other techniques of drug delivery known in the art. For example, PNA-DNA chimeras of FCTR<sub>X</sub> can be generated that may combine the advantageous properties of PNA and DNA. Such chimeras allow DNA recognition enzymes (*e.g.*, RNase H and DNA polymerases) to interact with the DNA portion while the PNA portion would provide high binding affinity and specificity. PNA-DNA chimeras can be linked using

linkers of appropriate lengths selected in terms of base stacking, number of bonds between the nucleobases, and orientation (*see*, Hyrup, *et al.*, 1996. *supra*). The synthesis of PNA-DNA chimeras can be performed as described in Hyrup, *et al.*, 1996. *supra* and Finn, *et al.*, 1996. *Nucl Acids Res* 24: 3357-3363. For example, a DNA chain can be synthesized on a solid support using standard phosphoramidite coupling chemistry, and modified nucleoside analogs, *e.g.*, 5'-(4-methoxytrityl)amino-5'-deoxy-thymidine phosphoramidite, can be used between the PNA and the 5' end of DNA. *See, e.g.*, Mag, *et al.*, 1989. *Nucl Acid Res* 17: 5973-5988. PNA monomers are then coupled in a stepwise manner to produce a chimeric molecule with a 5' PNA segment and a 3' DNA segment. *See, e.g.*, Finn, *et al.*, 1996. *supra*. Alternatively, chimeric molecules can be synthesized with a 5' DNA segment and a 3' PNA segment. *See, e.g.*, Petersen, *et al.*, 1975. *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* 5: 1119-11124.

In other embodiments, the oligonucleotide may include other appended groups such as peptides (*e.g.*, for targeting host cell receptors *in vivo*), or agents facilitating transport across the cell membrane (*see, e.g.*, Letsinger, *et al.*, 1989. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* 86: 6553-6556; Lemaitre, *et al.*, 1987. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* 84: 648-652; PCT Publication No. WO88/09810) or the blood-brain barrier (*see, e.g.*, PCT Publication No. WO 89/10134). In addition, oligonucleotides can be modified with hybridization triggered cleavage agents (*see, e.g.*, Krol, *et al.*, 1988. *BioTechniques* 6:958-976) or intercalating agents (*see, e.g.*, Zon, 1988. *Pharm. Res.* 5: 539-549). To this end, the oligonucleotide may be conjugated to another molecule, *e.g.*, a peptide, a hybridization triggered cross-linking agent, a transport agent, a hybridization-triggered cleavage agent, and the like.

### FCTR<sub>X</sub> Polypeptides

A polypeptide according to the invention includes a polypeptide including the amino acid sequence of FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptides whose sequences are provided in SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25. The invention also includes a mutant or variant protein any of whose residues may be changed from the corresponding residues shown in SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25, while still encoding a protein that maintains its FCTR<sub>X</sub> activities and physiological functions, or a functional fragment thereof.

In general, an FCTR<sub>X</sub> variant that preserves FCTR<sub>X</sub>-like function includes any variant in which residues at a particular position in the sequence have been substituted by other amino acids, and further include the possibility of inserting an additional residue or residues between two residues of the parent protein as well as the possibility of deleting one or more residues from the parent sequence. Any amino acid substitution, insertion, or deletion is encompassed by the

invention. In favorable circumstances, the substitution is a conservative substitution as defined above.

One aspect of the invention pertains to isolated FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins, and biologically-active portions thereof, or derivatives, fragments, analogs or homologs thereof. Also provided are polypeptide fragments suitable for use as immunogens to raise anti-FCTR<sub>X</sub> antibodies. In one embodiment, native FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins can be isolated from cells or tissue sources by an appropriate purification scheme using standard protein purification techniques. In another embodiment, FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins are produced by recombinant DNA techniques. Alternative to recombinant expression, an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein or polypeptide can be synthesized chemically using standard peptide synthesis techniques.

An "isolated" or "purified" polypeptide or protein or biologically-active portion thereof is substantially free of cellular material or other contaminating proteins from the cell or tissue source from which the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein is derived, or substantially free from chemical precursors or other chemicals when chemically synthesized. The language "substantially free of cellular material" includes preparations of FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins in which the protein is separated from cellular components of the cells from which it is isolated or recombinantly-produced. In one embodiment, the language "substantially free of cellular material" includes preparations of FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins having less than about 30% (by dry weight) of non-FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins (also referred to herein as a "contaminating protein"), more preferably less than about 20% of non-FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins, still more preferably less than about 10% of non-FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins, and most preferably less than about 5% of non-FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins. When the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein or biologically-active portion thereof is recombinantly-produced, it is also preferably substantially free of culture medium, *i.e.*, culture medium represents less than about 20%, more preferably less than about 10%, and most preferably less than about 5% of the volume of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein preparation.

The language "substantially free of chemical precursors or other chemicals" includes preparations of FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins in which the protein is separated from chemical precursors or other chemicals that are involved in the synthesis of the protein. In one embodiment, the language "substantially free of chemical precursors or other chemicals" includes preparations of FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins having less than about 30% (by dry weight) of chemical precursors or non-FCTR<sub>X</sub> chemicals, more preferably less than about 20% chemical precursors or non-FCTR<sub>X</sub> chemicals, still more preferably less than about 10% chemical precursors or non-FCTR<sub>X</sub> chemicals, and most preferably less than about 5% chemical precursors or non-FCTR<sub>X</sub> chemicals.



Biologically-active portions of FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins include peptides comprising amino acid sequences sufficiently homologous to or derived from the amino acid sequences of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins (*e.g.*, the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25) that include fewer amino acids than the full-length FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins, and exhibit at least one activity of an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein. Typically, biologically-active portions comprise a domain or motif with at least one activity of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein. A biologically-active portion of an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein can be a polypeptide which is, for example, 10, 25, 50, 100 or more amino acid residues in length.

Moreover, other biologically-active portions, in which other regions of the protein are deleted, can be prepared by recombinant techniques and evaluated for one or more of the functional activities of a native FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein.

In an embodiment, the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein has an amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25. In other embodiments, the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein is substantially homologous to SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25, and retains the functional activity of the protein of SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25, yet differs in amino acid sequence due to natural allelic variation or mutagenesis, as described in detail, below. Accordingly, in another embodiment, the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein is a protein that comprises an amino acid sequence at least about 45% homologous to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25, and retains the functional activity of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins of SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25.

#### *Determining Homology Between Two or More Sequences*

To determine the percent homology of two amino acid sequences or of two nucleic acids, the sequences are aligned for optimal comparison purposes (*e.g.*, gaps can be introduced in the sequence of a first amino acid or nucleic acid sequence for optimal alignment with a second amino or nucleic acid sequence). The amino acid residues or nucleotides at corresponding amino acid positions or nucleotide positions are then compared. When a position in the first sequence is occupied by the same amino acid residue or nucleotide as the corresponding position in the second sequence, then the molecules are homologous at that position (*i.e.*, as used herein amino acid or nucleic acid "homology" is equivalent to amino acid or nucleic acid "identity").

The nucleic acid sequence homology may be determined as the degree of identity between two sequences. The homology may be determined using computer programs known in the art, such as GAP software provided in the GCG program package. *See*, Needleman and Wunsch, 1970. *J Mol Biol* 48: 443-453. Using GCG GAP software with the following settings for nucleic acid sequence comparison: GAP creation penalty of 5.0 and GAP extension penalty

of 0.3, the coding region of the analogous nucleic acid sequences referred to above exhibits a degree of identity preferably of at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 98%, or 99%, with the CDS (encoding) part of the DNA sequence shown in SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24.

5           The term "sequence identity" refers to the degree to which two polynucleotide or polypeptide sequences are identical on a residue-by-residue basis over a particular region of comparison. The term "percentage of sequence identity" is calculated by comparing two optimally aligned sequences over that region of comparison, determining the number of positions at which the identical nucleic acid base (*e.g.*, A, T, C, G, U, or I, in the case of nucleic acids) occurs in both sequences to yield the number of matched positions, dividing the number of  
10           matched positions by the total number of positions in the region of comparison (*i.e.*, the window size), and multiplying the result by 100 to yield the percentage of sequence identity. The term "substantial identity" as used herein denotes a characteristic of a polynucleotide sequence, wherein the polynucleotide comprises a sequence that has at least 80 percent sequence identity, preferably at least 85 percent identity and often 90 to 95 percent sequence identity, more usually  
15           at least 99 percent sequence identity as compared to a reference sequence over a comparison region.

#### *Chimeric and Fusion Proteins*

20           The invention also provides FCTR<sub>X</sub> chimeric or fusion proteins. As used herein, an FCTR<sub>X</sub> "chimeric protein" or "fusion protein" comprises an FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide operatively-linked to a non-FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide. An "FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide" refers to a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence corresponding to an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein (SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25), whereas a "non-FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide" refers to a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence corresponding to a protein that is not substantially homologous to the  
25           FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein, *e.g.*, a protein that is different from the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein and that is derived from the same or a different organism. Within an FCTR<sub>X</sub> fusion protein the FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide can correspond to all or a portion of an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein. In one embodiment, an FCTR<sub>X</sub> fusion protein comprises at least one biologically-active portion of an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein. In another embodiment, an FCTR<sub>X</sub> fusion protein comprises at least two biologically-active portions of an  
30           FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein. In yet another embodiment, an FCTR<sub>X</sub> fusion protein comprises at least three biologically-active portions of an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein. Within the fusion protein, the term "operatively-linked" is intended to indicate that the FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide and the non-FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide are fused in-frame with one another. The non-FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide can be fused to the N-terminus or C-terminus of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide.

In one embodiment, the fusion protein is a GST-FCTR<sub>X</sub> fusion protein in which the FCTR<sub>X</sub> sequences are fused to the C-terminus of the GST (glutathione S-transferase) sequences. Such fusion proteins can facilitate the purification of recombinant FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptides.

In another embodiment, the fusion protein is an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein containing a heterologous signal sequence at its N-terminus. In certain host cells (*e.g.*, mammalian host cells), expression and/or secretion of FCTR<sub>X</sub> can be increased through use of a heterologous signal sequence.

In yet another embodiment, the fusion protein is an FCTR<sub>X</sub>-immunoglobulin fusion protein in which the FCTR<sub>X</sub> sequences are fused to sequences derived from a member of the immunoglobulin protein family. The FCTR<sub>X</sub>-immunoglobulin fusion proteins of the invention can be incorporated into pharmaceutical compositions and administered to a subject to inhibit an interaction between an FCTR<sub>X</sub> ligand and an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein on the surface of a cell, to thereby suppress FCTR<sub>X</sub>-mediated signal transduction *in vivo*. The FCTR<sub>X</sub>-immunoglobulin fusion proteins can be used to affect the bioavailability of an FCTR<sub>X</sub> cognate ligand. Inhibition of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> ligand/FCTR<sub>X</sub> interaction may be useful therapeutically for both the treatment of proliferative and differentiative disorders, as well as modulating (*e.g.* promoting or inhibiting) cell survival. Moreover, the FCTR<sub>X</sub>-immunoglobulin fusion proteins of the invention can be used as immunogens to produce anti-FCTR<sub>X</sub> antibodies in a subject, to purify FCTR<sub>X</sub> ligands, and in screening assays to identify molecules that inhibit the interaction of FCTR<sub>X</sub> with an FCTR<sub>X</sub> ligand.

An FCTR<sub>X</sub> chimeric or fusion protein of the invention can be produced by standard recombinant DNA techniques. For example, DNA fragments coding for the different polypeptide sequences are ligated together in-frame in accordance with conventional techniques, *e.g.*, by employing blunt-ended or stagger-ended termini for ligation, restriction enzyme digestion to provide for appropriate termini, filling-in of cohesive ends as appropriate, alkaline phosphatase treatment to avoid undesirable joining, and enzymatic ligation. In another embodiment, the fusion gene can be synthesized by conventional techniques including automated DNA synthesizers. Alternatively, PCR amplification of gene fragments can be carried out using anchor primers that give rise to complementary overhangs between two consecutive gene fragments that can subsequently be annealed and reamplified to generate a chimeric gene sequence (*see, e.g.*, Ausubel, *et al.* (eds.) CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, John Wiley & Sons, 1992). Moreover, many expression vectors are commercially available that already encode a fusion moiety (*e.g.*, a GST polypeptide). An FCTR<sub>X</sub>-encoding nucleic acid

can be cloned into such an expression vector such that the fusion moiety is linked in-frame to the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein.

#### *FCTR<sub>X</sub> Agonists and Antagonists*

The invention also pertains to variants of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins that function as either FCTR<sub>X</sub> agonists (*i.e.*, mimetics) or as FCTR<sub>X</sub> antagonists. Variants of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein can be generated by mutagenesis (*e.g.*, discrete point mutation or truncation of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein). An agonist of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein can retain substantially the same, or a subset of, the biological activities of the naturally occurring form of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein. An antagonist of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein can inhibit one or more of the activities of the naturally occurring form of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein by, for example, competitively binding to a downstream or upstream member of a cellular signaling cascade which includes the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein. Thus, specific biological effects can be elicited by treatment with a variant of limited function. In one embodiment, treatment of a subject with a variant having a subset of the biological activities of the naturally occurring form of the protein has fewer side effects in a subject relative to treatment with the naturally occurring form of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins.

Variants of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins that function as either FCTR<sub>X</sub> agonists (*i.e.*, mimetics) or as FCTR<sub>X</sub> antagonists can be identified by screening combinatorial libraries of mutants (*e.g.*, truncation mutants) of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins for FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein agonist or antagonist activity. In one embodiment, a variegated library of FCTR<sub>X</sub> variants is generated by combinatorial mutagenesis at the nucleic acid level and is encoded by a variegated gene library. A variegated library of FCTR<sub>X</sub> variants can be produced by, for example, enzymatically ligating a mixture of synthetic oligonucleotides into gene sequences such that a degenerate set of potential FCTR<sub>X</sub> sequences is expressible as individual polypeptides, or alternatively, as a set of larger fusion proteins (*e.g.*, for phage display) containing the set of FCTR<sub>X</sub> sequences therein. There are a variety of methods which can be used to produce libraries of potential FCTR<sub>X</sub> variants from a degenerate oligonucleotide sequence. Chemical synthesis of a degenerate gene sequence can be performed in an automatic DNA synthesizer, and the synthetic gene then ligated into an appropriate expression vector. Use of a degenerate set of genes allows for the provision, in one mixture, of all of the sequences encoding the desired set of potential FCTR<sub>X</sub> sequences. Methods for synthesizing degenerate oligonucleotides are well-known within the art. *See, e.g.*, Narang, 1983. *Tetrahedron* 39: 3; Itakura, *et al.*, 1984. *Annu. Rev. Biochem.* 53: 323; Itakura, *et al.*, 1984. *Science* 198: 1056; Ike, *et al.*, 1983. *Nucl. Acids Res.* 11: 477.

## Polypeptide Libraries

In addition, libraries of fragments of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein coding sequences can be used to generate a variegated population of FCTR<sub>X</sub> fragments for screening and subsequent selection of variants of an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein. In one embodiment, a library of coding sequence fragments can be generated by treating a double stranded PCR fragment of an FCTR<sub>X</sub> coding sequence with a nuclease under conditions wherein nicking occurs only about once per molecule, denaturing the double stranded DNA, renaturing the DNA to form double-stranded DNA that can include sense/antisense pairs from different nicked products, removing single stranded portions from reformed duplexes by treatment with S<sub>1</sub> nuclease, and ligating the resulting fragment library into an expression vector. By this method, expression libraries can be derived which encodes N-terminal and internal fragments of various sizes of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins.

Various techniques are known in the art for screening gene products of combinatorial libraries made by point mutations or truncation, and for screening cDNA libraries for gene products having a selected property. Such techniques are adaptable for rapid screening of the gene libraries generated by the combinatorial mutagenesis of FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins. The most widely used techniques, which are amenable to high throughput analysis, for screening large gene libraries typically include cloning the gene library into replicable expression vectors, transforming appropriate cells with the resulting library of vectors, and expressing the combinatorial genes under conditions in which detection of a desired activity facilitates isolation of the vector encoding the gene whose product was detected. Recursive ensemble mutagenesis (REM), a new technique that enhances the frequency of functional mutants in the libraries, can be used in combination with the screening assays to identify FCTR<sub>X</sub> variants. *See, e.g.,* Arkin and Yourvan, 1992. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 89: 7811-7815; Delgrave, *et al.*, 1993. *Protein Engineering* 6:327-331.

## Anti-FCTR<sub>X</sub> Antibodies

The invention encompasses antibodies and antibody fragments, such as F<sub>ab</sub> or (F<sub>ab</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, that bind immunospecifically to any of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptides of said invention.

An isolated FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein, or a portion or fragment thereof, can be used as an immunogen to generate antibodies that bind to FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptides using standard techniques for polyclonal and monoclonal antibody preparation. The full-length FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins can be used or, alternatively, the invention provides antigenic peptide fragments of FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins for use as immunogens. The antigenic FCTR<sub>X</sub> peptides comprises at least 4 amino acid residues of the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25, and

encompasses an epitope of FCTR<sub>X</sub> such that an antibody raised against the peptide forms a specific immune complex with FCTR<sub>X</sub>. Preferably, the antigenic peptide comprises at least 6, 8, 10, 15, 20, or 30 amino acid residues. Longer antigenic peptides are sometimes preferable over shorter antigenic peptides, depending on use and according to methods well known to someone skilled in the art.

In certain embodiments of the invention, at least one epitope encompassed by the antigenic peptide is a region of FCTR<sub>X</sub> that is located on the surface of the protein (*e.g.*, a hydrophilic region). As a means for targeting antibody production, hydropathy plots showing regions of hydrophilicity and hydrophobicity may be generated by any method well known in the art, including, for example, the Kyte Doolittle or the Hopp Woods methods, either with or without Fourier transformation (*see, e.g.*, Hopp and Woods, 1981. *Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA* 78: 3824-3828; Kyte and Doolittle, 1982. *J. Mol. Biol.* 157: 105-142, each incorporated herein by reference in their entirety).

As disclosed herein, FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein sequences of SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25, or derivatives, fragments, analogs or homologs thereof, may be utilized as immunogens in the generation of antibodies that immunospecifically-bind these protein components. The term "antibody" as used herein refers to immunoglobulin molecules and immunologically-active portions of immunoglobulin molecules, *i.e.*, molecules that contain an antigen binding site that specifically-binds (immunoreacts with) an antigen, such as FCTR<sub>X</sub>. Such antibodies include, but are not limited to, polyclonal, monoclonal, chimeric, single chain, F<sub>ab</sub> and F<sub>(ab')<sub>2</sub></sub> fragments, and an F<sub>ab</sub> expression library. In a specific embodiment, antibodies to human FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins are disclosed. Various procedures known within the art may be used for the production of polyclonal or monoclonal antibodies to an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein sequence of SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, and 25, or a derivative, fragment, analog or homolog thereof. Some of these proteins are discussed below.

For the production of polyclonal antibodies, various suitable host animals (*e.g.*, rabbit, goat, mouse or other mammal) may be immunized by injection with the native protein, or a synthetic variant thereof, or a derivative of the foregoing. An appropriate immunogenic preparation can contain, for example, recombinantly-expressed FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein or a chemically-synthesized FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide. The preparation can further include an adjuvant. Various adjuvants used to increase the immunological response include, but are not limited to, Freund's (complete and incomplete), mineral gels (*e.g.*, aluminum hydroxide), surface active substances (*e.g.*, lysolecithin, pluronic polyols, polyanions, peptides, oil emulsions, dinitrophenol, etc.), human adjuvants such as *Bacille Calmette-Guerin* and *Corynebacterium parvum*, or similar

immunostimulatory agents. If desired, the antibody molecules directed against FCTR<sub>X</sub> can be isolated from the mammal (*e.g.*, from the blood) and further purified by well known techniques, such as protein A chromatography to obtain the IgG fraction.

The term "monoclonal antibody" or "monoclonal antibody composition", as used herein, refers to a population of antibody molecules that contain only one species of an antigen binding site capable of immunoreacting with a particular epitope of FCTR<sub>X</sub>. A monoclonal antibody composition thus typically displays a single binding affinity for a particular FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein with which it immunoreacts. For preparation of monoclonal antibodies directed towards a particular FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein, or derivatives, fragments, analogs or homologs thereof, any technique that provides for the production of antibody molecules by continuous cell line culture may be utilized. Such techniques include, but are not limited to, the hybridoma technique (*see, e.g.*, Kohler & Milstein, 1975. *Nature* 256: 495-497); the trioma technique; the human B-cell hybridoma technique (*see, e.g.*, Kozbor, *et al.*, 1983. *Immunol. Today* 4: 72) and the EBV hybridoma technique to produce human monoclonal antibodies (*see, e.g.*, Cole, *et al.*, 1985. In: MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES AND CANCER THERAPY, Alan R. Liss, Inc., pp. 77-96). Human monoclonal antibodies may be utilized in the practice of the invention and may be produced by using human hybridomas (*see, e.g.*, Cote, *et al.*, 1983. *Proc Natl Acad Sci USA* 80: 2026-2030) or by transforming human B-cells with Epstein Barr Virus *in vitro* (*see, e.g.*, Cole, *et al.*, 1985. In: MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES AND CANCER THERAPY, Alan R. Liss, Inc., pp. 77-96). Each of the above citations is incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

According to the invention, techniques can be adapted for the production of single-chain antibodies specific to an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein (*see, e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,946,778). In addition, methods can be adapted for the construction of F<sub>ab</sub> expression libraries (*see, e.g.*, Huse, *et al.*, 1989. *Science* 246: 1275-1281) to allow rapid and effective identification of monoclonal F<sub>ab</sub> fragments with the desired specificity for an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein or derivatives, fragments, analogs or homologs thereof. Non-human antibodies can be "humanized" by techniques well known in the art. *See, e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 5,225,539. Antibody fragments that contain the idiotypes to an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein may be produced by techniques known in the art including, but not limited to: (i) an F<sub>(ab')<sub>2</sub></sub> fragment produced by pepsin digestion of an antibody molecule; (ii) an F<sub>ab</sub> fragment generated by reducing the disulfide bridges of an F<sub>(ab')<sub>2</sub></sub> fragment; (iii) an F<sub>ab</sub> fragment generated by the treatment of the antibody molecule with papain and a reducing agent; and (iv) F<sub>v</sub> fragments.

Additionally, recombinant anti-FCTR<sub>X</sub> antibodies, such as chimeric and humanized monoclonal antibodies, comprising both human and non-human portions, which can be made

using standard recombinant DNA techniques, are within the scope of the invention. Such chimeric and humanized monoclonal antibodies can be produced by recombinant DNA techniques known in the art, for example using methods described in International Application No. PCT/US86/02269; European Patent Application No. 184,187; European Patent Application No. 171,496; European Patent Application No. 173,494; PCT International Publication No. WO 86/01533; U.S. Patent No. 4,816,567; U.S. Pat. No. 5,225,539; European Patent Application No. 125,023; Better, *et al.*, 1988. *Science* 240: 1041-1043; Liu, *et al.*, 1987. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 84: 3439-3443; Liu, *et al.*, 1987. *J. Immunol.* 139: 3521-3526; Sun, *et al.*, 1987. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 84: 214-218; Nishimura, *et al.*, 1987. *Cancer Res.* 47: 999-1005; Wood, *et al.*, 1985. *Nature* 314 :446-449; Shaw, *et al.*, 1988. *J. Natl. Cancer Inst.* 80: 1553-1559; Morrison(1985) *Science* 229:1202-1207; Oi, *et al.* (1986) *BioTechniques* 4:214; Jones, *et al.*, 1986. *Nature* 321: 552-525; Verhoeyan, *et al.*, 1988. *Science* 239: 1534; and Beidler, *et al.*, 1988. *J. Immunol.* 141: 4053-4060. Each of the above citations are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

In one embodiment, methods for the screening of antibodies that possess the desired specificity include, but are not limited to, enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) and other immunologically-mediated techniques known within the art. In a specific embodiment, selection of antibodies that are specific to a particular domain of an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein is facilitated by generation of hybridomas that bind to the fragment of an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein possessing such a domain. Thus, antibodies that are specific for a desired domain within an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein, or derivatives, fragments, analogs or homologs thereof, are also provided herein.

Anti-FCTR<sub>X</sub> antibodies may be used in methods known within the art relating to the localization and/or quantitation of an FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein (*e.g.*, for use in measuring levels of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein within appropriate physiological samples, for use in diagnostic methods, for use in imaging the protein, and the like). In a given embodiment, antibodies for FCTR<sub>X</sub> proteins, or derivatives, fragments, analogs or homologs thereof, that contain the antibody derived binding domain, are utilized as pharmacologically-active compounds (hereinafter "Therapeutics").

An anti-FCTR<sub>X</sub> antibody (*e.g.*, monoclonal antibody) can be used to isolate an FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide by standard techniques, such as affinity chromatography or immunoprecipitation. An anti-FCTR<sub>X</sub> antibody can facilitate the purification of natural FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide from cells and of recombinantly-produced FCTR<sub>X</sub> polypeptide expressed in host cells. Moreover, an anti-FCTR<sub>X</sub> antibody can be used to detect FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein (*e.g.*, in a cellular lysate or cell supernatant) in order to evaluate the abundance and pattern of expression of the FCTR<sub>X</sub> protein. Anti-FCTR<sub>X</sub> antibodies can be used diagnostically to monitor protein levels in tissue as part of a



clinical testing procedure, *e.g.*, to, for example, determine the efficacy of a given treatment regimen. Detection can be facilitated by coupling (*i.e.*, physically linking) the antibody to a detectable substance. Examples of detectable substances include various enzymes, prosthetic groups, fluorescent materials, luminescent materials, bioluminescent materials, and radioactive materials. Examples of suitable enzymes include horseradish peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase,  $\beta$ -galactosidase, or acetylcholinesterase; examples of suitable prosthetic group complexes include streptavidin/biotin and avidin/biotin; examples of suitable fluorescent materials include umbelliferone, fluorescein, fluorescein isothiocyanate, rhodamine, dichlorotriazinylamine fluorescein, dansyl chloride or phycoerythrin; an example of a luminescent material includes luminol; examples of bioluminescent materials include luciferase, luciferin, and aequorin, and examples of suitable radioactive material include  $^{125}\text{I}$ ,  $^{131}\text{I}$ ,  $^{35}\text{S}$  or  $^3\text{H}$ .

### **FCTRX Recombinant Expression Vectors and Host Cells**

Another aspect of the invention pertains to vectors, preferably expression vectors, containing a nucleic acid encoding an FCTRX protein, or derivatives, fragments, analogs or homologs thereof. As used herein, the term "vector" refers to a nucleic acid molecule capable of transporting another nucleic acid to which it has been linked. One type of vector is a "plasmid", which refers to a circular double stranded DNA loop into which additional DNA segments can be ligated. Another type of vector is a viral vector, wherein additional DNA segments can be ligated into the viral genome. Certain vectors are capable of autonomous replication in a host cell into which they are introduced (*e.g.*, bacterial vectors having a bacterial origin of replication and episomal mammalian vectors). Other vectors (*e.g.*, non-episomal mammalian vectors) are integrated into the genome of a host cell upon introduction into the host cell, and thereby are replicated along with the host genome. Moreover, certain vectors are capable of directing the expression of genes to which they are operatively-linked. Such vectors are referred to herein as "expression vectors". In general, expression vectors of utility in recombinant DNA techniques are often in the form of plasmids. In the present specification, "plasmid" and "vector" can be used interchangeably as the plasmid is the most commonly used form of vector. However, the invention is intended to include such other forms of expression vectors, such as viral vectors (*e.g.*, replication defective retroviruses, adenoviruses and adeno-associated viruses), which serve equivalent functions.

The recombinant expression vectors of the invention comprise a nucleic acid of the invention in a form suitable for expression of the nucleic acid in a host cell, which means that the recombinant expression vectors include one or more regulatory sequences, selected on the basis